هكذا من الأصل

THE LIBRARY
THE UNIVERSITY OF JORDAN

TODAY'S WEATHER FORECAST — PARIS: Fair. Temp: 36-14 (79-57). Tomorrow: variable. Yesterday's temp: 31-13 (88-64). LONDON: Clear and cooler. Temp: 21-13 (70-55). Tomorrow: fair. Yesterday's temp: 29-16 (84-61). CHANNEL: slight. ROME: sunny. Temp: 30-14 (86-57). NEW YORK: sunny. Temp: 25-22 (77-72). Yesterday's temp: 22-12 (72-54).

ADDITIONAL WEATHER—COMICS PAGE.

INTERNATIONAL

Herald Tribune

Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post

Austria ..... 12 S. | Lebanon £1.25
Belgium ..... 20 B.Fr. | Luxembourg ... 20 L.Fr.
Denmark ..... 3.50 D.Kr. | Morocco ..... 2.50 Dr.
Eire ..... 16 P. | Netherlands... 1.50 Flor.
Finland ..... 2.20 F.M. | Nigeria ..... 60 K.
France ..... 2.50 F. | Norway ..... 3 N.Kr.
Germany ..... 1.50 D.M. | Portugal ..... 12 Esc.
Great Britain ..... 15 P. | Sweden ..... 2.50 S.Kr.
Greece ..... 18 Drs. | Switzerland ... 1.70 S.Fr.
India ..... Rs. 6 | Spain ..... 30 Ptas.
Iran ..... 40 Rials | Turkey ..... T.£ 5
Italy ..... 350 Lire | U.S. Military (Eur.) 50.25
Israel ..... 1.5 4 | Yugoslavia ..... 12 D.

No. 29,040 * * PARIS, FRIDAY, JUNE 11, 1976 Established 1887

Plains, Ga., Gives Victor's Welcome To 'Jimmy Who'

By Helen Dewar

PLAINS, Ga., June 10 (WP).—Wearing blue jeans, a plaid shirt and dust-covered work boots, pausing briefly for a freight train to roar by, Jimmy Carter stood yesterday on the loading platform of an abandoned train station here, and—for all practical purposes—accepted the Democratic nomination for the presidency.

As flies buzzed around his head and network cameras rolled, the 51-year-old peanut farmer who answered to "Jimmy Who?" just a few months ago, reeled off the names of men who were now coming to him: Daley of Chicago, Jackson of Washington, Wallace of Alabama and even Humphrey of all those presidential races gone by.

Yesterday, following his victory in the Ohio primary on Tuesday and despite his losses in the California and New Jersey contests, he had picked up 218 more delegates, bringing his total to over 1,200, with 1,505 needed for the Democratic presidential nomination.

It was a moment for humility in the face of triumph, for contrasts as stark as his Georgia clay roots and his ambitions for world leadership. Mr. Carter made the most of it, just as he did with every opportunity for votes that came his way.

What, he was asked, could possibly stand now between him and the leadership of the Democratic party, which many of the most powerful men were—and probably still are—reluctant to see him claim?

Awaits Convention

"Well," he said, smiling that smile that often says more than his words, "the vote has to be taken at the convention." Only "some catastrophe," he added, appeared now to block the goal that he has been seeking for more than 18 months and in 48 states.

Jimmy Carter was born and raised in this tiny south Georgia farming community of 683 people, as he told crowds from New Hampshire to California. Friends, neighbors and relatives danced in the street Tuesday night for the favorite son and one of them, including his mother, "Miss Lillian," came out again yesterday to see all the fuss over their local boy who done good.

But they are not the good ole boys of George Wallace's youth, neither were they overwhelmed by the strange rites of the media, nor the stunning success of their neighbor. They do not fit the Southern stereotype—nor any other stereotype—suggesting the same capacity for surprising strangers that helped Jimmy Carter capture the nation's attention for his sometimes homespun gauzy message of reassurance and faith.

"From peanuts to president," read a sign outside the turn-of-the-century train station that now serves as Mr. Carter's presidential campaign headquarters.

Simple Virtues

Throughout the campaign, Mr. Carter stressed simple virtues that had seemed out of style in political rhetoric, telling voters he loved" them and wanted to share an "intimacy" with them, pressing faith in the "basic goodness" of the American people despite their leaders' transgressions, and vowing never to tell a lie.

Asked if she would ever tell a lie, 77-year-old Miss Lillian shrugged and told reporters, "Oh, my Lord, yes. I have to make for Jimmy."

But, asked yesterday how he came "so far, so fast," Mr. Carter grimly noted that 16 1/2 months of campaigning did not seem very fast.

When he began campaigning in early 1975, he traveled almost alone around the country, begging, as he tells his audiences now, for just one reporter to ask him a question.

Now he often gives the impression that they are asking many of them, and the loading platform sagged under the weight of representatives of the nation's major news media, plus some European correspondents thrown in for good measure.

As he buoyantly fielded a question about what criticism means of the nation's patchwork-quilt system of primary elections ("I think it's an absolutely superb system," he declared), a freight train rumbled into town.

The press conference halted for the whistles. "This," said Mr. Carter, apparently referring to the passage of the train rather than the press conference, "is not a frequent occurrence in Plains."

Evoking the Small Town

Mr. Carter actually has never been far from Plains in his speeches, always referring to the place of his birth, to past and present family members and often to the values of small-town America.

He asks voters to join "my family," meaning the extended family of his campaign supporters. Even in big cities, he talks about the smallness and intimacy of Plains and its people, seeming to evoke in his listeners a nostalgia for the old days and simple ways, in many cases a life they never knew.

The crowds rarely respond with emotional bursts or fervent applause, as they do with many of his rivals, but they appear to be listening carefully, and frequently returning his smile. He does not show emotion much himself beyond an occasional steely-eyed stare that tends to wilt its target, or the grin that sometimes seems to mask his reactions as much as express them. But he has appeared more relaxed in the last few days, seeming almost to sense the outcome of the final test of his campaign strategy.

On Saturday night, at the Best-Western Motel in nearby Americus, Ga., the 1941 graduating class of the local high school will have its 35th annual reunion and Jimmy Carter will be there.

When he was a youngster, going to Americus 10 miles away was a big event. It is sure to be a bigger event this Saturday

Cortes Act Seen Not Snagging Reforms

MADRID, June 10 (UPI).—Government officials said today that plans for the democratization of Spain will go ahead normally, despite parliamentary objections to a key point of the program.

The Cortes (parliament) last night refused to pass a law that would have ended curbs on political activities by changing the penal code. Angered by the assassination of a right-wing politician by Basque separatists yesterday, the legislators sent the government bill to a Cortes committee with instructions to tighten and toughen it.

The move nullified, at least temporarily, a law that the Cortes had passed only a few hours before granting Spaniards the right to form political parties. Such parties—except for the National Movement—had been outlawed during the 37 years of Generalissimo Francisco Franco's rule.

"Political parties, authorized by law, are still banned by the penal code," a headline in the newspaper El Pais said. The newspaper blamed the "first serious difficulties" of the government reform program partly on the tenseness created by the news of the Basque assassination.

Two Weeks

Government officials said they expected the Justice Committee of the Cortes to take about two weeks to redraft the law, which then would be voted upon in the Cortes before the end of this month.

"The government lost a battle but is continuing to win the war," a high-ranking official said. He expressed confidence that political parties would be functioning by next month, except for Communist or separatist parties, which will remain banned under the law. The government's original schedule called for the legalization of non-Communist parties this month.

But there were still doubts whether all non-Communist opposition parties will emerge into the open once the second law has been passed.

Socialist spokesmen criticized it for being—as labor leader Nicolas Redondo put it—a "phony imitation of laws existing in democratic countries." Social Democrats and Christian Democrats were more guarded and hinted that they might apply for legalization—a move consisting simply of registering with the Interior Ministry.

No Decision

A key issue emphasized in early reactions was the question of maintaining the ban on the Communist party. The Spanish Socialist Workers party said it could not accept a "democracy with restrictions," but added it had not made a decision yet on whether to become legal.

A government source said contacts between the government and the opposition were continuing. He hinted at a possible solution by saying the government might have no objections to a new group, or an existing group, in which Communists participated.

The Social Democratic party of Spain said it will apply for legalization "as soon as possible." In a statement it also called the Cortes's delay of the reforms of the penal code "a dangerous act of sabotage which is paralyzing the whole democratic process."

In the Basque region, meanwhile, police continued to search for the gunmen—suspected members of the outlawed separatist group ETA (Basque Nation and Freedom)—who killed Carlos Alba Llamosa, 55.

Mr. Alba Llamosa was an assistant mayor of the industrial town of Basauri the local chief of the National Movement and a lawyer for the strike-plagued Spanish subsidiary of the Firestone Tire Co.



United Press International.

AFTER THE BATTLE—Leftist and Palestinian guerrillas posing with a Syrian tank knocked out in Sidon fighting.

After Peace-Keeping Force Is Approved

First Arab League Units Reported in Lebanon

By Thomas W. Lippman

CAIRO, June 10 (WP).—Arab League nations, including Syria, agreed early this morning to send to Lebanon a peace-keeping force from six nations to "replace" the Syrian troops there and supervise an "immediate" cease-fire.

The size of the peace-keeping force is to be determined by the league's secretary-general, Mahmoud Riad, after consultation with the participating countries, and the troops are to be dispatched "as soon as possible," a league spokesman said.

The first unit of the Arab League peace force arrived in Beirut today, the leftist-controlled Beirut radio said tonight. The radio said about 100 soldiers arrived at Beirut's airport aboard a special military transport plane.

The identity of the soldiers could not be determined immediately, the radio said. "There are reports that they are Sudanese, while other reports say they are either Libyan or Algerian," the radio added.

Diplomats who sat through a second long night of the talks here in Cairo, in a special conference called at the behest of the Palestine Liberation Organization, said the resolution was adopted after Damascus agreed in principle to a withdrawal of Syrian forces, which the PLO has accused of trying to crush its militia units in Lebanon.

• Wrecked Syrian tanks litter Sidon streets in aftermath of battle. Story Page 2.
• Lebanese President Franjieh opposes Arab League plan. Page 2.

Mr. Riad said later, after a three-hour meeting with Egyptian Foreign Minister Ismail Fahmy, that a league military mission would travel to Damascus within 48 hours to make arrangements for the arrival of the peace-keeping contingents.

Prince Saud bin Faisal, the Saudi Arabian foreign minister, said he was "very pleased" with the league agreement, which he said would give the Lebanese "the opportunity to settle their own differences."

Syrian Foreign Minister Abdel Halim Khaddam was present at the meeting, which concluded the emergency meeting of league members' foreign ministers.

There were, however, some loopholes that made it questionable whether any change in the situation in Lebanon can be expected. For one thing, the resolution specifies that the peace-keeping force will be dispatched "within the framework of Lebanese sovereignty."

It declares that the Arab League nations' peace-keeping troops will be withdrawn at the request of Lebanon's President-elect Elias Sarkis. But it does not specify at whose request they will be sent in.

Prince Saud said that they would move in with "the approval of the Lebanese government. They are the ones who are involved." Since the Lebanese government has, for all practical purposes, ceased to function, this clause appears to leave room for maneuver.

Another problem is that the meeting was called to halt the Syrian advance against the Palestinians, rather than to halt the fighting among Lebanese factions. Although the participating countries in the peace-keeping mission were not named, it is understood that Syria and the PLO are among them, which would require their forces to begin cooperating in the area where they have been fighting.

The other participants in the peace-keeping force are understood to be Saudi Arabia, the Sudan, Libya and Algeria.

While the resolution specifies the Arab countries' "commitment to support the Palestinian revolution," it also says that the PLO is to be bound by the agreements it signed with Lebanon in 1969. These generally limited the Palestinians' freedom to roam around Lebanon, and could again give the Syrians the opportunity to find violations that would render this morning's agreement ineffective.

Sadat, Arafat Confer

CAIRO, June 10 (UPI).—Egyptian President Anwar Sadat conferred today with Yassir Arafat, chairman of the PLO, about the Arab League decision to send a peace-keeping force to Lebanon.

Trial Opens Today

From the Marines to Angola: Story of a U.S. Mercenary

By Dial Torgerson

LUANDA, Angola, June 10.—At 1 a.m. on Feb. 8, seven young U.S. men were checking in at the reception desk of the almost deserted lobby of a hotel in Kinshasa.

"What are you Americans doing so far from home?" a U.S. girl asked them. "Are you Peace Corps?"

There was a quiet laugh. "No," said one. "We're just here on a little business."

One of them, a slim, boyish-faced ex-Marine of 21, Gary Acker, was starting his career as a soldier of fortune.

That career ended several days later in an ambush in the rolling green coffee country of Northern Angola, where Mr. Acker was taken prisoner.

Capital Crime

Mr. Acker and a friend are in St. Paul's Prison in a suburban area of Luanda, awaiting trial with 11 other men accused of being mercenaries, which, in the eyes of the victors in Angola's civil war—the Popular Movement for the Liberation of Angola—is a capital crime. The trial opens tomorrow.

As Mr. Acker's lawyers reconstruct the events, on Feb. 13 a reconnaissance patrol was sent out from San Salvador to see how far a column of Cubans had advanced toward the remaining territory occupied by the National Front for the Liberation of Angola (FNLA). The mercenaries were fighting for FNLA, the Cubans for the MPLA.

A mercenary who went on the mission was the friend of Mr. Acker, Daniel Gearhart, the father of four children. The FNLA commander at San Salvador sent a Land Rover with other mercenaries out the next day to hunt for Mr. Gearhart's patrol after it failed to return.

They did not know the patrol had been attacked and Mr. Gearhart captured by a force of Cubans, who were waiting when the Land Rover appeared.

Bullets pounded into the Land Rover. U.S. mercenary George Bacon, 27, opened the door and tumbled out, already hit several times. Mr. Acker was hit in the left leg and fell out beside Mr. Bacon, who, dying, somehow flopped on top of him.

The bullets kept hitting the Land Rover until the other men were dead. Mr. Acker pretended he was dead, too. But the Cubans pulled off Mr. Bacon's body and found that Mr. Acker was alive.

"Except for two years in the Marines, being a mercenary was Acker's first real job," said law graduate William Wilson, who is helping attorney Robert Cesner jr. defend Mr. Acker and Mr. Gearhart. "He was discharged from the Marines because he hinted he might do harm to a lieutenant he thought was harassing him."



AP.

Gary Acker

Mr. Acker was in the Marine Corps two years and served on a carrier off Vietnam, but never

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 2)

U.S. Lacks Proof of Cuban Exit In Angola

By David Haworth

BRUSSELS, June 10 (IHT).—The United States has "no concrete evidence" that any Cuban troops have been withdrawn from Angola, Defense Secretary Donald Rumsfeld said at the opening session of a meeting of NATO ministers today.

He said that intelligence sources had failed to detect the departure of a single Cuban from southern Africa. Other alliance ministers also said that they had no indication of a reduction of Cuban strength in Angola "despite what the press has recently reported."

On May 25, Secretary of State Henry Kissinger announced that Swedish Premier Olof Palme had read to him a letter from Cuban Premier Fidel Castro saying that Cuba "is said to withdraw or has begun withdrawing—it is not clear which—military personnel from Angola at the rate of 200 a week."

Pullout Begins

Two days later, the press reported that the Cuban soldiers in Angola were beginning their withdrawal. Yugoslav news reports from Havana have since said that Mr. Castro has welcomed Cuban troops on their return from Angola.

[Another unit of Cuban soldiers has returned to Havana from Angola, the Yugoslav news agency Tanjug reported today from Havana.

[The Tanjug report said that Mr. Castro told another group of about 100 Cuban "heroes" returned from Angola that "the decision on definite departure of Cuban units from Angola will be taken by those who agreed about their arrival. We agreed with the Angolari government that we shall remain there as long as necessary in order that aggression from any quarter could be prevented."]

Several ministers expressed disappointment that Cuban troops had not been called home. At the last NATO meeting in Oslo three weeks ago, NATO ministers believed that some Cuban withdrawals were imminent.

The matter came up routinely during a lengthy assessment of NATO strength and of the capabilities of Soviet bloc forces. A senior U.S. official later described the talks as "amicable and useful," adding that there had been a rare unanimity of view among the NATO on all major topics discussed.

Earlier, the NATO military committee chief, Adm. Sir Peter Hill-Norton, declared that there was a "dangerous vacuum" in the southern oceans where the Soviet Union had deployed powerful naval forces.

He said: "Units of the Soviet fleet are now deployed in strength in the South Atlantic and Indian Oceans. Their newly acquired bases on the east and west coasts of Africa provide them with the capability of mounting sea and air attacks on our supply routes and at any time of their choosing, they could effectively disrupt the essential supplies of oil and other raw materials, on which not only our fighting capacity but our economy and, indeed, our very lives depend."

The admiral stressed, however, that he was referring to "capabilities" and not intentions because "capabilities can take 10 years to develop while intentions can change overnight."

In this context, the NATO ministers expressed skepticism about détente. They agreed that the Soviet Union seemed to be using détente as a device through which to advance its political

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 3)

'Limits of Genetic Potential' Reached

ung Americans No Longer Growing Taller and Heavier

By Victor Cohn

INGTON, June 10 (WP). rowing faster and taller ier for nearly a century, s have leveled off. nd girls are not getting r than those of 30 years girls are not maturing he National Center for tatistics reported yester-

ancis Johnston, a profes- nthropology at the Uni- of Pennsylvania and an nsultant, said: "We have ching the limit of our otential," the limits built yone's genes.

t least for now, we have he limits of our environ- otential for reaching or this genetic limit."

ter Hamill, NCHS medi- er, explained, "We got as tall a we did, taller than our grandparents and our great-grandparents, for two reasons.

"One was diet, better nutrition. The other was public health measures, especially getting better water supplies to stop water-borne diseases.

"Also," he said, "many childhood diseases have been wiped out. Surviving children are healthier, family size is smaller and people are less crowded."

Because of these factors, growth increased to its present limits and became stabilized in the country's top economic group "probably as long ago as the 1930s," Dr. Hamill reported.

"What has happened now is that the stabilization has spread through 95 per cent of the population, including the black population. Only the smallest 5 per cent, many of whom are in the lower economic groups, have still been growing. The shortest boys and girls are about one-third of an inch taller than they were 10 years earlier."

The 18-Year-Olds

• The average 18-year-old boy is now just over 5 feet 9 inches tall, almost his limit, and weighs just over 150 pounds. He can expect to grow another quarter or half-inch by age 22 or 23. Ten per cent of boys are taller than six feet by age 18, however, and the shortest 10 per cent are around 5 feet 6.

• The average 18-year-old girl is now 5 feet 4 1/2 inches tall and weighs 128 pounds. The tallest 10 per cent of girls are over 5 feet 7 1/2 inches. The shortest 10 per cent are under 5 feet 1. And girls at 18 generally get no taller. Their female sex hormones make them mature a year and a half or two years earlier than the boys.

• The average onset of puberty has stabilized too for the girls—at 12 years 9 1/2 months.

• Up to age 8, blacks are just under a half-inch taller than whites, on the average. Then blacks and whites tend to level off, and by puberty whites are generally taller, again by less than a half-inch.

Differences in average height and weight among ethnic groups are only 3 to 6 per cent, compared with a range of 12 to 30 per cent within groups of similar ethnic or geographic background.

There are slightly greater heights and weights for children of families with the highest income and educational levels, "as expected," said the statistical center.

Stock Tables Unavailable

The IHT regrets that because of transmission difficulties it is unable to publish the New York and American Stock Exchange tables in this edition.



United Press International.

NATO GREETINGS—U.S. Secretary of Defense Donald Rumsfeld (right) shaking hands with Sir John Killick, British permanent NATO reprcsentative, at meeting in Brussels.

U.S., Panama 'Progress' on Canal Pact

Both Sides Applaud Spirit of Compromise

By Juan de Onis

SANTIAGO, June 10 (NYT).—The United States and Panama yesterday reported "significant progress" in negotiations for a new canal treaty and pledged "a most serious effort to achieve such a treaty as promptly as possible."

In a joint statement at the ninth General Assembly of the Organization of American States, Secretary of State Henry Kissinger and Foreign Minister Aquilino Boyd of Panama emphasized the "spirit of compromise" and the "understanding of new realities" that they said animated the negotiations.

"Differences remain between the two parties on important issues: The period of duration of the new treaty and the arrangements for the land and water area comprising the present Panama Canal Zone," the statement said.

New Era of Cooperation

But the foreign ministers from 23 member countries of the OAS were told that the commitment remained in full force to achieve a treaty that would "be seen by our sister republics as reflecting a new era of cooperation in the Americas."

The wording of the joint statement was virtually the same as that of a report made last year to the meeting of American foreign ministers, but Panamanian and other Latin American officials were heartened that the U.S. position had not been altered in an election year.

The future of the Panama Canal is an issue in the U.S. campaign, largely because of the opposition of Ronald Reagan and conservatives to any change in the status of the canal zone. Mr. Boyd has referred to Mr. Reagan as "a racist extremist" who would be a "dangerous man" in the White House.

With the assembly now in the fifth working day, the deliberations of the ministers in closed-door sessions shifted from human rights, which occupied most of the first days of talks, to economic cooperation.

Mr. Kissinger, replying to pleas from Colombia and Costa Rica for trade preferences in favor of Latin American countries, proposed that an inter-American consultative group on commodities be established. The group would pool information on production and demand, channel investments to those commodities in short supply and detect price instability.



United Press International.

LOOKING LIKE A KING—All dressed down in an army working uniform, King Juan Carlos was an observer yesterday at the annual Spanish Army maneuvers near Burgos.

Rome Talks on Food Open; Poorer Nations to Get Fund

ROME, June 10 (AP).—Secretary-General Kurt Waldheim today opened a two-day conference of oil-producing and industrialized countries to set up a billion-dollar fund to help poor nations grow more food.

"This fund is a constructive and in many ways an innovative response to a global problem in international cooperation," Mr. Waldheim told the inaugural session of the International Fund for Agricultural Development.

He was particularly complimentary to the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries, which pledged $400 million to match $676 million from 18 industrialized countries.

The idea for IFAD was born at the first world food conference in 1974.

"One of the most important perceptions to emerge from the world food conference was that no lasting solution can be found to the many economic problems facing the world unless there is a significant long-term increase in agricultural production, with special emphasis on the attainment of a higher rate of food production in the developing countries," Mr. Waldheim said.

"The establishment of the International Fund for Agricultural Development constitutes a highly significant step in the direction of achieving this goal."

The United States has announced a contribution of $200 million, the largest. Iran has pledged $104.7 million, Saudi Arabia $100 million and Canada and West Germany $50 million each.

The fund will finance agricultural projects on "concessional terms," meaning virtual donations. Only such large projects as dams, irrigation systems and roads will be considered.

The votes with which decisions will be made will be divided equally among three categories of countries: Developing donor countries, mostly members of OPEC; developing recipient countries, and developed countries.

The fund will operate largely through existing UN agencies to keep its central administration small. But it will set the priorities for project selection and retain ultimate control over projects.

The Story of A Mercenary

(Continued from Page 1)

got into action, Mr. Wilson said. He had difficulty converting back to civilian life, the attorney said.

"He tried a piecework job installing rain gutters, but they made him pay for the ones he damaged while installing them," Mr. Wilson said. He wrecked so many, he said he had to quit because he was losing money.

"He was unemployed when he decided to become a soldier of fortune. Acker was a loser, a real loser, up to then—and this was his biggest loss of all."

The Angolan officials who will try the 13 men beginning tomorrow have made available to the lawyers all statements made by the U.S. men and have let the lawyers interview the men at the prison. Of the other 11 mercenaries, 10 are Britons and one is an Argentine.

Defense Funds

Mr. Acker's father, Carl, is a fireman. The family raised $5,000 toward the son's defense. When Mr. Gearhart's wife—who is said to be on welfare—phoned Mr. Cesner and asked if he would help Mr. Gearhart, the Ackers agreed he should do so.

An MPLA regulation dating to 1966—when the MPLA was a guerrilla organization opposing Angola's Portuguese rulers—is the basis for the charge against the 13 men. There is no evidence the regulation was ever officially enacted as a law, but the U.S. attorneys will not argue about such points in what is almost sure to be a political event.

They mean to point out that Mr. Acker and Mr. Gearhart each was captured on his first mission, before firing a shot. By the time they went from Zaire to Angola Feb. 10, their side already had lost. And so, it seems, have they.

© Los Angeles Times.

Reporter Describes Arrest

LISBON, June 10 (UPI).—A reporter expelled from Angola arrived here today and described her arrest, saying she had been blindfolded, accused of being a CIA agent and then offered a job as an agent for the Angolan secret police.

However, although she said it was "intimidating," she added that she was "treated fairly well."

Robin Wright, 28, a free-lance reporter for The Washington Post and Christian Science Monitor, said she was expelled "because of my presence in the north with the FNLA and British mercenaries" during the civil war.

"I was held 28 hours, it seemed like a lifetime. I am very glad to be out," she said.

Miss Wright had been in Luanda to cover the trial of the 13 mercenaries.

Mauritania Says Polisario Chief Is Killed

NOUAKCHOTT, Mauritania, June 10 (AP).—Saed el-Ouali, secretary-general of the Polisario guerrilla movement in the former Spanish Sahara, was killed by Mauritanian security forces during an attack on Nouakchott early Tuesday, the Mauritanian news agency reported.

The agency, citing informed sources, said that Mr. Ouali commanded a Polisario commando unit that drove more than 700 miles across the desert from its Algerian bases to launch a mortar and machine-gun attack on the center of Nouakchott.

It added that the commando's objective appeared to be to occupy Nouakchott and topple the regime of President Mokhtar Ould Daddah.

Nouakchott is thinly defended because Mauritania's security forces of fewer than 4,000 men are mostly deployed in the northern part of the desert nation to protect settlements against Polisario attacks.

The Mauritanian government newspaper, Chaab, reported yesterday that 10 of the attackers were killed in the raid.

Mortar shells fell close to the presidential palace and the new Soviet embassy under construction, the paper said, but no Nouakchott inhabitant was killed or injured.

In Algiers, a Polisario spokesman said that the guerrilla movement had decided to proclaim the entire 398,000 square miles of Mauritania and all of Morocco south of Agadir as a "war zone," which foreigners entered at their own risk.

The spokesman, speaking to newsmen before the announcement of Mr. Ouali's death, said that "major damage" was caused in Nouakchott, including direct hits on the presidential palace and the U.S., German and Spanish embassies.

The Algerian-armed and financed Polisario movement is fighting for an independent Sahara state in the territory annexed by Morocco and Mauritania following the end of Spanish colonial rule last February.

U.S. Doubts Cuba Pullout

(Continued from Page 1)

and military influence throughout the world. But spokesmen said that the ministers concluded that the present East-West balance of forces was "not inadequate" bearing in mind that NATO's primary objective was defense, not aggression.

The ministers also discussed the proposed Airborne Warning and Control System which they are convinced would provide a large qualitative improvement to the alliance's conventional forces in Europe.

It was agreed that the system was vital to strengthen surveillance of low-level aircraft, something on which NATO has been weak for the last six years. Research into the multimillion dollar project is to be continued and a final decision on whether to approve production will be taken in December, the ministers decided.

They also agreed that the United States and West Germany should give immediate assistance to Portugal in setting up a new airborne brigade which would be able to help other NATO forces in case of necessity.

14 U.S. Newsmen Protest in Russia

MOSCOW, June 10 (Reuters).—Fourteen U.S. correspondents yesterday protested to the editors of the Soviet weekly Literaturnaya Gazeta over accusations that three of their colleagues were agents of the CIA.

A letter handed to the editors of the official weekly said the correspondents "reject and resent" the charges made against the three in an article on May 26.

The United States protested to the Soviet Foreign Ministry on May 28 over the charges against George Krimsky of the Associated Press, Christopher S. Wren of The New York Times and Alfred Friendly jr. of Newsweek magazine. The correspondents and their employers denied the charge.

Drought in France Called One of Worst

PARIS, June 10 (AP).—Agriculture Minister Christian Bonnet has told the Council of Ministers that France is experiencing one of its worst droughts.

He said spring wheat and beets have been most severely affected, and milk production is beginning to decline.

Saigon to Try Some Ex-Foes

BANGKOK, June 10 (UPI).—South Vietnam said today it will bring to trial some of the 40,000 Vietnamese, now held in re-education camps, who fought against the Communists during the Vietnam war.

According to the broadcast communiqué, 95 per cent of former soldiers and civil servants who reported for re-education have been released from the camps and have recovered full citizenship rights.

As for the other 5 per cent—earlier broadcasts have mentioned a figure of 40,000—they "should attend a re-education course in a three-year period," Hanoi radio said. It said those who refused to re-educate themselves would be "judged by state law."

Argentine Offices Raided in Paris

PARIS, June 10 (UPI).—Small groups of attackers broke the show-windows of the Aerolineas Argentinas airline on the Champs Elysées and smeared with red paint the walls of the Argentine Embassy and Argentine cultural center here.

Police said that the attackers caused minor material damage. A communiqué signed by the "Communist Revolutionary League," which police said was possibly a clandestine Trotskyite faction, later claimed responsibility for the attacks.

The league said in a communiqué, "Stop the political murderers in Argentina. Down with dictatorship. Down with the complicity of South American political police forces. Freedom for all political prisoners."

Budget Cuts Voted By Israeli Cabinet

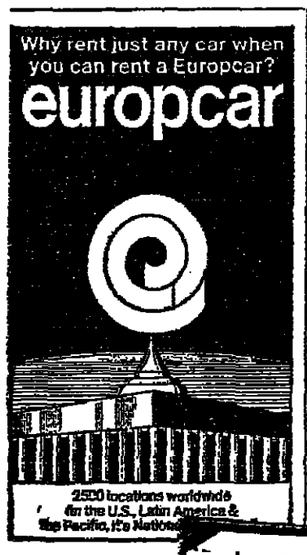
JERUSALEM, June 10 (AP).—The Israeli Cabinet yesterday approved cuts in its new budget but left the military spending program intact.

The Cabinet announced it was trimming $140 million from the $10.8-billion budget. The savings will be in nonmilitary items and will go into a special fund to cover unanticipated increases in import prices.

Bomb Threat Delays Syria-Bound 707

PARIS, June 10 (Reuters).—Police searched a Damascus-bound airliner shortly before it was due to take off from Charles de Gaulle Airport here today after an anonymous bomb threat, airport officials said.

The plane, an Air France Boeing 707 with about 50 passengers on board, took off 90 minutes late after the search proved fruitless.



—Intensive English Holiday courses, July 5-August 28, '76. 2 weeks or more: from U.K.£171.50, all inclusive.
—Luxury, 2-bdm. flats, near Playboy, Hilton. From U.K.£200 a week, inclusive. Long-term negotiable.
—Sophisticated, fully equipped Health Farm. All including: accom., diets, treatments, service, tax from U.K.£140 a week.
For further information, bookings:
PAN ASIATIC TRAVEL,
11 Park Lane, LONDON W.1.
Tel.: 01 499/1367. Telex 25867.

Lebanon Fighting Dies Down

Franjieh Assails Intervention by Arab League

BEIRUT, June 10 (UPI).—President Suleiman Franjieh vowed today to fight any Arab peace-keeping force that enters Lebanon "with all our means and resources," as Arab efforts to arrange a formal cease-fire between Syria and its leftist opponents foundered on the key issue of a Syrian withdrawal.

On the country's four war fronts, fighting between leftist and Palestinian guerrillas and the Syrian Army died down as a de facto truce took effect.

"Not a shot has been fired in anger all day," one Palestinian officer commanding an outpost near Beirut airport said. "But there's no word of any actual cease-fire agreement."

Mr. Franjieh, a leader of the hard-line Christian right, rejected Arab League resolutions calling for a six-nation force to land in Lebanon and keep the peace.

'Lebanon Will Resist'

"The resolutions are not valid and not binding," Mr. Franjieh said in a cable to the Arab League secretary-general, Mahmoud Riad. "Lebanon will resist with all its means and resources any Arab force that enters its territory against its will and without its prior agreement."

Other Christian leaders, who have generally supported Syria's 10-day-old invasion of Lebanon, joined in condemning the league plan as "unwarranted meddling."

Libyan Premier Abdel Salam Jalloud, in Beirut to mediate a truce agreement between Syria and the left, reversed his initial position and supported leftist demands for a total Syrian withdrawal—the issue blocking progress toward a formal cease-fire.

Syrian tanks and troops remained halted in their tracks by the combination of surprisingly tough leftist resistance and diplomatic pressure from other Arab states. Clashes in the rugged central mountains 12 miles east of the capital died down after a day of artillery duels between Syrian and leftist gunners.

Truce talks between Salah Khalaf, second-in-command of the el-Fatah Palestinian movement, and Maj. Jalloud broke up in a "heated argument" yesterday when Mr. Khalaf insisted on a Syrian withdrawal.

But Maj. Jalloud, who had initially proposed a cease-fire leaving the Syrian Army in its advanced positions, met for six hours with Palestinians and leftist leaders today and reversed his stand.

Beirut remained under siege with many districts without electricity or water for hours and food shortages beginning to be felt. The military standoff on the main roads to the capital cut off most supply routes, "threatening the city with famine," one newspaper said.

Prices Driven Up

Meat, fruit and vegetables were scarce, driving the prices of canned food up as housewives rushed to stock up. Bakeries, long without flour, hung out signs reading "No bread."

In Damascus, Syria officially notified Arab ambassadors today that it would take "appropriate measures" to face Iraqi troop movements along their common border.

The spokesman said the Iraqi move, which was officially announced by the Baghdad government, endangered the Palestinian revolution and "did not help Arab proposals aimed at helping Lebanon."

He was commenting on a report from Baghdad yesterday that some units of the Iraqi Army have been shifted "to take the positions in the Arab arena in order to perform their national duty." Another report said Iraqi from Baghdad that they were headed for the common border with Syria.



WP.

William Simon

Simon Says Arabs Easing Israel Boycott

WASHINGTON, June 10 (AP).—Treasury Secretary William Simon said yesterday that Arab nations have gradually eased enforcement of their economic boycott against Israel. He warned that any new U.S. legislation to disrupt the boycott could be counterproductive.

Mr. Simon said the Arab nations are considering exempting from their boycott list any firms which make as significant an economic contribution to them as to Israel.

A prominent U.S. business leader concluded a commercial contract with an Arab country recently even though he maintains extensive ties with Israel, Mr. Simon said.

"New legislation at this time could alter these favorable developments regarding enforcement practices," Mr. Simon told the House International Relations Committee, which is holding hearings on proposed anti-boycott legislation.

Mr. Simon said the Arab nations consider their economic boycott against Israel no different from past U.S. boycotts against Cuba, Rhodesia, North Korea and Vietnam "so they cannot accept the argument that they are not entitled to do the same."

He said existing U.S. laws and policies already provide a "forceful and balanced approach" in expressing U.S. opposition to the boycott and in seeking to prevent discrimination against U.S. citizens on the basis of race and religion.

Mr. Simon said the Saudi government recently agreed to a joint communiqué with the United States making a public disavowal of intentions to discriminate on racial, religious and other grounds.

After Battle in Sidon

2 Syrians, Lebanese Captors Talk of Arab Brotherhood

By Douglas Watson

SIDON, Lebanon, June 10 (WP).—The burned-out wreckage of seven Syrian armored vehicles—tanks and personnel carriers—which were destroyed in a street battle here this week, litter a three-block stretch of this city's main street.

Most of the Syrian force of Soviet-built T-55 and T-62 tanks that rumbled into Sidon, Lebanon's third largest city, was chased back up into nearby hills. Other invading vehicles were incinerated by rockets fired by the Lebanese Arab Army, a rebel group that has defected from the Christian-officered regular army of Lebanon.

"We shoved them back," said Maj. Ahmed Butari, local commander of the largely Moslem leftist force.

Yesterday most of the Syrian armored column that had moved on Sidon, after crossing the Mount Lebanon range near Jezzine, 20 miles to the east, was about three miles east of Sidon. Only sporadic shelling continued.

Nine Syrian soldiers were being held prisoner at the leftist army's headquarters here.

"Our commanders gave us orders—they tell us to go to the fire, we go. They tell us to die, we die," said one of two captive Syrian tank gunners interviewed.

Uninjured Pair

"We were moving around" in Sidon, the other interviewed prisoner said, "when our tanks were blown up. God and heaven enabled us to get out of our tanks."

The two prisoners were uninjured and appeared to have been treated well by the Lebanese leftists.

Both said they were enlisted men who had been drafted and put into the 21st Brigade of the 16ist Battalion in Syria's 3d Army Division.

Asked in Arabic by an Associated Press correspondent what they were captured, one of the Syrian soldiers said: "We are with our brothers. We don't feel we are prisoners."

But they were well guarded as were seven Syrian officers the Lebanese said they had also captured. The leftists here also held nine operable Syrian tanks.

Lt. Ahmed Khatib, commander of the Lebanese Arab Army, predicted driving one of the captured tanks.

He was in a relaxed mood after Tuesday's heavy fighting but was not claiming a victory. "It's not a victory, really, because we were fighting against our brother Arabs. But we had to do it."

Asked what he now expected Lt. Khatib said: "Really, I don't know. We are ready to defend ourselves and to defend the Palestinian revolution."

He joked that the captured Syrian tanks could be considered as having been received in exchange for some tanks he claimed the Syrians had previously taken from Lebanon in a political deal.

The two Syrian prisoners said they don't know much about Lebanon. They left the impression that the Syrians had expected that little more than a show of force by their tanks would subdue Sidon. The prisoners said they did not know how many Syrian tanks were in the Sidon area.

The Lebanese Arab Army claimed to have captured or destroyed 24 Syrian tanks or armored personnel carriers here, killing about 50 Syrians. They maintain that their own losses were light.

The battle in Sidon began late day night, with Syrian tanks coming down a mountain from the east. After one armored column was halted, a second swung around to approach the city from the north.

Sidon residents said the heaviest fighting occurred from 7 to 9 Tuesday, when some of the Syrian tanks reached the downtown section. Defenders shot rocket launchers emplaced on the roofs of office buildings. Some streets had been mined.

Lt. Khatib said that Syrian jets also attacked the city Tuesday. There were no aerial attacks yesterday.

Telephone poles and wires were down in Sidon, and many buildings had been gutted by blazes.

Some of the Syrian armored tank treads and other parts littered the main street, as did the blackened Syrian Army vehicles. A fire was still smoldering in a deserted tank, which had burned up in the center of a principal traffic circle.

Most of what was left of the dead had been removed from the wreckage, but an incinerated body remained in one pile of twisted steel.

Rhodesia Affirms Guerrillas Enter From Zambia

SALISBURY, Rhodesia, June 10 (Reuters).—The Rhodesian government said today that guerrillas had entered Rhodesia from neighboring Zambia, a statement apparently confirming that this country's hard-pressed security forces are about to face a "third front" in their growing war against black commandos.

Government sources also said about 400 guerrillas were in Zambia, ready to strike across Rhodesia's northwestern frontier. About 600 more were believed heading for the border area, the sources said.

A guerrilla war is raging along Rhodesia's northeastern and eastern borders with Mozambique, the first and second fronts.

Today's statement said: "A government spokesman has confirmed that a small terrorist group has crossed into Rhodesia from Zambia."

W. Germans Ban Organizations of Croat Nationalists

BONN, June 10 (Reuters).—West Germany yesterday banned two Croatian nationalist organizations that it said threatened its domestic security.

Interior Minister Werner Maihofer said the Croatian Association and the Croatian People's Resistance Movement had planned the violent overthrow of the Yugoslav regime.

The banned organizations, whose assets were ordered to be forfeited, were West German branches of international movements and had representatives in several cities in this country, government officials said.

The government said Croatian extremists had been responsible for a series of bombings and shootings in West Germany since 1962.

News Analysis

Italians Brace for Elections With Little Hope of Change

By Alvin Shuster

ROME, June 10 (NYT).—With a little over a week to go before the voting, the emerging consensus is that the parliamentary elections will solve little and leave Italy in deep difficulty for some time to come.

If the Communists do not get into the Cabinet this time, many diplomats and politicians here believe, there will be trouble. If the Communists do get in, they add, there will also be trouble.

Accordingly, Italians are hardly in a hopeful mood as the polling of June 20 and 21 approaches. They realize that this will be the most important election since 1948, when the Christian Democrats emerged to dominate political life, but they are not convinced that the outcome will be all that decisive.

The conventional wisdom has it that the strength of the Christian Democrats, who won 35 per cent of the vote in regional and local voting last year, and the Communists, who got 33 per cent, will remain about the same this time. If so, Italy would be in for a long period of political paralysis that would raise questions as to its governability.

In the absence of accurate polls, largely because Italians do not like to tell even pollsters how they intend to vote, predictions are hazardous at best. Even those who espouse the conventional wisdom of basically no change agree that there are undercurrents suggesting that the electorate may have turned volatile.

For years, the swing between the major parties has been slight. But the referendum, backing divorce in May, 1974, showed that traditions and patterns were no longer holding, for the public went against the Roman Catholic Church and the Christian Democrats and voted by a 3-to-2 margin in favor of divorce.

The regional and local elections last summer reflected the trend away from predictability. The Communists gained 5 percentage points over their showing in 1972 and gave every sign of developing enough momentum to carry them into the national government.

Enrico Berlinguer, the Communist party leader, is saying that the Christian Democrats are not finished and may do well in the voting. This may be true, but his comment is part of expected campaign strategy to keep party workers busy and to prevent complacency.

Whatever the motives for Mr. Berlinguer's caution, the Communists remain as unsure of the outcome as everyone else.

"In certain people there is a conflict between the need for change and the fear of novelty," Mr. Berlinguer said. "In the last analysis, these are the stakes June 20."

Despite past successes the Christian Democrats have become so faction-ridden that they appear unable to move the machinery of government, to deal with the economy, to improve hospitals and schools, or even to give the country enough small change.

But the fear of novelty, if the Communists represent novelty, is also clear. Without dealing with other issues, apart from pledges to reform, the Christian Democrats are counting almost solely on arousing apprehensions of the Communists and suggesting that, once in, they would never go out.

"There is just no way of sensing how deep this feeling of fear or lack of it runs in Italian society," said one diplomat. "Italian politicians are sitting on something mysterious. Many voters seem undecided. But many are also fed up with the way things have been going. They want an end to the problems, but, unfortunately, they won't find it June 20."

Mr. Berlinguer is campaigning on a platform calling for a government of national unity, one that would involve all parties in a grand coalition and would yield Cabinet seats for the Communists.

If they emerge as the largest party in this nation of 55 million, their chances of obtaining such seats would be bright. The mere accession to a share of power by the Communists would undoubtedly generate worry among businessmen, bankers and outside creditors, and lead to that Washington "reassessment" underscored by Secretary of State Henry Kissinger.

If the reaction to Communist Cabinet seats is relatively mild and the lira does not collapse, the gamble for the Communists is that people will suddenly expect the new blood to cure everything, though as coalition partners, they will be unable to meet such expectations. They could soon find themselves unpopular, too.

If the conventional wisdom turns out right—that is, no basic change—then the Christian Democrats will go through an agonizing period trying to form a new non-Communist coalition with the smaller parties, including the variable Socialists, who will play a crucial role in the eventual solution. It would all be reminiscent of the period before the election when the government simply was unable to govern or form coalitions.



Associated Press.

YOUNGSTER—Michele Marchio (right), member of Italian Parliament representing the neo-Fascist MSI, introducing Massimo Boni, 18, at a Rome rally. Mr. Boni is the youngest candidate running under the MSI banner; he is a candidate for the Municipal Council of Rome.

Cost Cut Put On For International Excess Baggage

WASHINGTON, June 10 (UPI)—The Civil Aeronautics Board agreed yesterday to suspend for 30 days an order that would have reduced the amount that airlines could charge for excess baggage on international flights.

The CAB order was to have gone into effect today. It is now scheduled to become effective July 11 unless the board takes further action.

The CAB agreed to suspend its action at the request of the Department of State, which is acting on behalf of Britain. State Department officials argued that Britain needed the extra time in order to file a brief with the board on the subject.

The board ruled on May 10 that the charge imposed by airlines on international passengers who had more than the allowed baggage was excessive and should be reduced.

The action, which has the effect on baggage allowances on domestic flights, was to become effective within 90 days.

The board also directed that international airlines to adopt the free baggage allowance within one year.

Currently, most international passengers are limited to a free baggage allowance of 66 pounds in first class and 44 pounds in economy. Each kilogram or 2.2 pounds of excess weight is charged to all passengers at a rate of 1 per cent of the first class fare.

هكذا من الأهرام



Associated Press.

A South Dakota rancher looking over part of his growing herd of buffalo.

Buffalo—Once Almost Extinct—Again Home on the Range

By Bryce Nelson

FORT PIERRE, S.D., June 10. —Dark, shaggy plains bison by the hundreds can be seen grazing on the vast ocean of grass that rolls across Dakota hills west of the Missouri River.

The number of buffalo in the United States has increased dramatically during the last decade, especially buffalo being raised commercially for meat.

On his 50,000-acre Triple U Ranch 35 miles northwest of the state capital of Pierre, L.R. (Roy) Houck raises 3,000 head, said to be the largest herd in the United States. Mr. Houck started as a cattle rancher, began raising buffalo here in 1958 and has now turned his ranch solely to buffalo. ("Only a few professors" use the scientifically correct name of bison for buffalo, Mr. Houck said.)

'More of a Challenge'

"I like buffalo. They're a little more of a challenge than cattle," Mr. Houck said. "Buffalo still have some elements of self-preservation in their character, and I appreciate that."

His son and partner, Jerry Houck, explained that "buffalo will paw down through the snow to get at the grass in the winter." Unlike cattle, buffalo do not require supplemental feeding in severe winters, and buffalo cows do not need help when they calve.

"There's romance to the buffalo and lots of history," said Jack Errington, assistant general manager for Durham Meat Co., who is involved in raising buffalo in Wyoming's Belle Fourche River region.

White Hunters.

The region is beginning to look as it did before the extermination of more than 50 million buffalo in the late 19th century. At one time, buffalo ranged over most of the United States east of the Sierra Nevadas. Much of the slaughter was the work of white buffalo hunters, partly to deprive Indians of their food and, therefore, their independence.

By the beginning of this century, bison were almost extinct in the United States. Mr. Houck said there were fewer than 1,000 buffalo left in the United States by 1900. Mr. Houck is a former president of the National Buffalo Association, which has grown to include more than 400 buffalo breeders.

The association publishes a periodical, "Buffalo," in Hermosa, S.D. According to Mr. Houck, it is estimated that there are now more than 40,000 buffalo, with the largest herds being raised privately for sale as meat.

Some South Dakota Indian reservations—Pine Ridge, Lower Brule and the Cheyenne River—are also getting into the buffalo business. Indians have also begun raising buffalo near Red Rock, Okla. and in Montana.

Excess Stock

Large-scale buffalo ranching became possible only in recent years, Mr. Houck said, as a surplus of buffalo grew up on Western federal and state buffalo ranges and excess stock was sold. Before that, ranchers could not have raised buffalo because there was no place to obtain the beginnings of a herd.

Buffalo, considerably larger and faster than cattle, are able to run at speeds up to 35 miles an hour. Because of its size and speed, "the buffalo doesn't respect a horse," Jerry Houck said as he drove a pickup truck through one of his herds.

A buffalo bull can achieve a weight of more than a ton, and a height of more than six feet.

In addition to using four-wheel-drive pickup trucks, the Houcks do some buffalo herding and extensive checking of their far-flung herds in a light plane.

Buffalo do not like enclosures, especially corrals.

"Buffalo kind of like to roam around more. You have to have a bigger place for them," explained Jerry Houck. "They can be mean to each other, especially if they're confined."

But the Houcks have never had anyone injured by them. "Cattle will chase you faster than a buffalo will," Jerry Houck said.

"Once you're fixed to run buffalo, they take care of themselves," Jerry Houck said. But it takes a larger investment to start, partly because much stronger fences are required on a buffalo ranch.

Buffalo meat traditionally sells for about 50 per cent more than beef, and, with a depressed livestock market, it is currently selling for almost double the price of beef—$1.30 a pound carcass weight.

The Houcks also receive $40 to $50 for a prime buffalo hide and about $25 for "a good bull skull." Buffalo hooves are sometimes turned into ashtrays or lamps.

For $350, the Houcks allow people to come to the ranch, shoot a buffalo and keep the hide and skull. If they want the meat, they pay the Houcks the going rate per pound.

While Jerry Houck thinks buffalo are "smart in being able to take care of themselves" in adverse conditions, he notes an exception: "If you go out and shoot one, the others won't run off. That's why the hunters were able to kill so many of them so quickly."

© Los Angeles Times.

Scandal Figure Replaced by Corman

Democrats Oust Hays as House Panel Chief

By Richard D. Lyons

WASHINGTON June 10 (NYT). -House Democrats formally ousted Rep. Wayne Hays of Ohio, the central figure in two investigations into charges of payroll padding, from one of his four committee chairmanships yesterday.

In a five-minute meeting and by unanimous vote, the members of the Democratic National Congressional Committee replaced Rep. Hays with Rep. James Corman of California.

Following allegations that he had used government funds to employ Elizabeth Ray as his mistress, Rep. Hays last week offered to "temporarily step aside" from the position. Yesterday his offer was made permanent.

In a related action, the House, by a vote of 388 to 0, agreed to comply with a Justice Department subpoena calling for a federal grand jury here to receive payroll and other personnel records of Miss Ray and three other persons who are serving or had served as staff aides to the House Administration Committee, of which Rep. Hays is chairman.

Bribery, Graft

The subpoena said the records were needed to investigate "possible violations" of federal laws dealing with bribery, graft, conspiracy and the making of false statements.

Rep. Thomas O'Neill of Massachusetts, the majority leader, who had demanded the ouster of Rep. Hays from the Campaign Committee chairmanship as well as that of the House Administration Committee, said Rep. Hays had sent word that he was resigning the campaign post.

Rep. O'Neill said the message had been delivered by Rep. Thomas Morgan of Pennsylvania, whom Rep. Hays had suggested last week as his temporary replacement.

At the committee meeting, however, a motion naming Rep. Corman as chairman was made.

"The vote was unanimous," Rep. O'Neill said.

The committee distributes campaign funds to incumbent Democrats seeking re-election and Rep. Hays's chairmanship had become a political issue, since he signed the checks. In an election year, about $500,000 might be distributed to selected incumbents facing stiff opposition.

Miss Ray has alleged, and Rep. Hays has denied, that he gave her a clerical position on the House Administration Committee but that she did virtually no work. Rep. Hays, 65, conceded having had a sexual affair with Miss Ray, 33.

After Miss Ray made the allegations two weeks ago, investigations were begun by a federal grand jury and by the House Committee on Standards of Official Conduct. Rep. Hays has offered to appear before the committee voluntarily.



WP.

Shirley Temple Black

Ford Names Mrs. Black as Protocol Chief

WASHINGTON, June 10 (AP).—President Ford said today he is nominating Shirley Temple Black, 48, to be the nation's first woman to serve as chief of protocol.

The onetime child movie star would, upon confirmation by the Senate, succeed Henry Catto, 45, of San Antonio, who is being nominated as U.S. ambassador to the European headquarters of the UN in Geneva.

Mrs. Black would also hold the rank of ambassador. Mr. Catto has been chief of protocol since April, 1974. Mrs. Black has been ambassador to Ghana since September of last year.

O'Neill Is Seeking Albert's Job as House Speaker

WASHINGTON, June 10 (NYT). —As the House of Representatives paid tribute this week to Speaker Carl Albert of Oklahoma, who is retiring, a number of Democrats began campaigning for their party's top leadership posts in the 95th Congress, which convenes in January.

Rep. Albert, 68, who announced Saturday that he would retire from Congress when his current term expires at the end of the year, received a standing ovation and a round of laudatory speeches as the House convened.

Rep. Thomas O'Neill jr., 63, of Massachusetts, who has been the majority leader since 1971, formally notified his Democratic colleagues by letter that he would seek the speaker's position, and he appeared to have Rep. Albert's endorsement.

A three-way contest quickly developed for Rep. O'Neill's job of majority leader. Rep. John McFall of California, the party whip, Rep. Phillip Burton of California, chairman of the Democratic Caucus, and Rep. Richard Bolling of Missouri, a senior member of the House Rules Committee, began sending letters to their Democratic colleagues announcing their candidacies for majority leader.

Carter Requests Matching Funds After Convention

WASHINGTON, June 10 (NYT). —Jimmy Carter asked the Federal Election Commission this week to change its rules so as to continue paying campaign subsidies in the form of federal matching funds to presidential candidates after the national conventions.

If Mr. Carter wins the Democratic nomination next month—he is the current favorite—major contributors seeking possible White House influence would undoubtedly press late donations on him, and availability of federal matching funds would increase that income substantially.

Under regulations drafted by the commission but not yet cleared by Congress, subsidies could not be paid to presidential candidates after the nominee is selected, although they could accept private contributions thereafter to settle primary campaign debts.

After the conventions, the cost of the general election will be borne in full by federal payments, with each major-party candidate getting $22 million, and no further private spending permitted by the candidate or his organization.

2d Satellite Links Maritime System

CAPE CANAVERAL, Fla., June 10 (UPI).—A Delta rocket boosted the Marisat-2 satellite into space last night, completing a worldwide maritime communications linkup.

The satellite will travel in an elliptical orbit until placed in position tomorrow 22,300 miles from earth over the mid-Pacific. Marisat-1 has been orbiting over the Atlantic since February. The satellites will link commercial ships beginning in July.

Nearly 400 U.S. Navy ships will use the satellite communications link. Merchant ships from any nation can lease terminals or buy the equipment. Telex messages and phone calls can also be relayed through the satellite.

Tunney Defeats Hayden in Calif., Faces Hayakawa

LOS ANGELES, June 10 (AP). —Democratic Sen. John Tunney rolled to an unexpectedly easy victory this week over former anti-war activist Tom Hayden to win renomination for his post. Sen. Tunney is the son of former heavyweight boxing champion Gene Tunney; Mr. Hayden is the husband of actress Jane Fonda.

Mr. Hayden stood trial in 1969-70 for an alleged conspiracy to disrupt the 1968 Democratic National Convention. He and others of the Chicago Seven were acquitted of conspiracy and won reversal on appeal of convictions of incitement to riot.

Sen. Tunney will run in the general election against former San Francisco State College president S.I. Hayakawa, who easily defeated three other Republicans to win his party's nomination.

Pentagon Official Disqualifies Self In Missile Choice

WASHINGTON, June 10 (AP). —Pentagon research chief Malcolm Currie has withdrawn from any part in a decision on whether to produce the Condor missile, developed by a major contractor that entertained him, it was disclosed this week.

"The reason for my action stems from recent allegations—that my actions with respect to Condor have involved possible conflict of interest," Mr. Currie said in a memorandum.

"These allegations, although obviously absurd... nevertheless could be a source of needless embarrassment to the [Defense] Department."

Meanwhile, the Pentagon said that Defense Secretary Donald Rumsfeld has rejected a demand by Sen. Thomas Eagleton, D-Mo., that Mr. Currie be suspended from his job.

Mr. Currie was given a public reprimand and fined by Mr. Rumsfeld three months ago for spending a weekend at a Bahamas resort maintained by Rockwell International Corp., developer of the Navy's air-to-surface Condor missile.

Australia to Send Gift Of Six Koalas to U.S.

WASHINGTON, June 10 (AP). —Six Australian koala bears will be shipped to the United States soon, part of Australia's gift to the United States for its Bicentennial.

The bears, two males and four females, will be sent within two or three months to the San Diego zoo, to join the only existing colony of koalas outside Australia, Defense Minister James Killen said.



NYT.

Daniel Moynihan

Moynihan To Seek N.Y. Senate Seat

NEW YORK, June 10 (AP). —Daniel Moynihan, 49, a former U.S. ambassador to the United Nations, announced today that he will seek the Democratic nomination for the Senate seat now held by Sen. James Buckley, R-Cons.-N.Y.

Mr. Moynihan said that he decided to make the race "at the urging of friends in the party and in the labor movement of New York State." The nominee will be chosen in a Democratic primary election Sept. 14.

Five other Democrats already are in the race. They are Rep. Bella Abzug, Ramsey Clark, former U.S. attorney general; businessman Abraham Hirschfeld; Paul O'Dwyer, president of the New York City Council, and State Assemblyman Andrew Stein.

U.S. Unit Weighs Airlift Capability

WASHINGTON, June 10 (AP). —The Defense Department's failure to reach its goal for airlifting cargo could impair U.S. ability to fight a war in Europe, the General Accounting Office said this week.

However, the GAO, an investigative arm of Congress, expressed doubt that the Pentagon's goal of being able to fly 180,000 tons of cargo to Europe in 30 days represents actual needs.

But if defense plans are dependent on such a capability, "the inability to provide the 180,000 tons of airlift could, in the extreme, adversely affect the outcome of any confrontation in Europe with Warsaw Pact forces," the report said.

Ford Renaming Brown As Joint Chiefs Head

WASHINGTON, June 10 (NYT). —Air Force Gen. George Brown will be nominated for a second two-year term as chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, President Ford said yesterday.

The general, 58, had aroused considerable controversy soon after he became chairman of the joint chiefs when he made some remarks about alleged Jewish influence on U.S. politics and business. Gen. Brown formally apologized, and Mr. Ford publicly rebuked him.



Bangor, Maine, Finds Profits In Charter Flights to Europe

By Ralph Blumenthal

BANGOR, Maine, June 10 (NYT).—As the passengers from the Denver-to-Frankfurt charter filed out into the new international airport terminal here Friday night at a refueling stop, 20-year-old Debbie Morrison waited for the phone to call home for a progress report.

When she was asked where she was, Miss Morrison was stumped. "Hey, Ma," she called out to her mother, Theresia, who was traveling to Europe with her, "where are we?"

"Bangor, Maine," said Mrs. Morrison. "For another 10 minutes."

Although Bangor, a former lumber capital inland on the Penobscot River, is not yet a household word for transatlantic passengers, it is becoming a significant gateway city for charter travelers leaving and entering the United States, because of the booming charter business, major airport development programs here and aggressive promotion.

Drawing Power

Bangor is a city of 33,000 people, Maine's third largest after Portland and Lewiston, and has a disproportionately large commercial drawing power. It has come a long way since 1968, when the closing of the $100-million Dow Air Force Base seemed to spell economic doom.

Yesterday, the mood here was ebullient as city, state and federal officials, residents and airline executives turned out to dedicate the airport's new $2.3-million international arrivals building.

The terminal, a squarish, utilitarian structure of three stories, made of yellow metal, tinted glass and brick, is modest by metropolitan airport standards.

It is an improvement, however, over the converted B-52 bomber hangars that had been used by charter passengers.

"From coast to coast, we now hear people talk about landing in Bangor, Maine," said Mayor John Mooney, adding that this was "one of the greatest days Bangor is ever likely to have."

Not that Bangor is ever likely to rival such East Coast aerial crossroads as New York, Boston, Philadelphia or Washington for scheduled overseas and domestic air service. Bangor is served at present by only one major scheduled domestic carrier, Delta, which provides up to seven flights a day.

Expeditious Service

But the city's appeal rests on its ability to service expeditiously charter planeloads of overseas travelers who do not want to pass through big congested airports.

Instead, flights such as the one the Morrisons took, a $399 round-trip Denver-to-Frankfurt World Airways charter, can stop here to refuel and allow their passenger a rest.

In addition, airports like Bangor's accept scheduled flights diverted from major airports because of bad weather or emergencies.

Other such East Coast airports specializing in supplemental carriers are Bradley Field in Connecticut and Stewart International Airport and Niagara Falls Airport, in New York.

As many as 3,000 charter flights a year now pass through the Bangor airport, most of them in summer. The majority carry Americans bound for Europe, but a large percentage are European charters bound for the Midwest or the West Coast. U.S. customs and immigration agents have stations here.

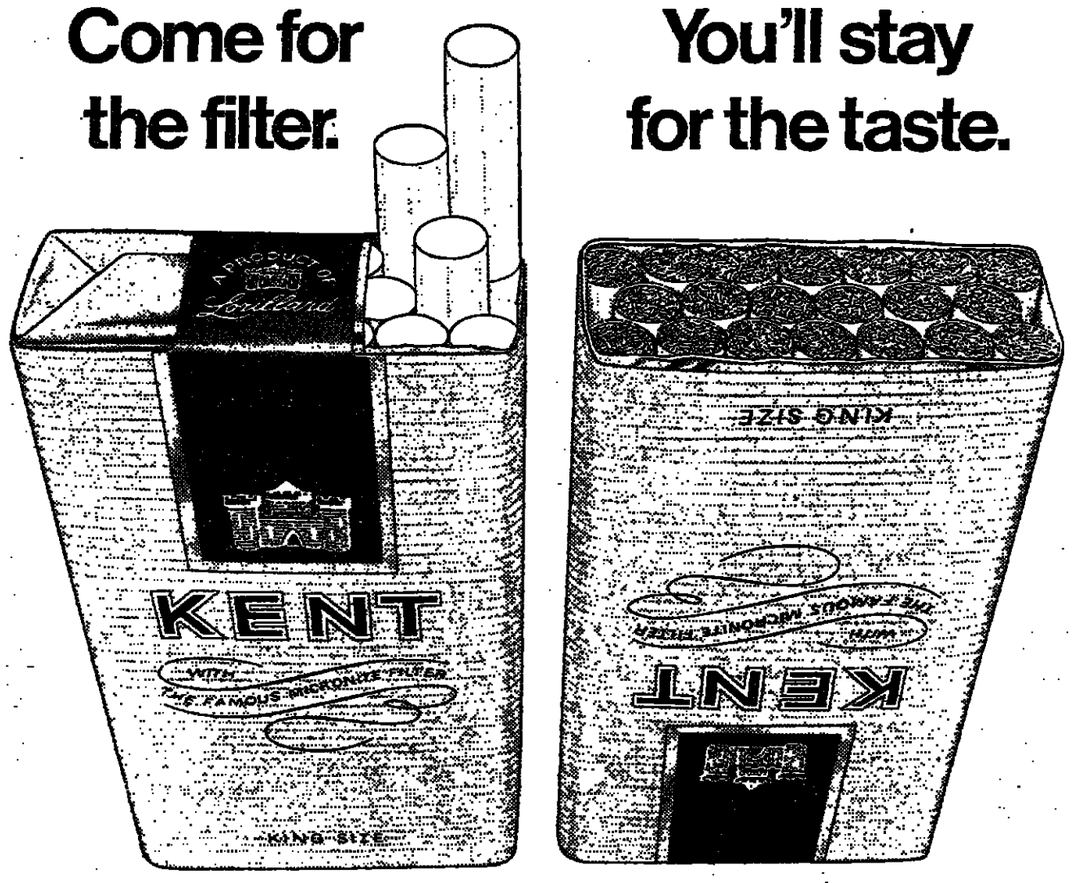
...oul Court Jails ...ur Park Foes

SEOUL, June 10 (UPI).—The ...l Court of Appeals today ...nced four opposition politi... to prison terms ranging ... 1 1/2 to two years on ...ges of violating a presidential ...e forbidding anti-government ...ities in South Korea.

...three-judge panel sentenced ... Chul, 50, adviser for the ...ied Socialist party, to a two-... term and party spokesman ... Young Shil, 51, to 1 1/2 ...a. Two other party mem... were given suspended sen...es.

...l were charged with dis...uting to news media last year ...eographed copies of the in...ment of Park In Mok, 39, a ...ing Unified Socialist official ... was sentenced to a two-year ... for making allegedly false ... defamatory statements ...nst President Chung Hee ... and his government.

NOBODY
IN EUROPE CAN BEAT OUR ROCK-BOTTOM
TAX-FREE EXPORT PRICES!
MICHEL SWISS
ALL PERFUMES • COSMETICS
BAGS • SCARVES • TIES
FASHION ACCESSORIES
FLAWLESS MAIL ORDER DEPARTMENT
FREE SAMPLES
16, RUE DE LA PAIX PARIS
Phone: 261.71.71.



Subtle Prejudice Brought to Surface

Brazil Film Uncovers a Racial Miasma

By Bruce Handler

RIO DE JANEIRO, June 10 (WP).—An expected and quite different Brazilian movie opened here recently that deals with a subject most Brazilians would *prefer to sweep under the rug:* race relations.

The film is called "Compasso de Espera"—Portuguese for "Marking Time." It is about a black intellectual who seems to "have it made" in the white-oriented society around him but who never really escapes the subtle racial prejudice that pervades contemporary Brazilian life.

Brazil is a mixed-race nation that takes great pride in its apparent racial harmony. About 60 per cent of the country's 110 million persons are white, about 20 per cent are black, and the rest are *somewhere between*, with varying degrees of native Indian blood, as well. Racial discrimination is strictly against the law. *On the surface*, Brazilians of all colors seem to get along with each other amazingly well.

Yet the fact is that blacks are at the *bottom* of the social and economic ladder in Brazil. "Marking Time" is the first film ever made here to take a serious, probing look at the frustrations and anxieties—and also the remarkable complacency—of this country's black population.

Poet and TV Personality

Jorge, the central character in the movie, played by black actor Zozimo Bulbul, is a successful advertising-agency executive who also excels as a poet, a lecturer and even as a TV talk-show personality.

Jorge deals authoritatively and well with whites, but he never *shakes the feeling that the whites* in his world do not really believe he should be where he is. When Jorge falls in love with Cristina, a white woman played by television actress Renée de Vielmond, he experiences the ugly reality of Brazilian racism, and the affair fails.

"The purpose of this movie is to bring the race-discrimination problem in Brazil out into the open," says Antunes Filho, a veteran white theatrical director, who wrote, produced and directed the film. "This is one of the few Third World films—maybe the only one—to deal in sociological terms with nonslave blacks."

Not Censored

It took Mr. Filho five years to get "Marking Time" distributed commercially, mainly because theater owners felt that the picture would "turn off" the public. Contrary to what some people might think, the tough federal censorship office that operates under Brazil's authoritarian military-run government had no objections to the film and cleared it without cuts. In fact, it was a government-affiliated film company, Embrafilme, that finally put "Marking Time" on the commercial circuit.

"Marking Time" received excellent reviews in Rio's major newspapers, but the box-office reaction has been just so-so.

Brazilian blacks are divided over whether or not "Marking Time" tells the race story here *as it is*. Several blacks who attended a special showing of the film at Rio's Modern Art Museum said in a debate afterward that they thought Mr. Filho had accurately portrayed the situation. Other blacks, however, accused the director of using the film to project white guilt feelings and anxiety about race.

"I'm not sure whether the race-discrimination problem in Brazil is based on color or on status and class," Mr. Filho responded. "I hope this film will provoke debate about that."

"Marking Time" portrays not only Brazilian whites' condescension toward blacks but also Brazilian blacks' own frequent *conceptions of themselves* as inferior.

In one scene, Jorge tries to take Cristina to a beach-front hotel, but the black desk clerk asks him to go away, "because the owner doesn't like Negroes, and if I let *you* in here with a white girl, I'll lose my job." Jorge understands and leaves. Later in that scene, a group of *whites viciously beats up the* couple after discovering them lying on the sand, kissing and caressing each other.

Jorge is shown as a racial moderate who cools off young black friends who want to emulate militant U.S. black-power groups, but he also rejects his own family's views that blacks in Brazil who try to climb the ladder of success in the white world are only asking for trouble.

'What About Pelé?'

One of the most telling lines in "Marking Time" occurs when Jorge questions a white friend about race discrimination in Brazil, and the man says, "But what about Pelé?"

That reference to the world-famous, millionaire black Brazilian soccer star—who certainly is not typical of his fellow blacks at home—is a frequent defense given by Brazilian whites when the topic of race prejudice comes up. The Pelé line drew derisive laughs from the audience when I saw the film.

"Marking Time" has its faults. Some critics here thought it was "too preachy, too lecture-y." Others felt that some of the scenes were overly dramatic. But for regular viewers of Brazilian movies, "Marking Time" is a *definite departure from the monotony* of the low-level sex farces that seem to characterize the industry, such as "The Panties Robbery," "A Brassiere for Daddy," and "How Sweet Was Our Maid."

Kenyan Wild Animals Killed 29 During '75

NAIROBI, June 10 (Reuters).—Twenty-nine persons were killed by wild animals in Kenya's north-eastern desert province last year, *20 of them by lions, according to* a report by divisional game wardens published here yesterday.

Six were killed by elephants, two by crocodiles and one by a hyena, the report said.

Stamp Unifies Vietnam

BANGKOK, June 10 (AP).—North and South Vietnam will issue a new postage stamp this month with a map depicting a unified country, Liberation Radio from Saigon said.



United Press International.

GREAT DANE IN THE MORNING—Motorist "walking" dog in New Haven, Conn.

Obituary

James A. Farley, Democratic Chief of 1930s

NEW YORK, June 10 (NYT).—James A. Farley, 88, a former U.S. postmaster general and a major figure in the Democratic party since the 1932 election of Franklin Delano Roosevelt, died yesterday in his suite at the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel here.

A housekeeper found him inert when she entered *his* suite, and a physician pronounced him dead of a cardiac arrest. Mr. Farley, who lived alone, had been visited earlier in the day by his personal physician.

Master Political Organizer

As returns from the 1930 New York gubernatorial election filtered into the Manhattan headquarters of the State Democratic Committee, its new chairman issued this statement:

"I do not see how Mr. Roosevelt can escape becoming the next presidential nominee of his party, even if no one should raise a finger to bring it about."

The next day, when the tally showed that Roosevelt's plurality was 725,000 (compared with a prediction by Mr. Farley that it would be 350,000), the state chairman announced: "We have elected as governor the man who will be the next president of the United States."

That display of prescience—discounted by many as boastful rhetoric—was typical of the *master political organizer* of the 1930s.

His foresight in those years was grounded in a patient accumulation of facts and remarkable acuity in interpreting them. At the same time he contributed to the realization of his forecasts by his dedicated diligence as a political worker, his attention to detail and his imperturbable geniality.



AP.

James A. Farley

In 1930, Mr. Farley was hardly *known outside his state, but* in the next 10 years he was a figure of national importance—chairman of the Democratic National Committee, postmaster general, the man who effectively provided the New Deal's political muscle.

'Jim' to Thousands

Mr. Farley's style was to emphasize the personal: He was "Jim" to thousands of party workers, to whom he sent chummy letters. He possessed a truly compendious memory for faces and names, a total recall that visibly impressed the man who was remembered.

In the campaign of 1932, Mr. Farley was aboard the Roosevelt campaign train when it stopped at a small Western town. "Hello, Jim," a man in the shadow of the depot called out. Mr. Farley could not see the man, but he glanced at the name of the railroad station and shouted: "How are you, Frank? Glad to see you!"

He explained later that several months earlier a man named Frank had written him a number of letters, and that he had remembered the name by associating it with the town.

Not a "boss" in the disparaging sense of the word, Mr. Farley ran the Democratic party with considerable sophistication and benignity. He put a high premium on party loyalty and was unhypocritical in using patronage to cement that loyalty.

Attacked as "the master spoilsman of all time," he conceded that he did all he could to fill every available job with a deserving Democrat, provided that the applicant was qualified.

For much of the 1930s, Mr. Farley worked in harmony with Roosevelt, whom he called "governor" or "the boss." The two broke publicly on the third-term issue in 1940, although Mr. Farley's party loyalty was strong enough to lead him to back the President for re-election.

A Difference

Mr. Farley was a conservative—but not reactionary—Democrat, whereas Roosevelt was an innovator; one was a professional politician, the other a politician by acquired taste.

One of Mr. Farley's grievances, for example, was that in Roosevelt's second term, the President gathered about him "a small band of zealots who mocked at party loyalty and knew no devotion except to their leader."

Another complaint was based on the social difference between the two, one an Elk and an Eagle and the other a Harvard Club member.

With undisguised injured feelings, Mr. Farley recalled that he had never been invited to spend the night in the White House and had made only two cruises on the presidential yacht.

"Mrs. Roosevelt once said, 'Franklin finds it hard to relax with people who aren't his social equals,'" Mr. Farley related, "I took this remark to explain my being out of the infield."

After 1940, Mr. Farley's leverage in national affairs diminished. He resigned as New York state chairman in 1944 and gave most of his time to his business as head of the Coca-Cola Export Corp. He did not, however, lose *his hankering for high elective* office: As late as 1962 he considered seeking the Democratic nomination for governor of New York. It was a forlorn ambition, as forlorn as his hope to run on a presidential ticket in 1940 with his friend Cordell Hull.

Indeed, Mr. Farley closed out his political career as campaign chairman for Abraham Beame, the losing 1965 Democratic candidate for mayor of New York against John Lindsay, then a Republican.

From childhood, James Aloysius Farley had developed an aptitude for ceaseless toil.

He was born at Grassy Point in Rockland County, on the west bank of the Hudson River, the son of a brick manufacturer, James Farley, and his wife, Ellen.

At age 8, the son was a torchbearer in a local parade for William Jennings Bryan, the Democratic candidate for president in 1896. When the boy was *not quite 10* his father was killed by a horse and his mother was left with a half-interest in a brick-cargo schooner, a small insurance policy and five sons, of which he was the second.

Young James sold newspapers and ran errands and later helped his mother when she bought a small grocery shop and saloon. Summers he worked as a machine boy in a brickyard for $1 a day. Between times he played baseball and learned to waltz.

His formal schooling ended with *graduation from Stony Point* High School in 1905, although he studied bookkeeping for nine months at the Packard Commercial School in New York.

He worked briefly for a paper company as a bookkeeper and then joined the Universal Gypsum Co., for which he worked 15 years as a bookkeeper, company correspondent and salesman.

In 1926 he formed his own company to deal in building supplies and three years later merged it with five other concerns to form the General Building Supply Corp., of which he was *president until* he became *postmaster* general in 1933.

Mr. Farley attained his highest elective public office in 1922—one term as a state assemblyman. He made the mistake of voting "wet" on Prohibition enforcement, and his politically "dry" constituents rejected him in 1924.

State Boxing Czar

From 1925 to 1933 he was chairman of the New York State Athletic Commission. In that *office his most controversial* ruling kept Jack Dempsey from fighting Gene Tunney in New York for the world's heavyweight championship. Mr. Farley held that Dempsey was obliged to meet Harry Wills before fighting Tunney. The result was that the Dempsey-Tunney bout, with its $1-million gate, was staged in Philadelphia.

As postmaster general and chairman of the Democratic National Committee in 1933, Mr. Farley had more than 100,000 Civil Service-exempt jobs to dispense.

He delayed awarding these for a couple of *months* while he prepared a card index to show how every member of Congress voted on each Roosevelt proposal. Anti-Roosevelt voters were penalized until they mended their ways.

This earned its author much resentment, but Mr. Farley said: "While many criticize the spoils system, I have always felt that it is just as easy to find a good Democrat as a good Republican or vice versa, and that the party in power should reward its own."

Far from profiting from public office, Mr. Farley was in debt after his years in Washington. He received $65,000 for his memoirs and that, with his business income, which mounted over the years, permitted him to live in comfort at the Waldorf Towers.

Many Memberships

Mr. Farley, a compulsive joiner, belonged to the Knights of Columbus, the Order of Red Men, the Elks, the Eagles, the Hibernians, the Friendly Sons of St. Patrick, the Lotos Club and scores of other organizations. He was widely honored, having received at least 35 doctorates, crosses, gold medals and awards. The number of his scrolls and lesser awards was uncounted.

In 1920, Mr. Farley married Elizabeth Finnegan, whom he called Bess. A retiring woman, she took little part in public life. She died in 1955. The couple had three children—Mrs. Elizabeth Montgomery, Mrs. Ann Hickey and James jr.

Mr. Farley never regretted his political vocation. "Would I do it all over again?" he asked *rhetorically. "The answer is yes* —without a moment's hesitation or a single shade of doubt. Politics is the noblest of careers."

—By Alden Whitman.

Czech-Mauritian Ties

PRAGUE, June 10 (Reuters).—Czechoslovakia and the Indian Ocean island of Mauritius have agreed to establish diplomatic relations at ambassadorial level starting today, Ceteka news agency announced here.

Threat Is Reassessed

European Experts Question Mass U.S. Flu-Shot Program

By Walter Sullivan

GENEVA, June 10 (NYT).—A number of European public health specialists are seriously questioning the wisdom of the plan to immunize almost the entire U.S. population with a new influenza vaccine.

They argue that any such program inevitably produces some adverse reactions, particularly in those under 16. While the percentage is small, when 200 million persons are involved the number of those *adversely* affected can become substantial.

The program, which is to cost $135 million, can therefore be justified, they say, only if the risk of a serious outbreak is substantial. No European government has considered it sufficiently so to undertake mass vaccination, although Britain, France, the Soviet Union and probably others are stockpiling the vaccine.

The critics concede that initially the outbreak in January and February at Fort Dix, an Army base in New Jersey, looked alarming. When throat-swab specimens from seven flu victims at the base were examined by the Center for Disease Control of the U.S. Public Health Service in Atlanta, four were found to carry a swine-type virus much like that thought to have caused the global epidemic, or pandemic, of 1918 that killed millions.

One Died

One of the four bearers of the virus at Fort Dix died. It is pointed out by the critics here, however, that despite a worldwide alert not one of the 96 influenza monitoring centers has reported a further appearance of *this* swine-type virus.

Furthermore, there appears to have been no spread in the United States. Throat-swab tests indicate that about 500 persons in New Jersey showed immune reactions indicative of past infection with the virus or something like it. They had not necessarily become ill.

According to Dr. Charles Cockburn, director of the Communicable Disease Division of the World Health Organization here, some virus strains are "spreaders" that lead to an epidemic or even pandemic. Others are not.

"At the time," he said in a recent interview, the Fort Dix strain looked like a spreader. In his view, it no longer does so.

Season Has Begun

Dr. Cockburn, a noted British virologist, took pains not to criticize the U.S. plan. He pointed out, however, that winter is approaching in the Southern Hemisphere and the flu season has already begun there.

Yet, he said, the flu centers in Australia, New Zealand and Singapore have not seen it. Instead, people are still suffering from the Victoria strain, which continues to be the prevalent form of flu throughout the world.

It is possible, he said, that for the first time the flu strain has been detected far in advance and could strike late in 1977. Influenza vaccines tend to lose their effectiveness in less than a year and any mass vaccination program this year would be of little use a year hence.

Flu Conference

In April, influenza specialists from China, the Soviet Union, Chile and Japan as well as the United States and Europe assembled here to assess the news from Fort Dix.

"Each country currently producing vaccines," the conference concluded diplomatically, should decide what course "is most appropriate for its resources and needs." The report added, however, that "such a decision may be based on information which *will be obtained during the next* few months via the surveillance network."

It has been the failure of the network to detect any spread of the virus that has reinforced the view that the U.S. plan is unwise.



AP.

Protest banners on statu

Police Clear Out Veterans From Statue of Liberty

NEW YORK, June 10 (AP).—Fifteen Vietnam war veterans were arrested yesterday by national park police to whom th surrendered after barricadi themselves inside the Statue Liberty overnight to protest t loss of GI education benefits.

The island on which the sta stands was sealed off to ne men and the public during t 18-hour occupation.

The occupiers draped bann over the eyes of the statue. C read: "Extend and Expand GI Bill."

On June 1, education bene from the GI Bill expired veterans who saw service pr to June 1, 1966. Affected w 480,000 veterans, 106,000 of wh served in early stages of Vietnam war.

However, the bulk of Vietn veterans are covered by legi tion affecting men who ser after June 1, 1966.

Taro Fukuda, 59, Figure in Japan Payoffs, Is Dead

TOKYO, June 10 (UPI).—Taro Fukuda, 59, a key figure in the $12-million Lockheed Aircraft Corp. payoff scandal here, died today.

Mr. Fukuda had been hospitalized for more than four months for treatment of cirrhosis of the liver. Despite his illness, government investigators had questioned him more than 20 times.

Mr. Fukuda's association with Yoshio Kodama, a secret agent for Lockheed, rocked the Japanese political world after the payoff scandal surfaced.

Before his death, Mr. Fukuda, a public relations man who was born in California, admitted knowing Mr. Kodama, the man who, according to Lockheed officials, received up to $7 million in agent's fees for his work here. The Fukuda-Kodama friendship spanned more than two decades.

Investigators of the payoffs declined to comment on Mr. Fukuda's death, but sources close to the probe indicated that his role was more than that of interpreter for Mr. Kodama.

Chinese Premier Set For Visit to Katmandu

KATMANDU, Nepal, June 10 (UPI).—Chinese Premier Hua Kuo-feng and Foreign Minister Chiao Kuan-Hua will make an official visit to Nepal, Nepalese Foreign Minister Krishnan Raj Aryal said yesterday.

Mr. Aryal, arriving home with King Birendra after a seven-day visit to China, said the visit by the Chinese leaders would be "at a time convenient to both Nepal and China."

Mr. Aryal said the King's visit may have provided the springboard for the opening of transHimalayan flights between China and Nepal.

Mrs. Gandhi Get Honorary Degr In Moscow Visit

MOSCOW, June 10 (AP Indian Prime Minister In Gandhi received an honor doctor of science degree from Soviet Academy of Sciences a ceremony today in Mosc Trade Union Hall, Tass repor

Tass said the diploma presented in recognition of Gandhi's work on the probl of economic and social-polit development of liberated count and on problems of internati relations.

Earlier today, Mrs. Gandhi again at the Kremlin with viet Communist party le Leonid Brezhnev. She also a dinner for her Soviet h which Mr. Brezhnev, Soviet mier Alexei Kosygin, Soviet sign Minister Andrei Grom and other officials attended

Meanwhile Mrs. Gandhi's Sanjai Gandhi, toured a nuc research institute at Dubna, a 200 kilometers north of Mos the news agency reported.

Women to Fly As Navigators

SACRAMENTO, June 10 (—The first six women off to serve as U.S. Air Force na tors will start training at M Air Force Base here in Marc was announced this week.

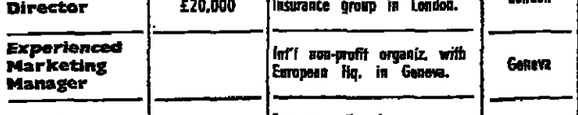
After completion of the 31-course, the navigators will b signed to such aircraft as C-141 cargo carrier or the W weathership, the Air Force They will not be put in co planes.

The Air Force said the part of a test group of 26 w officers. The other 20 w assigned to pilot training with the first 10 starting training at Williams Air Base, Ariz., next month.

BRINDISI – PATRAS

Italy - Greece Car Ferries

FOR MORE DETAILS CALL: LONDON 499.9090, 629 6851. PARIS 742.22.34, 073.40.85. MUNICH 488.196, FRANKFURT 234.685, ZURICH 258.720, 257.771, BERN 23.08.44, 22.92.51, GENEVA 26.60.00, 28.52.10, MILAN 29.05.46, 80.05.51, BRUXELLES 511.7.859, ROME 47.40.141, 47.35.41, NAPLES 22.58.21, 32.54.52, ATHENS 323.9805, 703.5981.



EGNATIA - APPIA - POSEIDONIA

The Musical Musical

IRENE

ADELPHI Tel 01-836 7611

SENIOR EXECUTIVE JOB GUIDE

Published at the end of the week, this is a compilation of senior-level job opportunities from selected publications. Senior level jobs published by the International Herald Tribune through Tuesday automatically appear in this feature.
To place an advertisement in "INTERNATIONAL EXECUTIVE OPPORTUNITIES," contact our office in your country (listed on back page). Any questions or comments concerning this feature can be directed to Mr. J. Shelby in the Paris office.

JOB TITLE	SALARY	EMPLOYER	JOB LOCAT.	SOME OF THE QUALIFICATIONS	CANDIDATES SHOULD MAKE CONTACT WITH	ADVERT. SOURCE
Director of Bank		Luxembourg bank subsidiary.	Luxembourg	Mngt. exp. in int'l banking; currency trading, bilingual German-English + French.	Box NF 374794, Frankfurter Allgemeine Z, 6 Fm. 1, Postfach 2901, Germany.	F.A.Z. 2.6.76
Vice President International Marketing		Recently formed N.Y. arm of London-based trading Co., interests N. Africa, Mid-East.	New York	Equally strong in selling & sales mngt.; must build mktg. operation from ground up.	Box N-663, The Wall Street Journal, 22 Courtlandt St., New York, N.Y. 10007, U.S.A.	W.S.J. 2.6.76
Mktg. Mgr. Mid-East. N. Africa		Process instrumentation firm.	Mid-East	Experienced engineer with substantial mktg. background; Engl., French, German lang.	Box N-540, The Wall Street Journal, 22 Courtlandt St., New York, N.Y. 10007, U.S.A.	W.S.J. 2.6.76
Director of Finance	c. £12,000	Expanding Group, large turnover from variety of overseas contracts.	London	Up to 55 years; subst. top level financial & managerial experience.	Coopers & Lybrand Assoc. (MF 605), Shelley House, Noble Street, London, EC2 Y7DQ, G.B.	F.T. 3.6.76
Financial Controller Intl. Insurance	Negot. to £10.000 + benefits	London-based industrial insurance Co., operating worldwide.	London	Chartered accountants in 30's; exp. in controlling; exp. in D.P. Systems.	Mr. D.A. Ravenscroft (ref. B25362), M.S.L. Mngt. Selection Ltd., 17 Stratton St., London, W1X 6DB.	F.T. 3.6.76
Regional Director	£15-18.000	British consumer products Co., major markets in Africa, Mid-East.	London	Exceptional mngt. calibre & energy; mktng background; int'l exp. in consumer products.	P.A. Personnel Svcs. (ref. GM32/5631), 60a Knightsbridge, London, SW1X 7LE.	F.T. 3.6.76
Directeur Commercial	Not less than Fr. 120.000	French firm making electrical/electronic products in Paris.	Paris	Engineer; 10 years exp. min. in technical systems and high tension machines.	e.t.a.p. (ref. HW 513), 4 Rue Massenet, 75016 Paris, France.	Le Monde 3.6.76
Managing Director	Not less than £10,000 + profit incentive	Textile company, sales of £3,000,000, mostly exports from U.K.	S.E.	Under 50; proven ability to manage in seasonal/fashion conscious markets.	Mr. A. Longland, Tyzack & Partners, 10 Hallam St., London, W1N 6DJ.	F.T. 4.6.76
Export Director	Fr. 130.000 +	Graphic Arts (Geographic Sector) produced by French Co.	Paris	Univ. educ.; 35 years min.; will handle Switz. & Germany.	G.M. Recrutement (ref. 766), 154 Bld. Malesherbes, 75017 Paris.	Le Monde 4.6.76
Managing Director	In excess of £20,000	The board of a British insurance group in London.	London	Accomplishment in directing insurance Co./international broking.	Mr. G.W. Elms, Tyzack & Partners, 10 Hallam St., London, W1N 6DJ.	Economist 5.6.76
Experienced Marketing Manager		Int'l non-profit organiz. with European Hq. in Geneva.	Geneva	Market training; exp. in transnational business; Eng. + French + other Eur. lang.	Room A6126, Grand Central Station, P.O. Box 20, New York, N.Y. 10017, U.S.A.	I.H.T. 5.6.76
Directeur Général		Semences, French distribution firm.	Toulouse	35 yrs. min.; knowl. of Agricultural products; Fr./Eng. + German if possible.	C2M (Mons. Bernard Marty), 1 Route Thierry, 92410 Ville d'Avray, France.	L'Express 7.6.76
Marketing Director		French subsid. of German group (prestige brand).	Strasbourg	Bus. sch. educ.; 37-45 yrs; exp. consumer products; French + German languages.	Fischer Consultants Int'l (ref. 751/F), 101 Ave. du Général-Leclerc, 75014 Paris, France.	L'Express 7.6.76
Commercial Director for France		Wrangler Jeans	Paris area	Exp. in ready-to-wear clothing preferably as sales mgr.; French + English lang.	Blue Bell Europe (Mr. B. Dzialek), Rue de Brabant 67, 1030 Bruxelles, Belgique.	L'Express 7.6.76
Vice-President Finance	"Competitive salary"	Fairbanks Weighing Div., leading mfr. weighing equipt. in U.S.A.	Vermont, U.S.A.	Min. 10 years exp. manufacturing financial admin.; DP; cost-control, inventory mngt.	E.P. Barrett, Fairbanks Weighing, Colt Industries, St. Johnsbury, Vermont 05819.	W.S.J. 8.6.76
Sales/Mktg. Management COMECON		Multinational capital equipt. mfr., Chicago-based (construction, Agric. equipt.).		Min. 5 yrs. exp. sales/mktn. in controlled mkt. economy; Engl. + 2 Eur. languages.	Box N-856, The Wall Street Journal, 22 Courtlandt St., New York, N.Y. 10007, U.S.A.	W.S.J. 8.6.76
Cost Accounting Manager	Up to FFr. 100,000	French subsid. of leading U.S. group in domestic electrical equipt.	Normandy	35 yrs min.; qualif. cost or mngt. accountant; bilingual French-English.	Price Waterhouse (ref. MAS 184), 60 Rue Ravenstein, Box 7, 1000 Brussels, Belgium.	I.H.T. 8.6.76
European Manager		World men's fashion licensing group for Italian designer.	Rome	Self-motivated, merchandising-oriented; multilingual (English-Italian-German-French).	Box D-5,343, International Herald Tribune, 21 Rue de Berri, 75008 Paris.	I.H.T. 8.6.76
Commercial Director France	Not less than FFr. 125.000	French subsid. of Int'l group (building products & public works).	Paris region	Engineer, min. 30 yrs.; sales exp.; French + German or English languages.	Mons. R. Elkin (ref. 1101), 82 Rue de Bagnolet, 75020 Paris, France.	Le Monde 9.6.76
Directeur Commercial		French mfr. of quality consumer durables.	Eastern Paris Suburb	30 yrs. min.; bus. sch.; consumer product exp.; trilingual (Fr.-Engl.-Germ.).	Monique Roux (ref. 3161), e.g.o.r., 5 Rue Meyerbeer, 75009 Paris.	Le Monde 9.6.76

هكذا من الأصل

The Sun Dress akes to the aris Streets

By Hebe Dorsey

IUS (IHT).—All it took was few warm days and the ress came out on the Paris s.

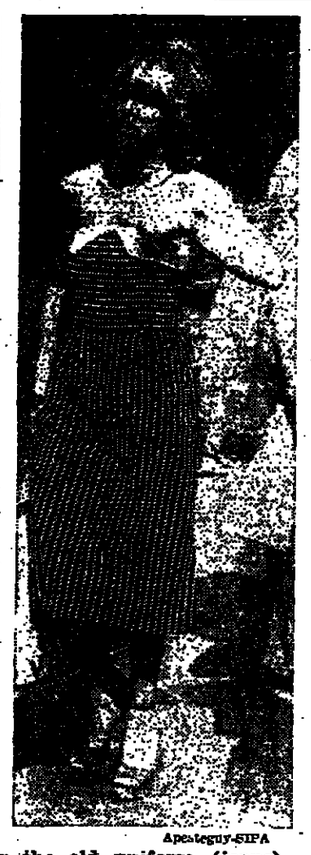
everywhere, putting the ac- on still another part of a n's anatomy, the shoulders. it has dealt a blow to the al uniform of T-shirt and The sun dress has opened or to frankly feminine, not aggressively pretty fashions. anger lurking around the is, of course, coyness.

dresses come in various Some derive from the e with two straps (some- trimmed with ruffles), a odice and slightly gathered This version is most often of solid color cotton and is mes worn over T-shirts or . Another has a scalloped mbroidered bodice and a ng and wrapped skirt, d high on the waist. Yet r plays up both shoulders collete with a buttoned (or oned) sweetheart neckline. rsion often comes in Liber- ats or tiny floral and is pretty.

evening, sun dresses turn e sexy petticoat dress with ti straps, crossing in back, one-shoulder dress, often ing, slinky acrylics.

started selling sun dresses ck in February," said Cecilia who puts out g, inexpensive cotton nder the Kent label. Mr. started making sun dresses "but they only really up this spring. In the g, they accounted for 5 er cent of my sales. This its up to 50 per cent." does both the pinafore





Apostegui-SIPA

PARIS STREET SCENES—Young women at left wearing the old uniform (jeans) with new touch (strapped T-shirt) and the new uniform, a ruffled sun dress with a shirred bodice. Woman at right wears the strapless version with canvas sandals.

type and the more elaborate version with pretty neckline, small waist and a huge skirt, finished by a double tier of pleated ruffles. His fabrics range from French-peasant, black cotton prints to American florals.

Elie Jacobson, of Dorothée bis, confirmed that the sun dress is winning the fashion race by a landslide. "We sold nothing but that for the last week," Mr. Jacobson said. "Yes, cotton, but our best sellers were of solid colored linen." He added that this fad is a natural reaction against the sporty T-shirt and jeans. "As always," Mr. Jacobson said, "the pendulum swung back."

The nice thing about such dresses is that they are generally inexpensive, which means that they have become very much a young, not to say junior fashion. Although sun dresses can be quite dressy, especially in the strapless version, they are basically unpretentious and fresh, requiring equally understated accessories. Some women wear them with canvas boots, but the shoes that go best with them are espadrilles or fabric scandals.

'Codfish'—Brazil's 'Jaws'

By Bruce Handler

RIO DE JANEIRO (WP).—The movie "Jaws" may have scared people in many countries but not here in Brazil, where sharks lurk off the coastline. It generally was regarded as "fake" and made audiences laugh. So it is not surprising that a young Brazilian filmmaker has just come out with a spoof of the famous shark picture.

It is called "Bachalhau" ("Codfish").

"The story is pretty much the same as the one in 'Jaws,'" says Adriano Stuart, 32, who wrote and directed "Codfish."

But the Latin American "monster" has a marked preference for female swimmers—especially those wearing the revealing string. And the codfish—which in the movie doesn't even look like a codfish at all—is obviously fake. It's made out of cork and fiberglass and is pulled through the water by nylon cords. It has "Made in Brazil" written on its tail.

"Codfish" cost $100,000 to film, a relatively high budget for a Brazilian production.

Yet "Codfish" was not immune from the improvisation that characterizes Brazilian filmmaking. The producers first intended to make the fish move by putting a man inside it, but according to Stuart, "No one would take the job, because there wasn't any air in there."

And in the scene where the fisherman and his young assistant are supposed to shoot the fish or harpoon it, the nylon cords got tangled and the codfish would not come close to the boat. So Stuart—who also plays the part of the heroic oceanographer—simply jumps overboard and saves the day by punching out the attacking creature.

PARIS NIGHTLIFE: France's All-American Star

Thomas Quinn Curtiss

(IHT).—Eddie Constan- is at the height of his at the Eiffel Tower, the dinner show. His an inspiring example of erican who found favor in

20 years ago, Constan- Los Angeles to join his e. (She was a ballerina Marquis de Cuevas com- Edith Piaf heard him in a nightclub and asked o a musical comedy with P'tite Lili," score by Monnot and "book" by Achard.

the first of many lucky Constantine became an s drawing card in a series films in which he play- p-smiling American de- emmy Caution.

e proceeds, he started a able and had some win- e wrote a novel about The God Players," a best seller in French. Carlo Ponti bought the movie rights. Meanwhile Ballantine Books is planning to bring it out in English in August.

As a preface to his appearance at the Eiffel Tower are some excerpts from Constantine movies. In one, as Lemmy Caution, he battles valiantly with Lino Ventura, a onetime movie heavy who has since moved to the right side of the law. Constantine played other roles—he had a leading part in Godard's "Alphaville" and he was an anarchist in a German film—but he is still Lemmy Caution to millions.

On stage, he is very much his screen image—jaunty, brash, amiable, winning spectators into a happy confederacy with his ingratiating grin and genial asides. He has a new accompanist, Jean-Claude Naimro, a young black man from Guadeloupe.

The Constantine repertory includes "Je T'Aime Comme Ça," with some revised lyrics to the song which, a decade ago, he sang as a duet with his daughter. All the old favorites and recent additions are delivered with showmanship and zest. Constantine is again at the top.



Eddie Constantine
. . . *Eiffel Tower.*

* * *

American theatrical professionalism is stunningly personified by Shirley MacLaine who was here two months ago and has come back to the Palais des Congrès until Monday.

The inexhaustible vitality and spontaneity of her evening is as astonishing as it is stimulating. Her vivid show has autobiographical contours, carrying her from Broadway chorus girl and understudy to Hollywood renown and containing footnotes on her activities in the realm of public affairs. Her program includes her "Big Spender" number from "Sweet Charity," a scene from "Some Came Running" and several frank, hilarious monologues. At her reopening on Wednesday evening she got a standing ovation.

* * *

Women have their say in a bright, lively way in a merry, miniature spectacle at Les Blancs Manteaux, Pizza du Marais, a *café-théâtre*. "Je Te Dis, Jeanne, C'est Pas Une Vie qu'On Vit" is performed by a quarter of comediennes, all gifted in the art of broad burlesque. Their attack on male superiority is all out and rocks the house with its bawdy humor. The tyrannical bus driver bullies all passengers at work and his wife and family in his free time. In contrast is the always sweet-voiced telephone girl. The woman office worker, even when pregnant, does her household chores, while the idling casting director boasts of his fertile imagination as he reviews prospective recruits. Even the gigolo is incompetent. Such are the embittered complaints humorously voiced here in a show filled with comic invention and biting satire.

* * *

Le Café de la Gare has been a fruitful prep school for aspiring comedians. Among its graduates are Gérard Depardieu, Patrick Dewaere, Rufus and Miou-Miou, all now cinema celebrities. Romain Bouteille has devised an airy style of performance, a mixture of disillusion and precise timing to become the nonconformists' favored jester. His mocking of accepted ways and institutions is in the tradition of French irreverence and his theater is a direct descendant of Alphonse Allais's "Chat Noir" of the 1890s.

Le Café de la Gare has moved from the narrow Rue d'Odessa in Montparnasse to 41 Rue du Temple, taking its public along. The café has also taken with it the fortune wheel which indicates to each spectator his entrance fee (from 0 to 30 francs). Sotha, an early member of the company, has written an hilarious entertainment, "Le Graphique de Boscop" in which she takes part. Bouteille and a spirited troupe are her partners in some gleeful sketches concerning the tribulations of a small-town garbage collector and his ascent to stardom in the show world.

SHARPS & FLATS

PARIS—Julio Iglesias is appearing nightly at the Olympia, as is Shirley MacLaine at the Palais des Congrès, Elvin Jones at the River Bop, Aaron Bridgers at the Winston Churchill and Joe Turner at the Calavados. Pianist-singer Alice Darr opens at the Champs-Elysées Bar Tahonga June 14.

* * *

TOURS, France—The Kenny Clarke trio (Eddy Louiss on organ, Jimmy Gourley on guitar and "Kluke" on drums) will be at the Stereo Club June 15-17. The next night the group will be in Feugères (near Arpajon) at the Club Atlantide.

* * *

AMIENS, France—Max Collie and his Rhythm Aces will be at the Jazz Club on June 11, and on June 12 and 13 at Lumeray (near Dieppe) at the Jam Potatoes along with Bill Coleman, Slide Hampton, Beryl Bryden, Monty Sunshine and many others.

* * *

BRUSSELS—The Golden Gate Quartet will be at the Strombeek-Bever Cultural Center June 11 at 8 p.m. and the following night at the Wezembeek-Oppem Chapiteau at 11 p.m. Dr. Hook will be at the Cirque Royal June 15, followed by Jorge Ben the next night and John Lee Hooker on the 17th. All concerts start at 8 p.m.

* * *

LONDON—The Monty Alexander trio and the Tom Waits quartet are appearing at Ronnie Scott's through June 12. The group Back Door comes in for one week on June 14.

* * *

Barney Bigard, sick in New York, had to cancel plans to tour Europe with the "Night in New Orleans" group and was replaced by Benny Carter.

* * *

Nostalgia has been given an added boost with MGM's "That's Entertainment" series, putting Judy Garland records back on the charts.

* * *

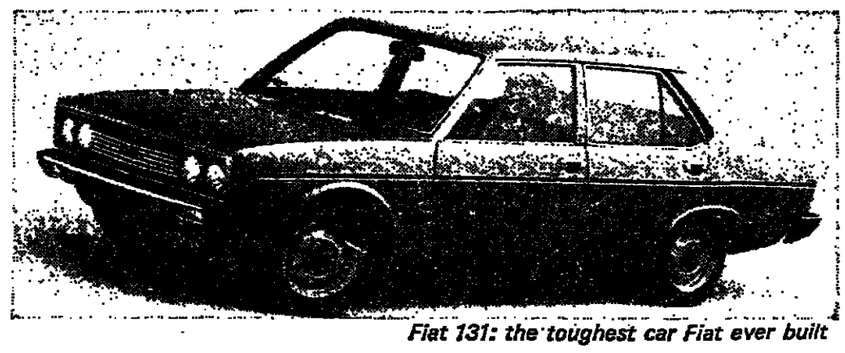
This week's top single in the United States is "Love Hangover" by Diana Ross and in Britain, "Combine Harvester" by Wurzels.

—FRANK VAN BRAKLE.

'Oldest' Man

SALONIKA, Greece, June 10 (Reuters).—Scientists here have discovered the skeleton of a man believed to date back 400,000 years—said to be the oldest human remains ever found in Europe.

Fiat: tax-free cars



Fiat 131: the toughest car Fiat ever built

Tax-free Fiat cars are available to all persons not permanently resident or domiciled in Italy.
For full information contact us at the following addresses:

Fiat Tourist Delivery Centre
328 Corso Giulio Cesare, Turin, Italy, Tel. 200933

Fiat Branches in Italy:
Bari, Via Oberdan 4/A; tel. 334722
Cagliari, V.le Monastir 100/2/4, tel. 281671
Catania, Via Messina 623, tel. 491122
Livorno, Viale Petrarca 85, tel. 404041
Milano, Corso Sempione 55, tel. 3185262
Napoli, Corso Meridionale 53, tel. 339100
Padova, Via Venezia 13-15, tel. 654933
Roma, Viale Manzoni 67, tel. 7576150
Sassari, Via Carlo Felice 6-10, tel. 271049
Trieste, Via Di Campo Marzio 12, tel. 31985

Fiat Dealers in Rome:
Foreign Cars Italia:
Via Sardegna 14 - Roma - Tel. 460728
Europe Tax-Free Cars:
Via Rasella 13 - Roma - Tel. 461816
Dollar Sales:
Via Veneto 169 - Roma - Tel. 460140
Agency for Industrial Supplies:
Piazza San Bernardo 106 - Roma
Tel. 461666

Österreichische Fiat G.m.b.H.
Rennweg 46-50, 1032 Wien III, Austria, tel. 0222/752611
Fiat Belgio S.A.
39, Drève de l'Infante, 1410 Waterloo, Belgium, tel. 02-354.11.00
Nordisk Fiat A/S
Gammel Køge Landevej 78/80, København, Denmark, tel. 304800
Fiat France S.A.
Tour Fiat, 1, Place de la Coupole, 92400 Courbevoie, France, tel. 796 06-06
Deutsche Fiat A.G.
Salzstrasse 140, 71 Heilbronn a.N., West Germany, tel. 1071
American Advisory Agency
141 Austrasse, 7100 Heilbronn a.N., West Germany, tel. 85477
Fiat (England) Ltd.
Great West Road, Brentford, (Middx), Great Britain, tel. 01-568, 8822
Tractellas S.A.
Leoforos Syngrou 73, Athinai, Greece, tel. 914771
Fiat (Ireland) Ltd.
Kylemore Road, Ballyfermot, Dublin 10, Ireland, tel. 365811, 365651
Norsk Auto A/S
Gustav Vigelandsvei 1, Postboks 79, Skøyen, Oslo 2, Norway, tel. 559295
Leonard Lang B.V.
Daniël Goedkoopstraat 9, Amsterdam, Holland, tel. 924888
Fiat Portuguesa S.A.R.L.
Avenida Eng.o Duarte Pacheco 15, Lisboa, Portugal, tel. 685151
Fiat Hispania S.A.
Paseo de la Habana 74, Apartado 506 Madrid, Spain, tel. 2598200
American Advisory Agency
Juan Hurtado de Mendoza 5-10 B, Madrid 16, Spain, tel. 2591252
Svenska AB Fiat
Karlsbodavägen 17-19, 17220 Sundbyberg, Stockholm, Sweden, tel.: Växel 282960
Fiat (Suisse) S.A.
108, rue de Lyon, Genève 1211, Switzerland, tel. 022/441000

Fiat Distributors Inc., 155 Chestnut Ridge Road, Montvale, N.J. 07645

Please send me further information on Fiat tourist deliveries

Name _____
Address _____
City _____
State _____

IHT

we secure hotel accommodation for you

you are intending to visit Greece this year, the hospitality of the KARAGEORGIS LINES should not be overlooked. Taking one of their many cruises will entitle you to 7-14 days of free accommodation in various hotels throughout the Peloponnese. They have been booked especially for you.
As an extra BONUS, your free stay in Greece will be covered by an insurance policy against any kind of accident at no extra charge.

ITALY-GREECE-ITALY
We made the crossing a relax-cruise for you.

M/S MEDITERRANEAN SEA
M/S MEDITERRANEAN SKY
23.000 GR. TON.
M/S PATRIS CHARTERS
23.000 GR. TON.
Fully air-conditioned, 3 swimming pools, well appointed cabins and lounges with dance floor, delicious meals, perfect service. Unl-class.
Hotel accommodation ashore and insurance rate from U.S.D. 68.

7 and 14 day cruises with:
M/S.C.S NAVARINO (EX GRIPSHOLM) 23.000 GR. TON.
Out of Venice to the Greek Islands-Piraeus-Istanbul and Dubrovnik
7 day-cruise from U.S.D. 300.
7 day-cruise and 7 day full board hotel accommodation from U.S.D. 360.
14 day-cruise from U.S.D. 600.

Book through your travel agency and
KARAGEORGIS LINES
Akti Kondyli and Etolikou 2 PIRAEUS TEL: 4173001/5 4110461/5 TX: 212674-212678
KARAGEORGIS LINES

The finest french crystal since 1764
cordially invites you to visit its museum and retail showrooms.
30 bis rue de Paradis Paris Tel. 770 64 30.
Open Monday - Friday 9 a.m. 5 p.m. Saturday 10-12 a.m. 2-5 p.m.
Baccarat
Also obtainable in selected specialty stores near your home.
List and catalogue available on request.

PARIS AMUSEMENTS
CINEMAS - THEATERS - RESTAURANTS - NIGHT CLUBS

LA BOULE D'OR
Maurice and Jean GUINOT
"Meilleur ouvrier de France"
- Eels with garlic cream;
- Turbot supreme with vegetables.
- Guinea hen fricassée with shallots cream;
- Giant flambeed baba.

13 Bld. de la Tour-Maubourg (7e). Closed Monday. Reservation: 705.50.18.

BOFINGER
Closed on Sunday
LUNCHES. DINNERS. SUPPERS
THE OLDEST & MOST BEAUTIFUL "BRASSERIE" IN PARIS
5, rue de la Bastille ARC 87 82

WORLD FAMOUS
LIDO
Nightly at 10.30 p.m. and 0.45 a.m. Two shows
GRAND JEU
MINIMUM PER PERSON TAX AND TIP INCLUDED
105F with 1/2 bottle champagne or 2 drinks
OR
163F Dinner suggestion and 1/2 bottle champagne or 2 drinks
DINNER-DANCE AT 8 p.m.
RESERV. 359.11.61 AND AGENCIES



RASPOUTINE
RESTAURANT CABARET RUSSE
EN VOGUE des CHAMPS-ELYSEES
2 GRANDS ORCHESTRES
50 ARTISTES et MUSICIENS

"From the ecstatic start, she consumes the theater, swallows the audience whole. The Palladium totters. You feel she could do the same with Wembley Stadium. Come back soon, remarkable lady of light. . . ." —*Derek Jewell, The Sunday Times (London).*

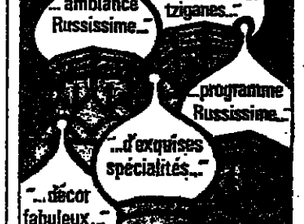
FROM THE PALLADIUM TO PARIS!
SHIRLEY MACLAINE
PALAIS DES CONGRES
(Porte Maillot)
(9:15 p.m. nightly through Monday, June 14.)
TICKETS ON SALE NOW at box office and all ticket brokers.

you've heard about the new American Restaurant it's
CONWAY'S
OPEN EVERY DAY, ALL DAY
73 R. St.-Denis, Paris 1er. 508.07.70

CALAVADOS BAL. 95-38 ELY. 27-28
JOE TURNER - LOS LATINOS
Snack Bar, Candlelight Dinners, Lunch
40 Av. P.-1er-de-Serbie (c. Pl. George-V)
OPEN DAY AND NIGHT — Air. cond

ALCAZAR
DINERS 21h. SPECTACLE 23h.
RESERVATIONS a partir de 10 heures
6336494 et 3265335
62 rue MAZARINE
Parking assuré

Restaurant Cabaret Russe
Sheherazade



3, RUE DE LIEGE, 9e 874 85 20

INTERNATIONAL
Herald Tribune
Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post
Page 6—Friday, June 11, 1976

Carter Closes In...

Former Gov. Jimmy Carter's triumph in the Ohio primary has brought the Democratic party's presidential nomination almost within his grasp. Barring some unexpected turn of fate, his long quest for the nomination is now virtually certain of being crowned with success.

Yet it remains true that he won the support of only 1,200 of the 3,000 delegates who will participate in the convention in Madison Square Garden next month. It is also true that the voter response on Tuesday was less than overwhelming, as in most of the recent primaries. While winning in Ohio, he was swamped by Gov. Brown in California. More significantly, he was defeated in New Jersey by a slate of delegates which, although nominally uncommitted, favored Gov. Brown or Sen. Humphrey.

Mr. Carter nonetheless seems the probable nominee because his opposition is so divided and so mutually antagonistic. It is difficult for the dovish Rep. Udall to make common cause with the hawkish Sen. Jackson. Gov. Wallace has abandoned his now hopeless candidacy and endorsed Mr. Carter. Sen. Church has a small bloc of delegates assembled from his recent primary victories in the Far West, but, wisely, he would rather join a Carter ticket as vice-president than take a far-out gamble on benefiting from a stop-Carter coalition.

It is easy to conceive a scenario in which either Sen. Humphrey or Gov. Brown might have emerged as formidable a rival to Mr. Carter in the Democratic race as Ronald Reagan is to President Ford in the Republican. But Gov. Brown entered the primaries too late and Sen. Humphrey refused to enter them at all. If the former seems to many Democrats too new, the latter seems too familiar. Sen Humphrey on Wednesday acknowledged that fact in a statement reaffirming his earlier decision not to seek the nomination.

Mayor Daley of Chicago had already decisively weakened the chances of a draft-Humphrey movement when he announced that he and the Illinois delegates under his control would back Mr. Carter. The Daley move signified that although many Democrats, particularly in the big cities of the East and the industrial Middle West, still regard Mr. Carter as something of a stranger, they are neither angry at him nor suspicious enough of him to resist his nomination if it seems inevitable.

For Mr. Carter, a political outsider, to have come so far and done so well without arousing the irreconcilable antagonism of any of the party's principal power centers is a measure of his skill as a political leader.

...Ford on Shaky Ground

President Ford did about as well as expected in the final round of primaries, but his best was inadequate to the task of crushing Ronald Reagan's challenge. Only an upset victory in California would have enabled the President to consider the nomination won. As it was, he not only lost California by a 3-to-2 margin but he also saw his own victory in Ohio shadowed by Mr. Reagan's strong showing in that state. Only in New Jersey, where Mr. Reagan avoided campaigning, did the President have an easy time of it. Mr. Ford ends the primary season ahead of his challenger in pledged delegates and needing fewer than 150 delegates for victory, but unfortunately for him, most of the remaining delegates are to be chosen in conventions in states where Mr. Reagan is generally more popular among regular Republicans. These include Missouri, Iowa, North Dakota, Montana, Utah, Colorado, New Mexico, and Washington. Only in Connecticut, Delaware and Minnesota is Mr. Ford distinctly the favorite—an amazingly weak position for an incumbent president to be in. The increasingly probable nomination of Mr. Carter by the Democrats also works to President Ford's disadvantage. Not only Reagan supporters but also many disinterested political observers believe that Mr. Reagan would give the former Georgia governor a much stiffer battle for the electoral votes of the South than would the President. He would also presumably be a stronger candidate in vote-rich California. If it is impossible at this point clearly to foresee the outcome of the Ford-Reagan struggle, it is evident that this contest incurs increasing risks of personal bitterness and ideological disappointment no matter how it is resolved. The President tried to use Mr. Reagan's ill-considered comments on U.S. intervention in Rhodesia to pin the label of reckless war-maker on his opponent. This enraged Mr. Reagan and his supporters because it reminded them of what they regarded as a similar smear campaign against Sen. Goldwater on foreign policy issues prior to the 1964 convention. Such charges leave wounds often difficult to heal. The two GOP candidates broke even in the 24 primaries that they contested, while the President in addition won other primaries such as Massachusetts and New Jersey, where Mr. Reagan made no effort. The problem that each of the two antagonists now faces is how to win the nomination without damaging the other so severely that the prize would prove worthless in winning.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Good Work in Chile

Chile's military rulers must be having second thoughts about the wisdom of hosting the sixth General Assembly of the Organization of American States. Instead of providing the regime with the international respectability it so desperately desires, the OAS sessions thus far have focused heavily on flagrant violations of human rights in the Americas, particularly in Chile.

The Inter-American Human Rights Commission, a persistent and courageous OAS body often harassed or snubbed by member governments, produced for the Santiago meeting a special report documenting widespread "arbitrary jailings, persecutions and torture" in Chile. It accused the military regime of perpetuating heavy-handed repression while issuing decrees promising protection of human rights to "tranquilize and confuse world opinion."

As a sign of its sensitivity on the matter, Chile issued a 162-page reply, defending its pervasive security measures, challenging the commission's charges and hinting that the report was part of an international Communist conspiracy to subvert Chile. But Secretary of State Kissinger in Santiago endorsed the report, proposed wider powers and a larger budget for the commission and declared that human rights violations had "impaired our relationship with Chile and will continue to do so."

Mr. Kissinger's strong stand was as important as it was overdue. It was especially significant in Chile, where the regime claims it is a target for one-sided attacks, for the secretary to cite the Human Rights Commission's "independence, evenhandedness and constructive potential." In addition to its findings in Chile, the commission detailed alleged rights infractions in 16 American nations, including the United States, and, in a separate document, assailed Cuba for flagrant persecution of political prisoners.

The Santiago meetings have served to put an oppressive host government on the international griddle, to focus attention on abuses of human hights throughout the Americas, and to give the United States the opportunity, effectively seized by Mr. Kissinger, to return to a traditional stance in defense of human dignity. It is also possible that they will give a new lease on life to the inter-American system and a new mandate for useful work to its Human Rights Commission.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

International Opinion

After the Primaries

. . . Mr. Ford can still probably pull through: but he is a bloodied and diminished figure. Meanwhile the Democrats have Jimmy Carter. They may not like it much: they may—with some reason—be infinitely wary of an obscure, grinning Bible Belter; they may not even be very sure that he has the true capacity to survive a presidential campaign or, if he does, to be a successful president. But they have him nonetheless because there is no option . . . He has shown himself to the people and triumphed. None of this is wholly convenient. Washington would have preferred an old ally. Other governments, like our own, watching from afar, would have found Hubert Humphrey more comforting because more predictable. Yet who are we (or Washington) to argue with America's voters? . . .

—*From the Guardian (London).*

In the International Edition

Seventy-Five Years Ago

June 11, 1901

WASHINGTON—President McKinley, after a conference with his Cabinet, issued the following statement yesterday: "There still seems to be some talk of a third term regarding my person; I can only repeat what I have said in the past. My only ambition is to serve through my second term and then to retire to the duties of private citizen, along with my fellow Americans."

Fifty Years Ago

June 11, 1926

NEW YORK—Mary Pickford and Douglas Fairbanks plan to live in Los Angeles and Paris and to work all over the world, including Moscow. "Now that we are involved with United Artists, we must get into all phases of the movie business, not only starring in films, but in producing them also, and just as important, distributing them too, on a world-wide basis. It's all very exciting."



What's the Difference?

By Anthony Lewis

NEW YORK—Public cynicism about politics is an old story in this country, but the feeling seems especially strong this year. Pollsters telephoning prospective voters in the primary states met this sort of reaction again and again: "Oh, don't ask me about politicians. They're all the same. I'm not voting."

Indifference will be a particular threat to Jimmy Carter as the nominee. There remains a good deal of doubt about him among traditional Democratic voters in the North, and they have to be motivated to go to the polls. Among liberals especially there is a sour mood: some say Carter is really a conservative at heart, no different from President Ford, and they would just as soon vote for the known quantity of Ford.

Would a Carter presidency make a difference? We still have five months to go in this interminable election year, and they will be spent in good part drawing distinctions. But it is possible already to make up a sizable list of specifics that would be handled differently by Carter.

Vietnam Foes

Take an issue of peculiar symbolic import: amnesty for Vietnam draft resisters and deserters. It has no world significance, but it seems to me to matter a very great deal in terms of conscience and internal peace in this country.

Neither Gerald Ford nor Ronald Reagan could be expected to do anything for the thousands of young men who still face prosecution for Vietnam-era offenses. The Ford "clemency" program turned out to be a bitter joke; Ford has not even acted on any recommendations of his own board. Carter has said that, the week he took office, he would "pardon" all those who "defected" from service for reasons of conscience. I see no reason to doubt that he would.

On what could be described generally as issues of humane concern, a President Carter would be very different. At least one has to think so on the basis of his campaign statements and of his efforts as governor of Georgia to improve such things as mental health services and prison conditions.

It is extremely unlikely that Carter would take drastic administrative action to cut back food stamp benefits for the working poor, as the Ford administration has just done. There is next to no chance that he would veto a bill providing funds for needy children in day-care centers.

Sympathetic Ear

Similarly, those concerned for civil rights could expect a more sympathetic ear in the White House. Carter would not suggest that the Supreme Court should re-examine the case of Brown vs. Board of Education. He would not be ignorant of his Justice Department's legal position on racial questions.

In foreign affairs, too, the indications are that a Carter administration would be more concerned with human rights. In the main foreign policy speech of his primary campaign, Carter emphasized that subject. He condemned "policies that strengthen dictators." He scorned Secretary of State Kissinger for praising the Brazilian military government's respect for "human dignities."

Chile is a litmus test of attitudes. President Ford has explicitly refused to criticize U.S. intervention in Chile's democratic processes. Kissinger, evidently feeling the weight of criticism, now notes the brutalities of the regime he has so crucially aided. Carter has criticized the U.S. role in Chile and said, "It is un-American to interfere in the free political processes of another nation."

The likely choice of a secretary of state is a highly significant standard of comparison at this point. A good bet in either a Ford or Reagan administration would be John Connally, who in his foreign operations as secretary of the Treasury was known for suddenness, secrecy and crude disregard of allies.

Defense Posture

The most likely possibilities in a Carter administration are George Ball and Cyrus Vance. Both have emphasized the need to be steady, to choose long-term goals, to eschew sudden opportunism, to respect allies. It is unlikely that either would be sucked into an Angola, for example, or would feel it necessary to prove his manhood in a Mayaguez affair.

On defense, Carter would certainly not be a radical reformer. He spent years as a naval officer, and he is no dove on defense spending. On the other hand, he has said he is against the biggest proposed new weapons system, a main target of military budget criticism, the B-1 bomber. And he is more likely to appoint a reformist secretary of defense.

There are innumerable other specific differences that have already surfaced. Even Carter's critics, for example, generally credit him with a deep commitment to environmental protection. He would not be likely to veto a strip-mining bill—or to leap aboard a tuna boat, as Ford did recently in the search for votes, and denounce a judge's decision to enforce the law against the wanton slaughter of porpoises.

Of course, such an exploration of particular differences does not touch the deeper instincts that may move voters. Jimmy Carter still has to satisfy doubts about his philosophy and person—has to convince some natural Democratic voters that he can be trusted. But it is not really possible to say, in logic, that there is no difference between him and Ronald Reagan or Gerald Ford.

Carter's Soft Victory

By Joseph Kraft

CLEVELAND—Jimmy Carter tied up the Democratic presidential nomination by his big victory here in Ohio. In the process he showed all the skills and appeal that have served him so well throughout the primaries.

At the same time, he lost in California and New Jersey. So in the process he also exhibited anew the weaknesses which, unless corrected, are apt to make him vulnerable to President Ford in the election this fall.

Carter's skills are by now well known. He is above all a tireless campaigner. He was the only candidate with the stamina to visit California, New Jersey and Ohio in the last days before the primary.

No Divisive Issues

He steers clear of divisive issues, emphasizing instead religious and patriotic themes which have a universal appeal. In this state he ran very strongly down on the farm (winning by better than 5 to 1 in rural Scioto County over any other competitor, for example), fairly well in the smaller cities (winning Franklin County, or Columbus, by nearly 2 to 1) and not too badly in the highly urban areas (40 per cent in Cuyahoga County, embracing Cleveland, as against a total of 43 per cent for Rep. Morris Udall and Sen. Frank Church combined).

Finally, through a combination of strategic flair and acute polling, he has always been up for the "must" primary. He would have sunk from sight if he had not won in New Hampshire. Similarly if he had not beaten George Wallace in Florida and Henry Jackson in Pennsylvania.

Ohio, a large representative state, was his "must" primary of the three held on Tuesday. His big victory here brings his delegate count to nearly 1,100 out of the 1,505 necessary for nomination, and sets the stage for a mass cave-in.

The boss of bosses—Mayor Richard Daley of Chicago—pointed the way with the comment that "If Carter wins in Ohio . . . he will be the candidate," Gov. George Wallace and Sen. Henry Jackson have already taken the cue. Sen. Church, who seems actively to be seeking the vice-presidency, is getting ready.

Finally there is a large bloc of uncommitted delegates in New York and Pennsylvania who are equally apt to jump to Carter. So despite the continued opposition of Gov. Jerry Brown of California, who has shown extraordinary pulling power in his home state and in other primaries, a Carter nomination on the first ballot in New York seems certain.

Yet even as he was nailing down the nomination Gov. Carter revealed all the weaknesses that have dogged him throughout his brilliant campaign. The fact is that except for Ohio—a state without any important liberal base—Carter has done poorly in the big states of the industrial North.

He lost badly in California, the biggest state in the union, with only one-third of the votes given to Gov. Brown. He had previously run fourth in the second-biggest state, New York.

Needs Help

He ran second to favorite-son Adlai Stevenson in the third-largest state, Illinois. Though he won the fourth-largest state, Pennsylvania, he took less than 40 per cent of the vote. His victory in Michigan was by a tiny fraction. He lost the delegate fight in New Jersey to an uncommitted slate, and ran fourth in Massachusetts.

What all this says is that Mr. Carter is going to have to have help if he is to win the big industrial states in the November election. The help will have to come from precisely the group Mr. Carter has been running against in the primaries.

That is the big city organizations and the labor unions. Their support, in registering people and getting out the vote, will be all the more necessary since the new campaign-financing law places a relatively low limit (about $22 million, or at least $10 million less than George McGovern spent in 1972) on what each candidate can put out for the election.

Alliances

It is not impossible, of course, for Mr. Carter to form alliances with the city organizations and trade unions. He has a number of political operators who can deal easily with the traditional Democrats. Democratic National Chairman Robert Strauss can help. So can the choice of the right vice-presidential running-mate.

But the fact is that so far Mr. Carter has not had unified labor support in any major Northern state. Nor organization support. He has tended to put off followers of other candidates (according to the CBS-New York Times poll, large numbers of those who voted for Udall or Church would vote for President Ford in November) by invidious comments in emphasizing his repeated victories. So it is now a question whether he can personally show the grace and nobility he will need to unify the Democratic party for victory in the fall.

Setback for U.S.

Frustrations at ILO

By A. H. Raskin

GENEVA—The United States, which has made restoration of respect for "due process" a mainstay of its campaign to banish politics from the International Labor Organization, is learning once again that reliance on the elastic rules of any United Nations agency can open up a bottomless pit of new frustrations.

That lesson emerged forcefully from the reversal last week of the initial victory the U.S. delegation had won on barring the Palestine Liberation Organization from the ILO's 132-nation World Employment Conference, now meeting here. Under the constitution and standing orders of the labor group, its governing body had supposedly settled the issue irrevocably a week ago by voting to exclude the PLO.

But after interminable wrangles, in which ILO parliamentarians were called on for dozens of constitutional interpretations, the Palestinians were in, not out, and the U.S. victory had slipped away on a flood tide of legalisms. The same parliamentarians, who had originally declared that the first vote was not subject to either review or appeal, had no difficulty in deciding that "new elements" in the situation justified bending the rules to authorize a new ballot. This time the Palestinians came away with a 31-to-23 victory, as against a 24-to-23 defeat the first time around.

Request

The "new elements" involved two letters. One was from the League of Arab States formally requesting that the full conference make the decision on whether to admit the Palestinians as observers, a status they got last year in all regular meetings of the ILO. The other was a demand by the Organization of African Unity that all other liberation movements ride in with the PLO.

No one seriously pretended that either letter added any new dimension to the question. "The only new elements were that the same people who had been doing all the shouting in the first place were now shouting louder," commented a U.S. official.

The decisive factor in the turnaround was fear that the Arabs, backed by their allies in the Third World and the Soviet bloc, would boycott or otherwise disrupt the employment conference. In the end that fear proved more potent than concern among ILO leaders that a reversal might make the United States pull out immediately, rather than wait until November of next year, the deadline set by Secretary of State Henry A. Kissinger for evidence that the organization has "depoliticized" its activities.

Up to Challenge

The test for the ILO secretariat was how to engineer a second vote on a basis that would not too flagrantly affront the Americans in their insistence on a return to "due process." The organization's parliamentarians were equal to the challenge.

As a sop to the United States and those who had voted with it in excluding the Palest the ILO officers came u a compromise under whi issue went back to the go body, instead of going to t conference. That escape provided some solace t Americans on two counts was that the Palestinian sure to win by a vastly impressive margin if all th gates were allowed to vot other was that floor ac override the governing bod advance a longstanding ai the developing countries t grade the executive group and establish the "absolut eignty" of the full confer

The United States an other industrialized nation of which voted with it the Palestinians have gua seats in the governing bo the other 122 nations hav for the 18 remaining gov seats. By contrast, in t conference, countries that only 1.3 per cent of the II get command a majority floor votes. The United alone pays a quarter of t get, to which contributi set according to gross product.

Doomed to Lo

With the end of the fi the PLO—one the Unite knew it was doomed to l U.S. government, employ labor representatives ho moderates in the African and Latin American del will join in an attempt press explosive outside iss thus permit the confer concentrate on the only less explosive arguments in trying to harmonize t of the rich and poor na creation of jobs and re tion of income.

But a condemnation introduced by Communi from the Soviet Union, Europe, France and Cuba regard of a general und ing that all groups wo the agenda clear of suc has already caused the U. er delegates to call for a of the resolutions commit Americans are also comm walk out of the hall i the Palestinians address ference. Ill will on th side was reflected in an Mexican attempt last we upset the standing ord way that would make it get any controversial r on the floor without ref a screening panel.

All these crosscurren made the Americans bi vate conversations lookin possibility of speeding t parture and building a ri organization in conjunct the Common Market nat Norway, Sweden, Japan, and Australia. The vehi be an attachment to th nization for Economic tion and Development, already deeply involved ters of employment an similar to those that co ILO. The idea of switch giance has strong pari both the American wo employer delegations he

Downhill Slo

"Whether we go or ILO is on a downhill sl ope United States union OECD is already heavily in north-south dialogue has more authority t their conflicts than the It is a good place for us

The advantage of a the OECD is that it more a private proving Western democracies tha polarized ILO. It consi industrial nations, tha tions the United States to group around it in to end use of the II launching pad for anti- propaganda. The disadv a flight to the OECD would leave the develop tries talking to them labor matters, except t tent that they coul with the Third World t chosen instrument, the Group of 77, whose me tions now number 113.

Whether the OECD w house room to the hotter conjectural, and no t couragement for the f come from the govern of the U.S. delegation. emergence of a possible go represents the strid dication thus far of group's determination loose. So far, however, all staying, and most Americans expect that still be here when the f drops in two weeks.

"We don't expect mira night," is the official U.

INTERNATIONAL
Herald Tribune
Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post

Chairman
John Hay Whitney

Co-Chairmen
Katharine Graham
Arthur Ochs Sulzberger

Publisher
Robert T. MacDonald

Editor
Murray M. Weiss

Managing Editor
George W. Bates

Harry Becker, Senior Editorial Writer

International Herald Tribune, S.A. au capital de 2.520.000 F. R.C. Paris No 73 B 2112. 21 Rue de Berri, 75380 Paris Cedex 08. Tel.: 225-36-65. Telex: 280.566 Herald, Paris. Cables: Herald, Paris. Le Directeur de la publication: Walter N. Thayer.
© 1976 International Herald Tribune. All rights reserved.
Commission Paritaire No 34.731.

هكذا من الأصل

BUSINESS

INTERNATIONAL
Herald Tribune
Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post

FINANCE

PARIS, FRIDAY, JUNE 11, 1976

But Warns of Inflation

EC Unit Raises Target For Growth to 4.5%

SSELS, June 10 (AP-DJ). general economic recovery European Economic Com- under way since the sum- 1975, has been consolidat- year and justifies predic- a 4.5-per-cent growth in al gross national product ear against a decline of cent in 1975, the EEC ssion said today.

omic and monetary com- er Wilhelm Haferkamp, ing the commission's lat- nomic report at a press nce, said EEC authorities ident that the economic will continue this year l into 1977.

eport marked the second hat the commission has d its forecast for a higher IP growth. Last Septem- predicted a 3.5-per-cent . Haferkamp noted, and it spoke of a near 4-per-

aferkamp emphasized that the current uptrend is ed by stronger consumer by a reversal in the

...p Inflation ...in Fear in ...CD Talks

By Jack Aboaf

June 10 (AP-DJ).—In- ed nations are seriously d over the possibility of into a new and deeper if the current economic is not properly control-

...ion of the medium-term began today within the Policy Committee of ...anization for Economic ...on and Development in

...scussion is expected to ...a how far the current harmonizes in terms of ...ould be a "realistic" hrough 1980, bearing in ...much inflation would ...ble" and to what ex- ...ployment should be ab-

...st serious problem, con- ...urces said, involves the ...oubts hanging over in- expectations.

...h labor-unit costs are ...to be reasonably prom- the near-term, it dif- assess inflationary ex- because of uncertain- the future price trends ...odities in general and particular, the sources

...dic, another group of ...nder the chairmanship ...cCracken, former chair- the U.S. Council of Advisers, has been he same problem. ...st-member group of in- international econo- been given the task of ...g medium and long- tegies and policies to non-inflationary and expansion. It has met ...rily since last Novem- ...n interim report on its ...s expected to be pre- the OECD ministerial scheduled for June 21

...orst thing that could for the current boom to lead to a new wave ...m and an economic ...e conference source

Lennep's Warning

...rce said that warnings secretary-general Emile ...p on the risks of reces- ...not go unheeded."

...ng the International ...anization in Geneva Mr. Van Lennep warn- if the recovery ac- ...much further it can generate into a new ...y boom leading quite ...to a new worldwide ...n 1977 or 1978."

...CD official said that inflationary recession was the "inevitable ...e of the excesses of ...boom."

...last year, when wide ...s appeared, member ...ts are very close to with the assessment of secretariat. ...oration of a concerted ...er a compatible, sus- ...nd inflationary-free ...ll be one of the main ...he agenda of the min- ...sference.

...Retail Sales ...2% in May

...NGTON, June 10 (Reu- ...tail sales fell 1.2 per ...ay to a seasonally ad- ...644 billion, the Com- ...partment reported to- ...y level, however, was ...ent higher than May, ...les posted the biggest ...lling 3.9 per cent. Du- ...le sales which include ...3 per cent while non- ...obile sales declined 0.4

...movement of stocks and by expansionary programs decided by individual member states.

He conceded that capital investments are still not what they should be, and said more is needed to push investments in capital goods.

Warning on Inflation

The crucial problem for the community in the coming months would be to protect the recovery against the damaging effects of inflation, the report said.

Mr. Haferkamp pointed to the dangers of a new bout of inflation that could result from the upswing, and called on governments, trade unions and enterprises to be cautious in incomes policy, wage demands and price rises.

The commissioner also noted that inflationary trends in the EEC are still strongly divergent, with an anticipated 5-per-cent consumer price rise expected in West Germany this year, contrasting with a 20-per-cent or more price increase in Italy.

Today, the Italian government reported that Italy's index of general consumer prices stood at 193.8 in April (1970 equals 100), up 2.6 per cent from March. It was the highest monthly gain since January, 1975.

The increase from April, 1975, was 15.3 per cent, the highest since the year-to-year increase, also of 15.3 per cent, posted last August.

For the whole of the EEC, the commission report predicted a 1976 average inflation rate of 11 per cent, only marginally down from 11.5 per cent last year.

Mr. Haferkamp stressed commission concern over the divergences in prices, costs and external positions of EEC member states and said there is a real danger that this could lead to the division of the community into two blocs if the current trends were not arrested.

France to Lead Way

The commission report predicted the highest real GNP growth would occur in France, with a rise of 6 per cent following a 2-per-cent decline in 1975, and the lowest growth would be in Italy, with a rise of 1.6 per cent comparing with a 3.7-per-cent decline last year.

For West Germany, the commission projected a 5.2-per-cent real GNP growth this year, which compares with a decline of 0.4 per cent registered in 1975.

The United Kingdom can expect a growth of 2.4 per cent in its real GNP against a 1.6-per-cent decline last year.

France is also expected by the commission to register the highest rise in production, up 10 per cent this year from a fall of 7.3 per cent in 1975. Britain is expected to show the lowest rate in the EEC with 2.8 per cent, comparing with a 5-per-cent production decline last year.



Associated Press.

MERGING—The National Association of Manufacturers and the Chamber of Commerce are discussing a merger, NAM president Douglas Kenna, left, and Chamber president Richard Lesher announce. Two largest U.S. business organizations, total membership 73,000, aim to join by early 1977 to get more clout in Washington.

Despite 'Sustained and Durable Recovery'

U.S. Outlook Is Called Unchanged

WASHINGTON, June 10 (AP).—President Ford's top economic adviser said today that a mid-year review has prompted the administration to maintain its original forecast for 1976, including that of continued high unemployment, despite the nation's "sustained and durable" recovery from recession.

Chairman Alan Greenspan of the President's Council of Economic Advisers said that the nation should not expect the large gains in economic output of the last nine months to continue at such a high level.

And despite substantial improvements in recent weeks, he said, the administration still believes the jobless rate may be 7 per cent or more at the end of the year.

"As of mid-year . . . there did not appear to be compelling reasons to make major changes in the overall outlook for 1976," Mr. Greenspan told the congressional Joint Economic Committee.

Slight Improvement

However, Mr. Greenspan said the rate of inflation probably would be slightly better than the 5.9-per-cent increase forecast by the council last January.

And the increase in the gross national product would probably be somewhat greater than the council's earlier forecast of a 6.2-per-cent gain, he said.

Although he did not mention specific forecasts for the year, he said the underlying rate of inflation has probably been reduced to a range of 5 to 6 per cent.

Mr. Greenspan said the gains in employment and the drop in unemployment, from the recession's high of 8.9 per cent to 7.3 per cent last month, have been dramatic. Even so, he offered no change in the earlier official forecast of a jobless rate of from 7 per cent to 7.5 per cent at the end of 1976.

While the economy may not match the gains of the past nine months, when overall economic output increased at an annual rate of 8.4 per cent, Mr. Greenspan said, most evidence points to a sustained and durable recovery in the year ahead.

"Consequently, although the pace of the recovery should be expected to subside a bit, there is no evidence that it will fade in the immediate or foreseeable future," he told the committee.

He said the low rate of inflation, averaging about 3.5 per cent during the past four months, probably cannot be sustained because food prices should begin increasing slightly again after declining during the first part of this year.

He said the nation needs to exercise restraint in its money and spending policies in order to keep the economic recovery from igniting inflation again.

"Unless we can accomplish this we cannot safely count on a continued deceleration in inflation. Indeed we cannot even count on being able to avoid another serious future recession," he added.

University Forecast

ANN ARBOR, Mich., June 10 (AP-DJ).—A University of Michigan forecast predicts the nation's gross national product will increase by 6.7 per cent this year, but decline next year by 3.7 per cent.

In a revision of a forecast made last December, economists Saul Hymans and Harold Shapiro said they now foresee greater GNP growth and less inflation and unemployment.

They said this year's GNP growth would be spurred by a 30-per-cent increase in real auto sales and a 29-per-cent increase in home construction.

Next year, however, they expect a progressive slowdown in GNP growth, beginning about mid-year. They said it would at first be braked by a decline in home construction and capital investment caused by tightened credit, and later by a fall in auto sales following a record 1977 model year.

The economists said they expect inflation to accelerate to 6.2 per cent in the second half of this year for an overall 5.4-per-cent figure for 1976.

Unemployment should average 7.25 per cent this year, bottoming at 6.8 per cent by mid-1977 before rising again to 7 per cent by the end of 1977, they said.

In their earlier forecast, the economists predicted inflation and GNP would be up 5.9 per cent this year and unemployment would average 7.9 per cent.

Could Dilute Power of OPEC

China Strengthens Position as Oil Exporter

By Theodore Shabad

NEW YORK, June 10 (NYT).—China has announced the opening of a large new oil terminal in the Manchurian port of Dairen, further strengthening its position as a petroleum exporter to Far Eastern and other Asian markets.

The completion of the new port, accommodating oil tankers of up to 100,000 tons, was reported last month in a Chinese broadcast monitored by the Foreign Broadcast Information Service of the U.S. government.

Another broadcast showed that the Chinese are stepping up their program of exploration for offshore oil deposits on the continental shelf of the Yellow Sea. China's first offshore drilling vessel, launched in 1974, reportedly gathered "invaluable information" from a prospecting well drilled last year.

The completion of the Dairen oil terminal and the intensified effort to develop offshore deposits are the latest developments in China's rivalry with the Soviet Union for oil markets in the Pacific basin, notably in Japan.

Geography favors China, whose principal oil fields, including the Taching field in Manchuria and the Takang and Shengli fields on the Yellow Sea coast, are better located in relation to Far East markets than the Soviet Union's west Siberian oil-producing region.

China now produces only about one-sixth as much oil as the Soviet Union, with 1.6 million barrels a day, but has been rapidly stepping up its exports, mostly to Japan. Last year, China may have exported as much as 300,000 barrels a day, about half of it to Japan.

The Dairen oil terminal is the second major export outlet for Chinese oil to have been started up in a little more than a year. Early last year, Peking announced the start of tanker shipments from the oil port of Chinwangtao, northwest of Dairen.

Potential Reported

TAIPEI, June 10 (UPI).—Rapid expansion of China's oil exports "may dilute the power" of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries, two American-Chinese economists specializing in Chinese affairs said today.

China has the potential for such an export expansion but it is by no means clear whether Chinese officials intend to exploit it, economists K.C. Yeh and Y.L. Wu told participants in the fifth Sino-American Conference on Mainland China.

Mr. Yeh is a senior economist at the Rand Corporation in Santa Monica, California, and Mr. Wu is a professor and chairman of the department of economics at the University of San Francisco.

They presented a paper on "oil and strategy" during the third day of the four-day conference, attended by about 100 China scholars from the United States and Taiwan.

"A small but sharply increasing amount of oil exports from Communist China in recent years has generated considerable interest in Communist China as a potential oil exporter, particularly in Japan and the United States. The reasons for such widespread interest are not far to seek," they reported.

Because of the severe shock caused by the Arab oil embargo, Japan began to look at other sources, particularly China.

"A substantial supply from the Chinese mainland could reduce its vulnerability to abrupt cutoffs by OPEC countries and could perhaps provide some leverage in its negotiations with the Soviet Union over the joint development of energy resources in Siberia. Moreover, oil could become the key commodity to sustain rapid growth of trade between Japan and Communist China," the economists said.

In the case of the United States, a sharp rise in China's oil exports and foreign exchange earning capacity "may also open up markets for U.S. exports," the economists suggested.

"Similarly, Communist China, as a major independent supplier, may dilute the power of OPEC." Available evidence indicates China will maintain a fairly high pace of development, but it is not at all clear what uses will be made of the increased supply, they said.

Wall St. Prices Show Gains On Fed Money Report Hopes

NEW YORK, June 10 (IHT).—Prices closed generally higher on the New York Stock Exchange, today, with trading slow as investors awaited the Federal Reserve money-supply report after the closing.

The Dow Jones industrial average gained 6.30 points to 964.39. About 910 issues gained, compared with about 450 declining.

Volume totaled 16.1 million shares, compared with 14.56 million yesterday.

Brokers attributed some buying interest to the new cease-fire in Lebanon and a favorable assessment of the economic outlook by White House adviser Alan Greenspan.

There was also hope that the money-supply figures would show no change or a decline. A broad expansion of the supply earlier brought on tighter Fed credit policy, although the expansion stopped in the two previous reporting weeks.

After the close, the Fed reported that for the most recent week the basic money supply was up by $1 billion.

Lockheed Aircraft gained 5/8 to 10 1/2. The aerospace manufacturer said it reached an "understanding" with its lending banks on a financial package.

Conrac picked up 1 3/8 to 21 7/8. It declared a 10-per-cent stock dividend and raised the quarterly payout.

Other firm spots included IBM ahead 2 at 255 1/8, Digital Equipment 1 7/8 to 156, J.R. McDermott 1 1/4 to 51 1/2, Getty Oil 6 to 173, and Motorola 2 5/8 to 57 1/4.

Union Pacific rose 1 1/4 to 88 1/8. It said it received a contract from Toyota Motor Co. to transport 60,000 autos per year from Portland, Oregon, to Midwestern points.

Also higher were Eastman Kodak up 1 1/8 to 97 3/8, Hewlett-Packard 1 5/8 to 106 1/4, Exxon 1 5/8 to 102 1/4, Superior Oil 5 to 172, Texas Instruments 2 1/4 to 116 1/2, and Cone Mills 2 1/2 to 43 1/4.

Prices on the Chicago Board Options Exchange advanced, with gainers topping losers, 404 to 81. Turnover approximated 59,446 contracts, up from 50,186 contracts yesterday.

Prices on the American Stock Exchange advanced in light trading. The Amex index rose 0.32 to 101.75.

Soybeans closed with a limit gain of 20 cents a bushel on the Chicago Board of Trade. It marked the second limit close of the week and five straight days of advancing prices. The gain in that period totaled 75 cents.

Stock Tables Unavailable

The IHT regrets that because of transmission difficulties it is unable to publish the New York and American Stock Exchange tables in this edition.

European Buyers of IMF Gold See a Period of Price Stability

By Clyde H. Farnsworth

PARIS, June 10 (NYT).—European buyers of gold at an auction of the International Monetary Fund last week in Washington say that they acted because they see a period of price stability ahead for the metal, with little downside risk.

Specialists in the gold trading departments of leading European banks agreed in a series of telephone interviews that among the stabilizing forces was the willingness of the central banks of France, Switzerland and perhaps other countries to buy gold.

The Bank of France acquired 33,000 ounces of gold, or 4 per cent of the total offerings, the French Finance Ministry announced. Since the gold brought $126 an ounce, the French paid a little over $4 million.

Although there has been no announcement from the Swiss authorities, it is understood that the Swiss National Bank acquired roughly the same amount as the French.

Altogether 780,000 ounces brought $92 million at the auction, the first of 16 to be held in the next two years to raise money for a fund to help developing countries.

The IMF did not release the names of the bidders, but reports from Washington, confirmed by European sources, showed that almost all the gold was taken by European institutions.

The Bank for International Settlements in Basel, which acts as a forum for many central banks of the world, acquired about one-fifth of the total.

Only one other institution, Swiss Bank Corporation of Zurich, a prominent Swiss commercial bank, took more than the BIS by bidding successfully for 23 per cent of the total.

A Zurich banker said his institution felt that the results of the auction were positive by showing "a change in the overall sentiment about gold." Gold prices have fallen in the last year from a high of almost $200 an ounce. Since the auction the price has held at more than $126 an ounce.

U.K. Bank Acts Sporadically To Defend Level of Sterling

LONDON, June 10 (AP-DJ).—Sterling weathered another European trading session today with off-and-on support from the Bank of England.

Late in the afternoon the pound was quoted at $1.7705 compared with $1.7710 in New York late yesterday, $1.7744 in Europe late yesterday and $1.7093 a week earlier.

Dealers said the Bank of England was in and out of the market, but they said they did not think the scale of its support for sterling was large.

Sterling may face its next big test Monday, when the government is due to report the country's trade figures for May. The stock brokerage firm of Phillips & Drew forecast that Britain will register a May deficit of about £250 million compared with an April deficit of £255 million.

In late European trading today sterling's trade weighted depreciation against 10 major currencies widened slightly to 39.2 per cent from 39.1 per cent late yesterday. A week earlier, when sterling hit its all-time low, it was 41.6 per cent at the European close.

Sterling appeared to be little affected today by the Labor government's victory yesterday in a vote of no confidence.

The government won by 309 votes to 290, a majority of 19, and headed off a national election. The opposition Conservative party had pressed the vote, claiming mismanagement of the economy.

Dutch Slashing Public Outlay to Fight Inflation

THE HAGUE, June 10 (AP).—The Dutch government announced today large cuts in public spending to combat rising unemployment and inflation.

The coalition government of Socialist Premier Joop den Uyl has told parliament the measures will save 8.8 billion guilders ($3.2 billion) between now and 1980.

The biggest economies are in the welfare system, where a giant 6 billion guilders has been slashed from the budget.

Social benefits which have been trimmed include disability pay, child allowances and various welfare payouts which civil servants receive.

Government officials say the plan is based on a long-term theory that unemployment in the Netherlands is caused mainly by high wages, which under the Dutch system results in a strain on the social security system.

By forcibly holding down social security payments, the government hopes wages will stabilize and this will reduce unemployment.

Iran Cuts Price Of Heavy Crude By Up to 7 Cents

TEHRAN, June 10 (AP-DJ).—Following the lead taken by Kuwait and Saudi Arabia, Iran today lowered the price of its heavy crude oil by 5 to 7 cents a barrel.

Medium and heavy crude are used mainly for industrial and marine fuel. The price reduction should help worldwide economic recovery until January, 1977, when the current oil price freeze period ends, an oil authority said.

Iran's total oil production of heavy-weight crude is 1.8 million barrels out of a total daily production of 5.6 million barrels.

A 7-cent cut will bring the price down to $11.33 a barrel.

We know your part of the world.

GENEVA
LONDON
BUENOS AIRES

(and other financial centers)

Wherever you do business, Trade Development Bank is at your service with a wide range of international banking facilities. Offices or representatives in most principal cities.

Trade Development Bank

Member of the Trade Development Bank Holding.
Assets: US$ 2,6 billion. Total capital funds employed: in excess of US$ 250 million.

Key Group offices:
Geneva: 2, place du Lac
96-98, rue du Rhône
Paris: 20, place Vendôme
London: 21, Aldermanbury
New York: Republic National Bank,
452 Fifth Avenue



Head offices of Trade Development Bank, Geneva.

One of the world's great banks.

Berry Wiggins: Continuing growth through serving the oil industry

Mr. Paul Bristol, Chairman of Berry Wiggins & Co. Limited, states in the Company's Annual Report:

"During 1975 the Company progressed very satisfactorily. Its financial base was strengthened and secured by the Rights Issue and by financing all the outstanding KCA drilling equipment. The record result was 47 per cent higher than last year, an increase from £1,260,000 to £1,857,000 in profits before tax.

The major contributor to earnings during 1975 was KCA, and, it is because of its reorganisation and the efficiency of the operational staff that it has been able to show the considerable growth in earnings and activities since our take over two years ago. KCA, however, has only been able to build up its earnings because of its acquisition by Berry Wiggins. This provided KCA with the necessary size to enable the Group to finance the $30 million worth of equipment needed for the development of its contracts in Algeria and the North Sea.

Berry Wiggins has advanced, through the last three years, to a position of stability where its major activities in drilling, through KCA Drilling, and in drilling fluids (mud), through its 51 per cent ownership of Oil Base Ltd., and Oil Base Germany, have continued to expand.

It is the intention of the Board that the major growth in the Group should be as a drilling contracting and mud servicing company to the oil industry. The base of the Company is now sound and we can expect to grow largely in drilling and drilling muds with less emphasis in exploration, bituminous products and refining, although these divisions remain important parts of the Group.

Berry Wiggins' growth will continue. Inside the divisions of the Company there is plenty of room for the growth of our drilling and mud divisions on a geographically diverse basis.

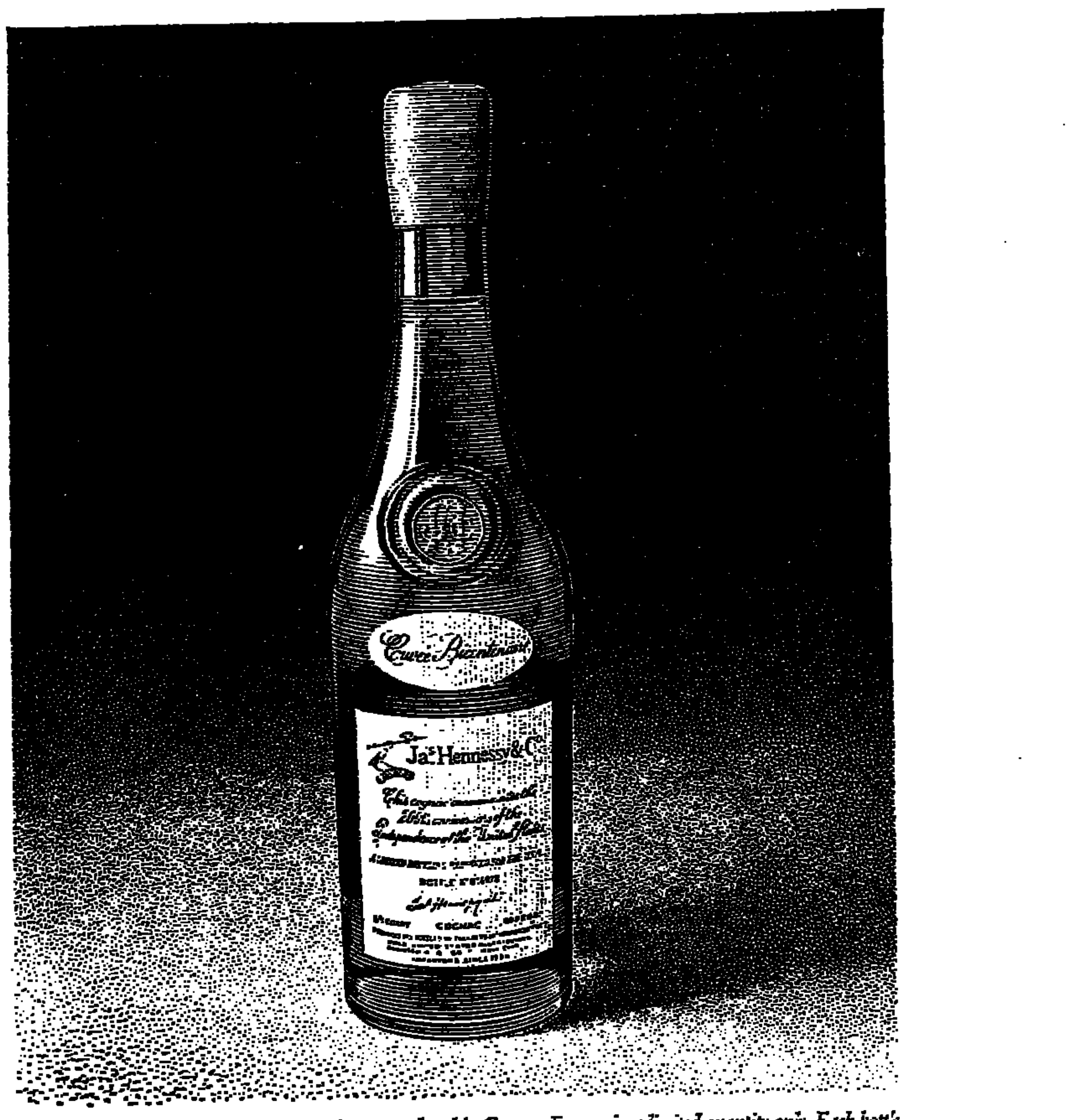
As we are well into 1976, I would like to report that the major divisions progress satisfactorily".

	1975 £000s	1974 £000s
Turnover	11,756	19,907
Trading Profit	1,883	914
Profit before Taxation	1,857	1,260
Total funds invested	22,449	18,035
Trading profit per cent of turnover	16.0%	4.6%
Profit before taxation per cent of total funds invested	8.3%	7.0%

BERRYWIGGINS

London office: Berkeley Square House, London W1X 6BY

Bicentennial Cuvée by Hennessy: from an old house to a young country.



This special American Bicentennial Cuvée was produced in Cognac, France, in a limited quantity only. Each bottle has been numbered and is sold exclusively within the United States of America.
All stocks having already been sold, this advertisement appears as a matter of record only.

These bonds having been sold, this announcement appears as a matter of record only.

NEW ISSUE

4th JUNE 1976

Massey-Ferguson Nederland N.V.

U.S. $75,000,000

9½% Guaranteed Bonds due 1991

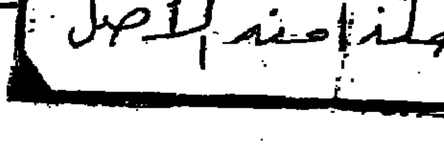
Unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed as to payment of principle and interest by

Massey-Ferguson Limited

The Underwriters of this Issue included:

Swiss Bank Corporation (Luxembourg) Limited — **Chase Manhattan Limited**
Credit Suisse White Weld Limited — **Union Bank of Switzerland (Securities) Limited**

Alahli Bank of Kuwait (KSC)
Algemene Bank Nederland NV
A. E. Ames & Co Limited
Amsterdam-Rotterdam Bank NV
Andresens Bank AS
Arab Financial Consultants Company SAK
Arab Finance Corp.
Arnhold and S. Bleichroeder Inc.
Julius Baer International Limited
Banca Commerciale Italiana
Banca Nazionale del Lavoro
Banca del Gottardo
Banca della Svizzera Italiana
Bank of America International Limited
Bank Gutzwiller, Kurz, Bungener (Overseas) Ltd
Bank Heusser & Cie Limited
Bank Leu International Ltd
Bank in Liechtenstein
Bank Mees & Hope NV
Banque Arabe et Internationale d'Investissement (B.A.I.I.)
Banque Bruxelles Lambert SA
Banque Française du Commerce Extérieur
Banque Française de Dépôts et de Titres
Banque Générale du Luxembourg SA
Banque de l'Indochine et de Suez
Banque Internationale à Luxembourg SA
Banque Louis-Dreyfus
Banque Nationale de Paris
Banque de Neuflize, Schlumberger, Mallett
Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas
Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas (Suisse) SA
Banque Populaire Suisse SA Luxembourg
Banque Privée SA
Banque Scandinave en Suisse
Banque de l'Union Européenne
Barclays Bank International Limited
Baring Brothers & Co., Limited
Bayerische Hypotheken-und Wechsel-Bank
Bayerische Landesbank Girozentrale
Bayerische Vereinsbank
Berliner Handels-und Frankfurter Bank
Blyth Eastman Dillon & Co. International Limited
Breisach Pinschof Schoeller Bankkommanditgesellschaft
Caisse Centrale des Banques Populaires
Caisse des Dépôts et Consignations
Christiania Bank og Kreditkasse
Commerzbank Aktiengesellschaft
Clariden Bank
Crédit Commercial de France
Crédit Industriel et Commercial
Creditanstalt-Bankverein
Credito Italiano
Crédit Lyonnais
Crédit du Nord
Daiwa Europe NV
Den Danske Bank af 1871 Aktieselskab
Den Norske Creditbank
Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft
Dillon, Read Overseas Corporation
Dominion Securities Corporation Harris & Partners Limited
Dresdner Bank Aktiengesellschaft
Eurocapital SA
European Banking Co Ltd
First Boston (Europe) Limited
Robert Fleming & Co., Limited
Genossenschaftliche Zentralbank AG
Girozentrale und Bank der Österreichischen Sparkassen AG
Goldman Sachs International Corp.
Groupement des Banquiers Privés Genevois
Guyerzeller Zurmont Bank AG
Hambros Bank Ltd
Handelsbank NW (Overseas) Ltd
Hessische Landesbank-Girozentrale
Hill Samuel & Co Limited
IBJ International Limited
Kansallis-Osake-Pankki
Kidder, Peabody International Limited
Kjøbenhavns Handelsbank
Kleinwort, Benson Limited
Kredietbank NV
Kredietbank S.A. Luxembourgeoise
Kuhn, Loeb & Co. International
Kuwait Foreign Trading & Contracting
Kuwait International Investment Company s.a.k.
Kuwait Investment Company SAK
La Roche & Cie
Lazard Brothers & Co Ltd
Lazard Frères & Cie
Lazard Frères & Co
Liechtensteinische Landesbank
Lehman Brothers Incorporated
London Multinational Bank (Underwriters) Limited
McLeod, Young, Weir & Co Ltd
Merrill Lynch International & Co
Morgan Grenfell & Co Limited
Morgan Stanley International
Nederlandsche Middenstandsbank NV
Nederlandse Credietbank NV
Neue Bank
The Nikko Securities Co., (Europe) Ltd.
Nomura Europe NV
Norddeutsche Landesbank Girozentrale
Nordfinanz-Bank Zurich
Orion Bank Limited
Österreichische Länderbank AG
Pierson, Heldring & Pierson NV
Privatbank & Verwaltungsgesellschaft
Privatbanken Aktieselskab
Rabomerica International Bank NV
Rahn & Bodmer
Rothschild Bank AG
N. M. Rothschild & Sons Limited
Salomon Brothers International Limited
Samuel Montagu & Co Limited
A. Sarasin & Cie
J. Henry Schroder Bank AG
J. Henry Schroder Wagg & Co. Limited
Schweizerische Depositen-und Kreditbank
Strauss, Turnbull & Co.
Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken
Smith Barney, Harris Upham & Co Inc.
Société Générale
Société Générale de Banque SA
Svenska Handelsbanken
United Overseas Bank SA
Vereins-und Westbank AG
Verband Schweizerischer Kantonalbanken
J. Vontobel & Co
S. G. Warburg & Co Ltd
Wegelin & Co
Westdeutsche Landesbank Girozentrale
Wood Gundy Limited
Yamaichi International (Europe) Ltd



Toronto Stocks

Closing Prices June 9, 1976

Sales	Stock	High	Low	Last	Ch'ge
17500	Abby Glen	$5⅝	5½	5½	+ ⅛
6397	Abitibi	$11⅞	11¾	11⅞	— ⅛
100	Acklands	$13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	— ⅛
4477	Agnico E	$5	485	5	+ 15
3372	Alta Gas A	$12½	12¼	12⅜	
242	Alta Nat	$26⅝	26⅛	26⅛	— ⅜
125	Algo Cent	$12¼	12¼	12¼	+ ⅛
2501	Alliance B	375	275	275	
610	Alminex	$5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	
16750	Atco A	$15⅝	14	14	—1¼
1489	BP Can	$10	9½	9½	— ⅜
700	Banister C	$9⅛	9	9	— ¼
2558	Bank N S	$40⅛	40⅛	40⅛	— ¼
100	Baton B	$8¼	8¼	8¼	— ⅛
17807	Bell Canad	$47⅛	47⅛	47⅛	— ⅜
8045	Beth Cop A	$13¼	13⅛	13⅛	— ⅛
10900	Block Bros	420	410	420	+ 10
10956	Bovis Cor	85	84	85	
3900	Bralor Res	360	350	360	+ 5
150	Bramalea	$5¾	5¾	5¾	— ¼
13100	Brameda	129	122	122	—1
1100	Brenda M	$8	8	8	+ ⅛
6508	Bridger	$7	6⅞	7	
2025	BC Phone	$12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	
3600	Brnswk	$5⅛	5¼	5¼	— ⅛
1000	Budd Auto	$5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅛
170	Burns Fds	$10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	— ⅛
100	Cad Fry	$11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	
845	Cal Pow A	$29⅛	29⅛	29⅛	— ⅛
408	Camflo	$9⅝	9½	9⅝	
855	Campau A	485	480	485	+ 5
9999	C Nor West	$8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
75	C Pakas C	$22⅛	22⅛	22⅛	— ⅛
350	C Pakrs C	$22⅛	22⅛	22⅛	— ⅛
350	Can Perm	$18	18	18	— ¼
1165	Can Trus A	$22⅛	22⅛	22⅛	
300	C Tung	400	400	400	
48	C Cablesy	$17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	— ⅛
580	Cdn Cel	$6⅞	6⅞	6⅞	
25	Cde	$27⅛	27⅛	27⅛	— ⅛
4005	Ci Bk Com	$26⅛	26⅛	26⅛	— ⅛
6334	Cdn Tire a	$43⅛	40½	43⅛	+ ½
3700	C Utilities	$17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	— ⅛
300	Canbra	395	395	395	
800	Candel Oil	$14	14	14	+ ½
463	Cassiar	$6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛
1100	Celanese	$5	5	5	+ ⅛
1335	Chieftan D	$7⅛	7	7	
900	Chom	$7¼	7¼	7¼	+ ⅛
550	Coch Will	31	31	31	
700	C Holiday I	315	315	315	
1450	Con Bldg	245	237	241	+ 6
9900	Con Distrb	385	370	370	—15
4490	Cons Gas	$12⅛	12	12	
880	Con Fardy	425	415	420	—5
600	Craignt	$6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
3450	Crush Intl	$8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
1000	Cyprus	$10½	10½	10½	
901	Denison	$60½	59	60½	+ ½
8222	Dickenson	$5	499	5	+ 5
1836	Dolasco A	$28⅛	28⅛	28⅛	+ ⅛
19700	Dom Store	$15⅛	15⅛	15⅛	
9000	Textile A	$9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	+ ⅛
10	Du Pont	$16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	— ⅛
50	Dylex L A	$6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
2213	East Mal	200	196	196	— 4
225	Electro A	$5	5	5	
1700	Emco	$8½	8⅛	8⅛	+ ⅛
1600	Falcon C	$8	8	8	
601	Falcon	$37¼	37¼	37¼	+ ¼
7200	Fed Ind A	$5⅝	5	5	— ⅝
4000	Francena	$8½	8½	8½	
100	Fraser A	$21¼	21¼	21¼	
50	Fruehauf	$6¼	6¼	6¼	
100	G Distrib A	$8	8	8	
7800	Gnt Masct	135	133	135	+ 1
11400	Gibraltar	$8	7¾	8	+ ½
200	Goodyear	$13	13	13	— ⅛
10725	Garit G	$34	34	34	— ½
1600	Granduc	150	140	150	+ 5
100	Gt Oil Sds	$5	5	5	— ⅛
250	Gl Paper	$30⅝	30⅝	30⅝	
200	Greyhnd	$18	18	18	
1742	Guar Trst	$5⅝	5½	5⅝	— ⅛
200	Hambro C	300	300	300	+ 10
2667	Hawker	$6¼	6	6	
245	Hayes D A	$6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
4355	H Bay Co	$20	19⅞	19⅞	— ¼
600	IAC	$17¾	17⅛	17¾	+ ⅛
700	Indusmin	$8½	8½	8½	
200	Inland Gas	$9	9	9	
2050	Int Mogul	250	250	250	+ 1
8343	Int Pipe A	$14½	14¼	14½	+ ⅛
905	Inv Grp A	$7⅛	7	7	— ⅛
250	Jannock	$6⅛	6¾	6⅛	+ ⅛
2558	Kaiser Re	$13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	— ⅛
500	Kaps Tran	161	161	161	— 2
400	Kelsey H	$11⅛	11⅛	11⅛	
2975	Kerr A A	$13⅛	13	13⅛	+ ⅛
50	Koffler A	460	460	460	—15
965	Labatt A	$16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	+ ⅛
3340	Lacana	380	375	375	+ 5
1050	LL Lac	145	145	145	
220	Lob Co A	425	425	425	— 5
735	Lob Co B	450	425	425	—15
1500	Loeb M	295	295	295	
2300	Mclan H A	$8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
4435	MB Ltd	$21¼	20⅞	21	— ⅛
2300	Madsen	47½	47½	47½	— 1
550	M LF Mills	$29	28⅛	29	+ ⅛
430	Malgmi A	$17½	17½	17½	— ⅛
22995	Moore	$41⅛	41	41⅛	— ⅛
190	Nat Trust	$16	16	16	+ ⅛
3406	Noranda A	$37	36½	37	+ ⅛
7228	Norcen	$13⅛	13	13	— ⅛
750	Ntecm B W	$17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	+ ⅛
521	Nowsco W	$16¾	16¾	16¾	
30	OGF Ind	345	345	345	—20
900	Orchan A	280	280	280	
630	Oshawa A	475	470	470	
1300	Patnor A	325	325	325	— 5
3793	Pancan P	$24½	24	24½	
100	Patino N V	$14	14	14	
450	Pembin A	420	405	405	
550	Pembin B	405	400	405	+ 5
200	Pine Point	$31¼	31⅛	31⅛	
50	Pitts C	$5¼	5¼	5¼	— ⅛
88	Placer	$22⅝	22⅝	22⅝	— ⅛
2000	Que Sturg	115	111	111	— 9
200	Rayrock	65	65	65	— 9
54	Reichhold	$22	21¾	21¾	— ⅛
3300	Revnu Prp	78	78	78	+ 7
50	Rothman	$16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	— ⅛
13660	Scotts	$8¼	8	8¼	
4587	Shell Can	$17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	
3338	Sherritt A	$6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛
2200	Siebens	$15	15	15	
56295	Simpsons	$6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
650	Simpson S	$9½	9½	9½	— ⅛
637	Slater Stl	$8⅛	8	8	
1100	Talcorp	$7½	7½	7½	+ ⅛
490	Southrn A	24	24	24	+ ¼
3185	Stelco A	$29½	29	29½	+ ⅛
350	Steep R	191	191	191	+ 1
19860	Sundale O	$16⅞	16½	16½	
800	Teck Cor A	425	405	410	
4563	Teck Cor B	310	310	310	—10
65	Tex Can	$26	25½	25½	— ½
12600	Thom NA	13¼	13¼	13¼	
8470	Tor DM BK	$18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	— ⅛
60	Tor Star B	$16¼	16¼	16¼	— ⅛
710	Traders A	$13⅝	13½	13⅝	+ ⅛
2156	Trns Mt A	$10⅛	10½	10⅛	+ ⅛
12159	Trcan Pl	12⅛	12	12⅛	+ ⅛
440	Un Carbid	$23	23	23	— ⅛
3352	Ugas A	$8⅝	8¼	8¼	— ⅛
1000	Union Oil	$9¾	9¾	9¾	
535	U Keno	$9	8⅞	9	+ ⅛
8700	U Siscoe	$8⅝	8½	8½	— ⅛
200	Upp Can	135	132	132	+ 1
1100	Vestgron	$15¼	15¼	15¼	
2650	Voyager P	$14	13¾	14	+ ¼
1600	Wstburne	$12½	12½	12½	— ⅛
6375	West Mine	$6⅜	6⅜	6⅜	— ⅛
6325	Westmhse	$19⅜	19½	19⅜	— ⅛
525	Weston	$15½	15½	15½	
100	White Pas	$8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ¼
1205	Willroy	108	108	108	— 5
5200	Woodwd A	$19½	19¼	19½	
1250	Yk Bear	310	305	305	— 5
500	Yukon C	165	165	165	

Total sales 2,080,413 shares.

Montreal Stocks

Sales	Stock	High	Low	Last	Ch'ge
140	Algoma	$28¼	28¼	28¼	
519	Asbestos	$30	29⅞	30	+ ⅛
2563	Bank Mont	$15⅝	15	15	
600	Basic Res	$10	10	10	
242	Can Cement	$9½	9½	9½	+ ¼
4208	Cdn Indust	$24	24	24	+ ⅛
100	Con Bath	$35	35	35	
1608	Dom Bridge	$35½	35½	35½	
2000	FNCL Col	220	220	220	
622	Gaz Metro	$6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛
100	Molson A	$17¼	17¼	17¼	
646	Price Co	$15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	— ⅛
1750	Royal Bank	$28¼	28¼	28¼	— ⅛

Total sales 614,780 shares.

Selected Over-the-Counter Stocks

NEW YORK (AP). — The following list is a selected National Securities Dealers Assn. over the counter Bank, Insurance & Industrial stocks.

Closing Prices June 10, 1976

Stock	Bid	Ask
Bank and Trust		
Bankam	54¼	54¾
Sst Bk Sy	44	44¾
1st Smp S	6¾	7½
1st Wn F	1⅞	2⅛
Hartf NC	11½	12¼
Midl Bks	19½	20½
Shaw Co	21¼	22¼
U Va Bks	15⅛	15⅝
Va N Bnk	17	18
Insurance		
Fid Un Lf	21⅞	22½
G Reinsu	155	159
Industrials		
AFA PrS	5	6
AID Inc	6½	7¼
AVN Cp	1⅛	2½
Acushnt	21¼	22¼
Addish W	7¼	7¾
Adv Ros	2	2⅜
Alberts	6¾	7½
Alico Inc	9	9½
Allyn Bac	5⅜	5⅞
A El Lab	1¼	1⅝
Am Exp	33⅝	34⅛
Am Finl	7	7½
Am Furn	3	3¼
Am Greet	8⅝	8¾
A Micro	9⅝	10⅛
Am Telev	16¾	17½
Am Weld	9¾	10¾
Amtr Dv	1	1½
Anadite	5⅞	6¼
Anheus B	28½	28¾
Ard May	2⅛	2⅞
ArkWtg	19	19½
Arvida	12⅛	12⅝
AsCC Bol	15¼	16
AtlGas Lt	12⅝	13
ARVIDA	12⅛	12⅝
Baird At	2⅞	3⅝
Bang Hy	12⅝	13⅛
Bkam Rit	6⅛	6⅞
Bassett B	21¾	22½
Beeline F	5⅝	5⅞
Betz Lab	34½	35¼
Bibb Co	7¾	8¼
Bird Son	40½	42½
Birtchr	1¼	1½
Bick Hills	18⅝	19⅝
Bonza Int	3¾	4
Braden	5⅛	5⅝
Brinks	6¼	8¾
Brks Sca	15¾	16½
Brwning	4	4½
Buckb M	5	5½
Buckeye	10	10½
Burn Sim	4¾	5¼
CalWSv	27½	29
Campl Ch	2⅝	3
Canrad H	⅝	1
Cap Swst	8⅞	9½
Capin Air	2¼	2⅝
Cap Tec	2	3
Care Cp	2⅝	3
Cenwl Ps	13	13⅝
Chm Lea	10	11
Chesa Ut	10¾	11¼
Chi Bridg	24½	26
Chlln Cp	5⅛	6
Chrisse	125	128
Circle F	3¼	4½
Citznut A	32½	33
Citznut B	29¼	29¾
Clark Af	28½	29½
Clow Cp	6¾	7¼
Colu Vent	½	¾
Com Clr	12½	13¼
Coml Sh	22½	24
Comw Pa	27⅝	28⅛
Con Pap	25¼	26¼
Craw Co	9½	10¼
Cross Co	23¾	24½
Cotlr Fed	2¼	3
Daniy M	6	7
Data Dsn	5⅛	6
Data 100	10⅛	10⅝
Dayt Inc	26	27½
Decor In	2¼	2¾
Deklb Af	32½	33½
Delhi Oil	3⅞	4¼
Delux C	24	24¾
Det Cant	12½	12½
Det Lsbr	29½	29½
Dewey El	1	1½
Diam Cry	17	17¾
Dixn Cru	16	16¾
Docutel	7½	7⅞
Dollar G	9⅞	10¼
Derch G	9	9¼
Dow Jone	25½	26¼
Dovle DB	12	12½
Dunkik D	6	6⅝
Duriron	25¼	25¼
Eberln In	2⅞	3⅝
Econ Lab	25½	25⅞
Elpas El	10⅝	10¾
Elba Syst	2¼	2¾
Elder Be	7½	8¼
Elec Nucl	7¼	8½
Elec Mod	1⅝	2
Energy C	17⅛	17⅝
Enthisil	3¼	4½
Equty Oil	22	22½
Ethan Al	19¾	20½
Fab Tek	¾	1⅛
Fingrht	5⅛	5½
Fst Bost	19	19¾
Ficknsr	11⅝	12⅛
Fla Watr	½	1
Forest O	15	15¾
Frmigli	⅞	1⅛
Fotomat	14	14½
Frkln Co	4⅜	4½
Frnkin El	8¾	9½
Frnd Ice	20	20¼
Gen Ries	3¾	4¼
Gov Efin	9¼	10
Graph Cn	14	14¾
Green Mt	10	10½
Grey Adv	11	11¼
Gulf Intst	15	15½
Gyrodn	2¾	3¼
Harper R	8¼	8¾
Henred F	19	19¾
Holobm	1⅝	2
Hoover	12	12½
Horiz Res	1¾	2¼
Huds Pap	26¼	27¼
Hyatt Cp	5¼	5⅝
Hyatt Int	4¼	4¾
Ind Nuclr	4	4¾
Infra Ind	2	2½
Intel Co	68⅝	70
Interc En	9	10
Intrmk In	2⅝	2⅞
Intrmt G	12⅝	13⅝
Inbk Wsh	3¼	3¾
Iasou Ut	23	23½
Jamsby	12½	13¼
Jiffy Fds	⅞	1⅛
Joslyn M	13¼	14
Kaisr Stl	37¼	38¼
Kaissfl Pf	18	18½
Kalwar	2¾	3⅛
Kamae A	22¼	23
Kampg A	8	8½
Kate Gre	½	¾
Kaysam	3	3½
Kear Tr	6⅝	7
Kelly Svc	17¾	18½
Keuf Ess	14¾	15¼
Keye Fb	13¼	13⅝
Key Cust	8	8½
King Inf	1¼	1⅝
Knap Vog	16¾	17¾
Lance In	21½	22¼
Land Res	1⅛	1¾
Lane Co	23½	24½
Lin Bcast	15⅛	15½
Log Etrn	3½	4¼
Madisn G	12⅝	13⅛
Mal RLTY	⅝	⅞
Mallkrt	40½	41½
Manor C	4	4½
Masi Lp	10¼	10¾
McCor	32¾	33½
McQuay	16¼	17
Measur	12	12½
Medtrn	27½	28¼
Merid In	1¼	2
Molsx W	13½	14¼
Midld Ca	2⅜	2¾
Midw Gt	13½	14½
Millipr	22	23½
Miner In	1⅞	2⅜
Minn Gas	18¾	19¼
Miss Vl G	14¾	15¼
Mrs S Pie	17¾	18½
Monf Cel	5⅝	5¾
Moore P	7½	8½
Moore S	16	17
Morg Res	1⅜	1⅞
Mcstek	16¾	17⅛
Notch M	3½	4½
Mot Club	2⅞	2⅝
Muelle	12½	13½
Narag CP	6½	7¼
Nat F&D	10⅛	11
Nat Lib	4	4⅝
N Secrsh	4⅝	4⅞
NATNW RL	3¾	4¾
NJ Nat G	13¾	14
Nielsn A	16¾	17½
Nielsn B	16⅝	17⅛
Nocer GS	11⅛	11¾
Nocol UN	18¾	19⅝
Nortrp KI	9½	10
NW Nats	8⅛	8⅝
NW Pusv	16½	17¼
Noxel CP	15⅝	15⅞
Ogilvy M	26¾	27½
Ohio Ferr	22	23
Oil Shale	4¼	5
Ormont	7⅞	8¼
Otter TP	17⅛	17¾
Over NA	6½	7¼
Pabst BR	23½	24
Pacga R	23	23¾
Pakco	¾	1½
Parks H	3⅝	4⅛
Pauley P	6⅛	7
Peerl MF	15½	16½
Pa Enter	15⅝	15⅞
Przloff. B	14	14¼
Pepsi BW	9⅛	9¾
Peirsn H	11¼	12
Petrolit	67½	69
Pettibon	27¾	28¼
Phili L	11⅛	11⅝
Piedmt. A	4⅛	4⅝
Pinkrtn	33¾	34½
Pio Hib	16⅝	17½
Pistilin	2¼	3¼
Possis CP	1½	2
Progrp	1⅝	1¾
Pub S Nc	11	11⅞
P Bennet	16¾	17½
Putd Cap	6	6¾
Qual Inns	2¾	3⅛
Ragen Pr	1⅞	2⅛
Rahall C	5¼	5⅝
Raych Cp	137	142
Raymnd	11¾	12¼
Recog Eq	7⅞	8¼
Road Ex	46½	47¼
Robin M	13	14
Roselon	4⅝	4⅞
Rcuse	4¼	4½
Rus Stov	13	13¾
Sadlier	2½	3
Scan Oat	2¼	2½
Scripps H	26½	28½
Seis Delt	2⅛	2½
Seneca F	2½	3
Seveo U	34¾	35½
Snap Tls	33¼	34¼
Solidst Sc	7½	8½
S Cal Wat	11¾	12
Sw Gs Cp	10	10¾
Sw El Sv	14¾	15½
Standyn	21¾	22¼
Std Resis	16	16¾
Stan Hod	14½	15½
Sterlg Sfc	4¾	5½
Strawb Cl	27	28½
Super El	6⅝	6¾
Time Dc	4½	4⅝
Tampax	30¾	31¾
Taylr Wl	12¼	12¾
Tech Pub	11½	12½
Tecum P	42	44
Tennant	29½	31½
Tifny Co	8⅛	8⅝
Transo O	11½	12
Trico Pd	28	29
Trim Os	1⅝	2
Tymshr	23¾	24¾
Tyson F	16	16½
Un McGil	11½	12½
Us Bnknt	7¼	7⅝
Us Surg	10¼	10¾
Us Trkin	15⅝	15⅝
Up Pen P	36¼	37
Valley Gs	8½	9½
Vand Air	8½	9¼
Vance S	4⅛	4⅝
Velcro	6¼	6⅝
Ventron	30	31
Wads Pu	8½	9
Wsb Ng	11¾	12¼
Webb Re	7⅝	7⅞
Weco Dvl	2¼	2⅝
Weight W	6¼	6⅝
Weldtrn	1⅛	2
Welng M	7	7½
Well Gar	4	4¼
Welsbch	3½	4¼
Wstn Mtg	1	1½
Westmg	58¼	59
Wdwrd L	25	25½
Wright W	4	4⅝
Zionut B	22	23

Lockheed in ...

With Banks o...

Terms of Loa...

BURBANK, Calif., ... (Reuters). — Lockheed Corp. said today it rea... "understanding" with its ... ing banks on a financi... age designed to provide ... base for the company's k... stability and growth."

Lockheed said the n... will amend its 1971 cred... ment covering $400 m... non-guaranteed bank bo... and a government guar... up to $250 million in ba...

A key element of the ... is conversion of $50 m... non-guaranteed loans i... ries of preferred stock.

The company said ... banks, Bankers Trust a... of America, feel the ne... ment is "tangible eviden... banks' continuing confi... Lockheed's future."

Besides the $50-mill... conversion into prefer... the remaining $350 mil... in the form of 90-day ... notes, will be replaced ... term loan extending in...

Colombia's Flowering Tra...

Blooms Also for Rural L...

BOGOTA, June 10 (Reuters). — Carnations and chrysanthemums by the million from fertile soil around the Colombian capital are finding their way to homes throughout Europe and the United States.

Five nights a week a charter plane loaded with 12 tons of flowers — about 450,000 blooms with a wholesale value around $36,000 — leaves El Dorado Airport here for Miami.

Up to half the cargo space in flights to Europe is also taken by the fragile and colorful merchandise, which means big money for Colombian growers and higher standards of living for a large number of impoverished rural workers here.

In 1968, Colombian flower exports were worth $200,000. By 1974 the value had risen to almost $16 million, according to the central bank. The estimate this year is $25 million.

The major export crops of coffee and sugar apart, flowers are now Colombia's sixth largest foreign exchange earner. The operations center for this "battle of the flowers" is the 15th story office suite of Asocolflores, the Colombian Association of Flower Exporters.

Advanced Technology

Camilo Sanz de Santamaria, the group's manager, says Colombia's success is based on advanced soil technology and growing methods, with increasingly skilled workers exploiting the natural advantages of the savanna, a dried-up lake bed west of Bogota, 8,000 feet high on an Andean plateau.

Mr. Santamaria rejects the charge by some U.S. growers that Colombia's horticultural industry thrives on slave labor.

Wages are low by standards of the developed world — around $2 a day, plus various social benefits. But the 10,000 nursery workers are all unionized and their pay is the highest in the Colombian agricultural sector.

Furthermore, growers say, development of the industry is helping to stem the flight of impoverished peasants into Bogota by giving them work they can understand on the ... where they can crea... lives for their families ... the slums of the big c...

Joseph Novitski, an ... who gave up journ... Washington to work h... U.S.-Colombian flower ... tium, agreed that this i... creating industry, small ... come in a country wit... employment problem.

Colombian growers, ... really know their jobs ... days are past when th... uct was snapped up ... Miami and funneled ... for sale at elevated pr...

Nevertheless, the Unit... remains by far the big... ket — more than half th... bian export crop passe... Miami. Asocolflores ... however, that 500,... blooms could have bee... to Europe during the ... cept for a shortage o... and a bottleneck at E...

"Timing is the big I..." Mr. Novitski said, and ... growers have to be u... gent on health control, ... having their produce ... by zealous U.S. agricu... ficials in Miami.

GM May Increas...

Car Prices by 6...

DETROIT, June ... General Motors Corp., ... the U.S. auto indus... hint of new-model price ... has told dealers that ... its 1977 cars and truck... crease an average 6... over comparably equi... models.

That translates roug... $350 increase in the p... average car, including ... also means an increa... to $2,000 in the price ... depending on its size.

Eurodollar Borro...

WASHINGTON, June ... (Reuters). — Liabilities of U.S. ... their foreign branches ... million to $2.413 billi... week ended June 2, t... Reserve Board said. T... decline of $120 million i... lar borrowings from ... week a year ago.

ADVERTISEMENT — ADVERTISEMENT

Flash... Paris Bourse

JUNE 10, 1976

COMPANY	INDUS.	1976 HIGH-LOW	CLOS. PRICE June 10	TUES.-WED HIGH-LOW	P/E	b YIELD (%)	—EARN. PER SHR.— '72, '73, '74	SHRS. OUTS. (000)	LATEST COMPANY ...
AQUITAINE	Petrol.	397 - 330.50	360	367 - 365	4	4.2	40.93 - 42.63 - 89.14c	9,549	'75 net dividend of Fr. ... ed) to be proposed June ...
ASSUR. GROUPE PARIS	Insurance	378 - 269	270.50	270.50 - 270	28	4.1	11.74 - 9.96 - 13.27	2,384	'75 turnover insur. cos. F... (+14.12%). Expenses ...
BSN GERVAIS DAN.	Glass,food	736 - 580	646	654 - 650	28	3.9	87 - 102 - 28.38c	2,332	Same net dividend of Fr ... share maintained for ...
CHARGEURS REUNIS	Shipping Air trans.	208 - 172	178.10	179 - 178.50	11	5.6	9.30 - 9.59 - 16.96	1,666	Subsidiary UTA net '75 ... (first paid since 1972).
CHIMIQUE ROUTIERE	Public works	152 - 120	131.10	132.20 - 132	12	5.0	8.66 - 9.74 - 11.38	1,672	Fiscal '75 consolidated ne... 44.20 MF vs. 33.50 MF in ...
Cie. Gle. ELECTRICITE	Electric	374 - 308	319.40	320 - 317.50	12	6.4	35.02 - 29.70 - 27.60	5,044	CIT-Alcatel 1st quarter '76 ... 525.7 MF vs. 527.4 MF in '7...
CREDIT COMM. FRAN.	Bank	161.50 - 105	105.20	106 - 105.50	10	6.7	13.47 - 10.02 - 10.36	4,406	Joint Cairo offshore bank ... Nat'l Bank capitalized $1...
CREDIT INDUS. COM.	Bank	147 - 85.70	112.50	114.20 - 113.50	17	5.3	9 - 8.63 - 6.77	4,528	From Mar. '75 to Mar. '76 customer deposits increase...
CREDIT du NORD	Bank	95 - 80.50	81.80	81.80 - 80.50	16	4.9	4.83 - 6.72 - 5.54c	4,800	Net dividend: F. 5.50 (... in '74) payable as of M...
CREUSOT-LOIRE	Heavy ind	173 - 132	148	148.80 - 146.50	6	5.3	9.22 - 15.98 - 28.13c	2,947	Proposed 1975 net dividend ... vs. Fr. 7.80 for 1974.
EURAFRANCE	Holding	207 - 165	166	168 - 164.90	—	5.3	(non significant)	2,193	1975 consolidated net profit ... per share.
FERODO S.A.F.	Autom. Equip.	488.90 - 367.50	407	440.20 - 438.50	19	3.7	26.57 - 27.19 - 23.02c	1,495	1975 net profit = Fr. 3... 34% vs. 1974.
FRANÇAISE PETROLES	Petrol.	155.50 - 118	128.20	132.50 - 131.90	2	8.1	27.05 - 41.46 - 66.21c	13,889	1975 consolidated net pr... MF; cash flow = 2,17...
GEN. OCCIDENTALE	Holding	192 - 175	179	178.80 - 177	7	2.8	(non significant) - 26.94c	2,323	2.67% Gen. Alimentaire sh... lic hands after take-over
IMETAL	Mining	120.10 - 76.10	115	115.40 - 116	6	2.6	10.32 - 7.59 - 17.97c	7,844	Despite difficult 1975, Pena... expects profitable results
MOET-HENNESSY	Beverag.	621 - 500	529	533 - 529	11a	1.4	22.60 - 31.77 - —	3,157	1st quarter '76 consolidated ... 253.6 MF (+29.8% vs. 1st ...
PECHELBRONN	Hold.(Fin.)	86.50 - 74	86.30	86.20 - 85.90	13	5.8	4.32 - 11.71 - 6.50	2,825	F 6.00 net dividend propo... meeting: (+20%) vs. '74 ...
PECHINEY-UG.-KUHLM.	Chem.min.	119 - 104	105.10	108.50 - 105	4	8.9	10.90 - 14.50 - 29.50c	26,162	STEC subsidiary to ... nium plants (Niger and ...
PEUGEOT	Holding	409.80 - 276	291.10	298 - 297.10	8	3.1	68.26 - 71.04 - 38.24c	8,002	Share exchange merger (1 Peugeot SA for 5 Citro...
RAFFINAGE (Cie. Fr.)	Petrol.	129.70 - 85.40	92.10	93.20 - 92	4a	11.4	13.62 - 15.84 - —	5,450	'75 sales (pre-tax) = Fr. ... vs. Fr. 19,949,248,000 in ...
REDOUTE	Mail order	723 - 628	672	679 - 677	19	1.8	30.82 - 35.94 - 35.87c	922	Feb. '75-Feb. '76 consolidat... up 30%. Net div. F. 15 vs ...
ROBECO	Investm. Comp.	362.80 - 310	330.10	340.70 - 340.50	—	3.8	(not relevant)	22,572	As of May 1, tot. net assets ... invest.: 36% USA, 37% Eu...
SKIS ROSSIGNOL	Ski manuf	1980 - 1759	1809	1850 - 1805	25	1.3	81.72 - 64.64 - 74.76	301	'75-'76 pre-tax consolidated ... 285.15 MF vs 229.09 MF ...
SUEZ (Cie. Financ.)	Holding	294.90 - 234	234	242 - 234	4	6.4	49.14 - 80.76 - 64c	8,419	'75 net earnings: 147.9 ... Proposal of 16 Fr. net div...

(a) P/E calculated on '73 earnings; all others on '74. (b) Tax credit not included. C: Consolidated.

هكذا من الأهل

... YORK, June 10.—Cash ... primary markets as reported today in New York were:

...y and unit	Thurs.	Year Ago
...ra. lb.	1.11	.64
...Santos lb.	1.45	.71
...ES		
...64-60 36½. yd	38	36
...S		
...(Pitt.) ton	212	200
..., Phila., ton	213.93	213.92
...No. 1 hvy Pitt	82-83	31-62
...lb	23	22½
...c.. lb	70¼	62⅞-65
...(s), lb.	3.0412	3.4775
...L. basis, lb.	37	38½-39
... oz	4.923	4.50
...oz	126.65	180.1
...DITY Indices		
...dex (base 100 ...1931)	860.9	710.1

...ean Gold Markets

June 10, 1976

	Op.	Cl.	N.C.
	126.75	126.65	—0.35
	126.95	126.85	—0.10
...kilo)	128.79	127.95	—1.72

...rs per ounce.

...urocurrency ...nterest Rates

...lar	German mark	Swiss franc	Sterling
5⅝	3¾-4	½-¾	14¾-15¼
5½	3¾-4	⅞-⅞	11⅞-12
5¼	3½-4⅛	1 -1⅛	11⅞-12⅛
7⅛	4⅝-4⅞	1½-2⅛	12⅛-12⅝
7⅜	5 -5¼	2¾-3	12⅝-13

...pean Markets

...rday's closing prices ...local currencies)

...dam

	Gold Fields	1.72
	Gt Un St	1.87
41.40	Guinness	1.27
102	Hawker-Sidd	4.40
301	Hudson Bay	16.75
70.30	Imp Chem	3.59
65	Imps	0.73
31	Mark & Spen	0.90
142.90	MetalBox	2.68
58.30	Nichols	0.66
93.30	Plessey	0.71
51.80	Rand Mines	1.47
111.50	Rank Org	1.68
86.70	Royal Dutch	39.00
121	R.T.Z.	2.20
30.80	Shell	4.30
193.80	Thorn (A)	2.26
146.30	Tube Invest	3.32
128.10	Union Carb	3.14
123	Vickers	1.77
232	War L3½	£25 7/16
148.50	West Deep	£11⅝
	West Drief	£27⅛
	West Hold	£20⅝
	West Mln	1.78
4,050	Woolworth	0.61
1,935	ZCI	0.27
835		

Milan

5,750		
1,710		
3,820	Bastogi	874
4,960	Erba	1,870
1,184	Erc Marelli	355
2,290	Fiat	1,418
2,590	Finsider	231
1,136	Generali	48,700
	IFI	1,879
...urt	Italgas	395
	Italsider	340
91	LaRinas	60.50
164	Montedis	406
136.90	Olivetti	1,001
184.50	Pirelli	812
91	Snia Visco	1,212
338	Terni	239
175		
298.50		

Paris

205		
151.70	Air Liquide	361
75.80	Alimentaire	82.50
57	BSN	648
396	Carrefour	1,849
239	Cim Lafarge	219
156	Citroën	52.80
90.10	Cie Bancaire	316
399	CFP	128.20
342	CGE	319
99	CCF	105.20
	Ferodo	437
152.20	Imétal	115
330.80	L'Oréal	959
291	Mach Bull	38.70
121.70	Michelin	1,311
118.10	Moët-Henn	529
126.70	Moulinex	284.80
	Paribas	164.50
	PUK	105.10
	Penarroya	52.80
3.14	Perrier	111.60
13.50	Peugeot	291.10
2.80	Rh Poulenc	93.50
3.74	Sacilor	66.10
1.15	St Gobain	131.80
1.20	Suez	234.50
1.98	Télémécan	762
3.70	Thomson	220
0.42	Usinor	69
6.13	• Ex-Dividend	

Zurich

0.41		
0.47		
1.72	Alusuisse	1,260
1.31	Buerhle	1,620
0.26	B Bovert	1,725
2.29	Ciba Geigy	1,420
2.18	Cr Suisse	2,575
1.43	Fischer	580b
0.76	HofRochN	9,550
2.37	Nestlé	3,425
1.49	Sandoz	5,000b
15.50	Sté B Suisse	414
3.11	Sulzer	2,700
3.88	U.B. Suisse	3,095

U.S. Commodity Prices

NEW YORK FUTURES

June 10, 1976

SUGAR No. 11 (50 tons)

	Open	High	Low	Close	Prev.
Jul	12.55	12.70	12.50	12.66	12.55
Sep	13.15	13.23	13.05	13.18	13.12
Oct	13.36	13.49	13.25	13.45	13.32
Jan	13.53	13.50	13.40	N13.53	13.35
Mar	13.50	13.75	13.46	13.65	13.48
May	13.50	13.85	13.50	13.65	13.50
Jul	13.52	13.89	13.52	N13.71	13.53
Sep	13.69	13.60	13.55	13.73	13.60
Oct	13.64	13.75	13.60	13.73	13.60

Sales: 5,265.

WOOL (6,000 lbs)

Jul	180.50	180.50	180.50	B177.00	B177.00
Oct	186.50	186.50	186.50	B180.00	179.00

Sales: 18.

COCOA (30,000 lbs)

Jul	98.50	98.65	97.10	97.90S	99.00
Sep	92.50	94.05	90.50	92.28S	93.00
Dec	83.00	84.10	82.10	82.90S	83.80
Mar	78.00	78.40	77.35	77.80S	78.85
May	74.51	75.15	74.25	74.55S	75.50
Jul	71.50	71.60	71.40	71.45S	72.55

Sales: 2,276.

COPPER (25,000 lbs)

Jun	69.60	69.60	69.50	70.08S	68.70
Jul	70.00	70.40	69.60	69.60	70.40S
Sep	71.00	71.40	70.70	71.40S	70.10
Dec	72.70	73.10	72.40	73.10S	71.70
Jan	73.10	73.60	72.90	73.60S	72.20
Mar	73.90	74.50	73.80	74.48S	73.00
May	74.60	75.30	74.60	75.20S	73.80
Jul	76.00	76.00	76.00	76.00S	74.60

SALES: Estimated 5,875.

MAINE POTATOES (50,000 lbs)

Nov	5.48	5.50	5.33	5.37	5.48
Mar	6.60	6.60	6.42	6.44	6.78
Apr	7.18	7.18	6.96	7.05	7.20
May	8.44	8.44	8.35	8.35	8.40

Sales: 440.

N.Y. SILVER (5,000 troy oz)

Jul	491.00	497.80	491.00	492.00S	485.50
Sep	496.00	501.50	495.00	496.10S	488.70
Dec	503.00	507.90	503.00	503.00S	495.90
Jan	505.50	510.50	505.00	506.40S	498.30
Mar	510.00	514.50	510.00	511.60S	503.40
May	515.00	520.00	515.00	517.00S	508.70
Jul	521.00	525.00	521.00	522.50S	514.10
Sep	529.00	531.00	527.00	528.10S	519.70

Sales estimated: 26,660.

ORANGE JUICE (15,000 lbs)

Jul	56.90	57.90	56.75	B56.65	56.50
Sep	57.20	57.40	56.90	B57.00	57.10
Nov	58.20	58.20	58.20	B57.75	58.00
Jan	58.50	59.00	58.45	58.45	48.40
Mar	59.95	59.95	59.95	B59.40	B59.60
May	60.40	60.40	60.40	B60.40	B60.60

Sales: 250.

COTTON No. 2 (50,000 lbs)

Jul	77.75	77.75	77.75	B77.75	75.75
Oct	78.11	78.11	78.11	B78.11	76.11
Dec	77.79	76.79	76.00	B76.79	74.79
Mar	76.40	76.40	76.20	B76.40	74.40
May	74.90	75.10	74.90	B75.10	73.10
Jul	72.75	73.52	72.75	B73.52	71.52
Oct	69.26	69.99	68.90	B69.90	68.75

Sales: en 050.

GOLD (100 troy oz)

Jun	127.20	127.20	126.70	126.70S	126.90
Aug	128.50	128.60	127.80	127.00S	128.10
Oct	130.00	130.00	129.30	129.20S	129.60
Dec	131.40	131.70	130.80	131.00S	131.20
Feb	133.30	133.30	132.50	132.70S	132.70
Apr	135.20	135.20	134.20	134.30S	134.20
Jun	136.90	136.90	136.30	135.90S	135.80
Aug	138.00	138.00	138.00	137.50S	137.40

Sales: estimated 4,951.

CHICAGO FUTURES

June 10, 1976

WHEAT (5,000 bu)

	Open	High	Low	Close	Prev
Jul	3.86	3.91	3.80	3.80	3.78
Sep	4.00	4.00	3.90	3.90	3.87
Dec	4.11	4.12	4.01	4.02	3.99
Mar	4.20	4.20½	4.12½	4.12½	4.09¼

CORN (5,000 bu)

Jul	3.11	3.14	3.06½	3.09½	3.06
Sep	3.02	3.05	2.98¼	3.00½	2.97
Dec	2.94	2.97	2.89½	2.89½	2.89
Mar	3.00	3.03	2.97½	2.97½	2.96½
May	3.04	3.06	3.01	3.01½	3.00

SOYBEANS (5,000 bu)

Jul	6.47¾	6.47¾	6.41	6.47¾	6.27
Aug	6.51¼	6.51¼	6.45	6.51¼	6.31
Sep	6.54½	6.54½	6.50	6.54½	6.34½
Nov	6.57	6.61¾	6.54	6.61¾	6.42½
Jan	6.65	6.66½	6.60	6.66½	6.47
Mar	6.73½	6.73½	6.65	6.73½	6.53½
May	6.78	6.78¼	6.72	6.78¼	6.58½
Jul	6.82	6.82	6.76½	6.82	6.62½

SOYBEAN OIL (60,000 lbs)

Jul	18.50	18.93	18.40	18.75	17.95
Aug	19.12	19.12	18.52	19.00	18.14
Sep	19.20	19.23	18.70	19.15	18.25
Oct	19.40	19.40	18.90	19.35	18.40
Dec	19.72	19.72	19.15	19.65	18.75
Jan	19.83	19.83	19.25	19.70	18.85
Mar	19.95	19.95	19.40	19.85	18.95
May	20.05	20.05	19.60	19.90	19.05
Jul	20.15	20.15	19.78	20.05	19.15

SOYBEAN MEAL (100 tons)

Jul	203.00	203.00	198.00	201.00	192.50
Aug	202.00	202.20	197.00	200.50	192.50
Sep	201.00	201.80	196.80	199.50	102.00
Oct	201.00	201.80	197.00	198.50	191.00
Dec	200.30	200.30	196.00	197.00	190.00
Jan	201.20	201.20	196.50	197.50	191.00
Mar	201.30	201.30	196.50	196.50	190.50
May	201.50	201.50	196.00	196.50	191.60

SILVER (5,000 troy oz)

Jun	494.00	501.00	494.00	494.50	488.50
Jul	497.50	500.00	494.00	496.00	488.50
Aug	494.50	501.00	493.50	486.00	490.00
Oct	498.50	503.00	497.50	499.00	492.00
Dec	502.50	509.00	502.00	504.50	497.50
Feb	506.80	513.00	506.80	509.00	501.50
Apr	512.00	518.50	512.00	514.50	507.50
Jun	518.00	522.00	518.00	520.00	511.80
Aug	525.30	526.80	524.50	525.50	517.00
Oct	529.00	531.00	529.00	531.00	523.00

LIFE BEEF CATTLE (40,000 lbs)

Jun	43.10				42.50
Aug	47.20	47.30	46.25	46.35	46.75
Oct	47.15	47.35	46.80	47.00	46.97
Dec	47.25	47.50	47.15	47.45	47.05
Feb	46.95	47.25	46.95	47.25	B46.87
Apr	46.80	47.00	46.75	47.00	N46.75
Jun	47.50	47.70	47.50	A47.70	47.25

Sales: June 937; Aug 6290; Oct 2016; Dec 830; Feb 156; April 20; June 6.
Open interest: June 6059; Aug 15455; Oct 6976; Dec 3097; Feb 1739; April 317; June 7.

LIVE HOGS (30,000 lbs)

Jun	51.80	52.10	51.45	51.85	51.85
Jul	51.25	51.80	51.12	51.45	51.00
Aug	48.20	48.55	47.80	48.00	48.10
Oct	45.00	45.15	44.82	45.00	44.60
Dec	44.47	44.70	43.80	44.30	44.25
Feb	43.75	44.00	43.55	44.00	b43.40
Apr	42.00	42.25	41.80	a42.05	41.60
Jun	43.20	43.60	43.10	b43.55	42.85

Jul	43.50	43.70	43.00	43.70	b42.97

Sales: June 324; July 2557; Aug. 1402; Oct. 365; Dec 264; Feb 77; April 42; June 10; July 11.
Open interest: June 1234; July 4602; Aug 3550; Oct 1882; Dec 984; Feb 260; April 243; June 51; July 25.

SHELL EGGS (22,500 doz)

Jun	55.75	56.25	55.00	55.90	b54.70
Jul	55.00	55.80	54.50	55.40	54.45
Aug	55.50	55.50	56.50	53.50	54.50
Sep	58.90	58.00	58.90	57.95	
Nov	59.20	59.90	59.00	59.90	58.95
Dec	61.90	62.00	61.40	61.55	61.05

Sales: June 74; Jul 58; Aug 1; Sep 249; Nov 12; Dec 28.
Open interest: June 222; Jul 146; Aug 19; Sep 1101; Nov 253; Dec 636.

PORK BELLIES (26,000 lbs)

Jul	77.50	78.60	77.45	b78.60	76.90
Aug	75.05	76.02	74.70	b76.02	74.15
Feb	66.50	67.87	66.50	b67.87	65.75
Mar	67.05	67.70	66.80	b67.70	a65.70
May	67.70	67.75	67.05	b67.75	a65.75

Sales: July 2757; Aug 1785; Feb 649; March 94; May 3.
Open interest: July 4698; Aug 2566; Feb 1145; March 414; May 145.

GOLD (100 troy ounce)

Jun	126.90	127.10	126.40	126.60	127.00
Sep	129.10	129.40	128.60	128.70	129.00
Dec	131.50	131.60	131.00	131.00	131.40
Mar	134.20	134.40	133.50	133.70	134.20
Jun	137.00	137.20	136.30	136.30	136.70
Sep	139.80	139.80	139.00	139.20	139.50

Sales: June 28; Sep 496; Dec 523; March 48; June 16; Sep 10.

Market Summaries

NYSE Most Active

June 10, 1976

	Sales	Close	N.C.
Gulf Oil	344,400	27⅛	+ ¼
Dowchem N	257,400	47⅞	+ ⅝
Xerox Cp	245,400	56⅞	+1⅞
Disney W	187,600	51¼	+ ⅝
Centso West	178,400	13½	+ ⅛
Inexco Oil	160,000	12⅝	+ ⅛
Citicorp	156,500	35⅛	— ½
Texaco Inc	149,900	27⅛	+ ⅜
NCR Corp	146,900	31⅝	+ ⅞
Cont Oil	144,700	37	+ ½
Gen Elec	143,100	53	+ ¾
Colg Palm	133,100	23½	
Cocabig NY	132,500	7⅝	
Halliburtn	118,300	60	+ ⅝
East Kodak	117,200	97⅝	+1⅛

	Today	Prev day
Volume (in million)	16.10	37.50
Advances	916	664
Declines	446	640
Unchanged	462	504
Total Issues	1826	1808
New 1976 Highs	32	21
New 1976 Lows	34	35

Dow Jones Averages

	Open	High	Low	Close	Chg
30 Ind	958.91	967.99	956.12	964.39	+ 6.30
20 Trn	210.80	213.26	209.50	211.86	+ 1.02
15 Util	85.95	86.56	85.47	86.09	+ 0.10
65 Stk	296.80	299.73	295.57	298.25	+ 1.60

Standard & Poor's

	High	Low	Close	N.C.
500 Stocks	99.98	98.55	99.56	+0.82
425 Industrials	112.35	110.73	111.91	+1.01
15 Railroads	46.14	45.43	45.73	+0.09
60 Utilities	45.49	44.86	45.16	—0.02

NYSE Index

	High	Low	Close	N.C.
Composite	52.78	52.61	53.05	+0.43
Industrials	58.99	58.79	59.31	+0.52
Transportation	39.30	39.21	39.50	+0.22
Utilities	34.65	34.57	34.72	+0.13
Finance	50.03	49.93	50.39	+0.36

Odd-Lot Trading in N.Y.

	Shares Buy	Sales	*Short
June 9	121,946	260,274	1,368
June 8	126,876	189,860	1,827
June 7	131,117	299,145	3,177
June 4	122,462	254,257	2,485
June 3	140,296	302,596	703

*These totals are included in the sales figures.

American Most Actives

	Sales	Close	N.C.
Carrom Pfa	115,100	19⅞	— ⅜
Syntex Corp	67,900	29⅝	+ ⅜
No Cdn Oils	67,500	9¼	+ ⅞
Can Oil Gas	51,300	11⅝	— ¼
Crutchr Res	48,700	7½	+ ⅝
Presley Co	48,600	9	—1⅛
Damson Oil	29,900	7⅞	— ⅜
Kaiser Ind	39,400	13⅜	+ ⅛
Nat Patent	34,700	10½	— ⅜
Asamera O	33,200	15⅝	+1¼

Aprox Total Stock Sales	2,030,000
Stock Sales Year Ago	2,054,656

American Stock Index:

High	Low	Close	N.C.
101.75	101.41	101.75	+0.32

Thursday's New Highs and Lows

New Highs-32

Apache Cp, Chesbrgh Wi, Cin Milcrn, Cooper Ind, Dresser Wi, Fedpap Bd, Fepa 1.20 Pf, Fluor Pfb, Gen Instru, Gulf Oil, Halliburtun, Harnish Wi, Inexco Oil, Ing Rand Pf, Joy Mfg, Kaneb, Kennamtl, Marcor Inc, McDermot, Motorola, Park Hann, Petroleum, Raytheon, Sea Contain, Soury Pfa, Stone Cont N, Teledyn 6Pf, Un El 4.56 Pf, Unit Indust, Unitind Pf, Utah Inf, Wrigley

New Lows-34

Akzona, Ameron, Bard Cr, Canal Rand, Cent Soya, Cit 5.50 Pfb, Diam Inf, Disney W, Dowchen N, Dun Bradst, Duqsnit 4pf, Federdstr, Garfnkl Brk, Gen Medicl, Green Giant, Hesston Cp, Hospit Affil, Hsef 2.50 Pf, Lomb Mfg, Lucky Str, Mcintyr Mn, McKee Wi, Nwstpipe Pf, Pepsico, Portec Wi, Proff 2.60 Pf, Psind 7.15 Pf, Rich Merr, Rohr Ind, Schlitz Brw, Technicolr, Time Inc, Trinity Ind, Wachova Wd

London Commodities

June 10, 1976

	High	Low	Close (Bid-Asked)	Previous (Close)
SUGAR				
Aug	184	181	181.25-181.40	184.90-185
Oct	188.20	184.50	184.90-185	188.20-188.25
Dec	191	187.50	188 -188.85	190.90-191
Mar	192	188.75	188.75-189.10	191.95-192
May	192.40	189	189.75-190	192.35-192.40
Aug	192.50	190	190.50-191	192.40-193.15
Oct	192	191.75	191.50-192.50	194.50-194.70
Lots: 4,779.				
COCOA				
Jul	1,266	1,244	1,250-1,251	1,246-1,247
Sep	1,192	1,171	1,177-1,178	1,174-1,175
Dec	1,077	1,063	1,168-1,170	1,064-1,065
Mar	1,028	1,014	1,122-1,123	1,016-1,019
May	990	979	983- 985	980- 982
Jul	960	954	954- 956	950- 955
Sep	941	940	938- 940	930- 940
Lots: 4,384.				
COFFEE				
Jul	1,508	1,496	1,507-1,510	1,489-1,495
Sep	1,529	1,513	1,525-1,526	1,510-1,511
Nov	1,583	1,505	1,518-1,520	1,499-1,505
Jan	1,517	1,502	1,510-1,512	1,492-1,494
Mar	1,506	1,490	1,505-1,506	1,488-1,489
May	1,506	1,495	1,505-1,506	1,490-1,490
Jul	—	—	1,503-1,505	1,475-1,490
Lots: 2,607.				

London Metals Market

June 10, 1976

	Today Bid-Asked	Previous Bid-Asked
Copper wire bars:		
spot	858 - 858.50	849 - 850
3 months	888 - 888.50	879 - 880
Cathodes: spot	848.50- 849	840 - 841
3 months	878.50- 879	869.50- 870.50
Tin: spot	4,330 -4,335	4,315 -4,318
3 months	4,465 -4,467	4,438 -4,440
Lead: spot	273.50- 274.50	267 - 267.50
3 months	284.50- 285	277.50- 277.75
Zinc: spot	428.75- 429	423 - 424
3 months	445.50- 445.75	439 - 440
Silver: spot	276 - 276.50	271 - 271.40
3 months	284.50- 284.60	279.60- 279.70

Fed Official Resigns To Join Morgan Stanley

NEW YORK, June 10 (Reuters).—The Federal Reserve Bank of New York said today that Richard Debs is resigning as first vice-president and chief administrative officer, effective June 30, to join Morgan Stanley & Co.

He will be succeeded by Thomas Timlin, 47, who currently is one of the bank's two executive vice-presidents and is a lawyer.

Mr. Debs, 45, will become president of Morgan Stanley International Inc. and a managing director of Morgan Stanley & Co., starting in September.

Italy Prime Rate Raised

ROME, June 10 (AP-DJ).—Italy raised the prime rate, or the interest rate banks draw from their best customers, from 18 to 19.5 per cent. The decision was taken by the executive committee of Assobancaria, an organization of leading banks.

Currency Rates

June 10, 1976

By reading across this table of yesterday's closing inter-bank foreign exchange rates, one can find the value of the major currencies in the national currencies of each of the following financial centers. These rates do not take into account bank service charges.

	$	£	DM	FF	L. It.	Gldr.	BF com.	SwissF	Dan.Kr.
Amsterdam	2.7355	4.8460	106.18*	57.005*	31.07y	—	6.9240*	109.78*	44.34*
Brussels (c)	38.525	70.10	15.35	8.255	4.6025*	14.46	—	15.86675	6.482
Frankfurt	3.5870	4.656	—	54.47*	3.003x	94.2*	6.507*	103.40*	42.36*
London (z)	1.7705	—	4.56275	8.3775	1.5165	4.8525	70.00	4.4025	10.8030
Milan (f)	854.75	1.519.50	333.50	181.50	—	313.97	21.72	345.00	140.65
Paris (c)	4.7330	8.3900	184.020*	—	5.5260x	173.225*	11.9580*	190.000*	77.550*
Zurich	2.4870	4.4039	96.38*	52.55*	0.2897*	90.78*	6.21*	—	45.25*

The following are dollar values only: Danish krone: 66.1020. Escudo: 30.85; Israeli £: 7.82; Peseta: 67.89; Schilling: 18.37; Sw. krona: 4.4465; Yen: 299.875; Belgian financial franc: 40.05; Hong Kong $:4.9175; Canadian $: 0.9786.

(c) Commercial franc. (*) Units of 100. (x) Units of 1,000. (y) Units of 10,000. (z) Amounts needed to buy one pound.

Tokyo Exchange

June 10, 1976

	Price Yen		Price Yen
Asahi Glass	345	Matsu E. Wks.	666
Canon	438	Mitsubi Hvy. Ind.	149
Dai Nip. Print.	315	Mitsubi Corp.	454
Fuji Bank	329	Mitsui Co.	426
Fuji Photo	573	Mitsukoshi	455
Hitachi	212	Nippon Elec.	190
Honda Motor	746	Sharp	393
C. Itoh	309	Shiseido	1,100
Japan Air L.	1,880	Sony Corp.	2,770
Kansai El. Pwr.	682	Sumitomo Bank	333
Kao Soap	515	Taisho Marine	270
Kirin Brewery	397	Takeda	230
Komatsu	424	Teijin	160
Kubota	338	Tokio Marine	551
Matsu Ind.	486	Toray	154
		Toyota	911

International Stock Indexes

	Yest.	Prev.	1976 High	1976 Low
Amsterdam	98.50	85.70	105.60	95.30
Brussels	118.26	117.64	133.02	117.64
Frankfurt	143.89	143.54	158.66	141.18
London 30	374.30	379.20	420.80	364.70
London 500	167.33	168.61	188.00	161.71
Milan	74.67	73.88	91.17	72.33
Paris	97.50	96.10	112.10	97.10
Sydney	468.45	467.73	472.91	444.73
Tokyo (n)	350.66	350.91	351.94	326.85
Tokyo (o)	4689.35	4705.88	4733.95	4403.06
Zurich	284.70	284.4	304.00	282.50

(n) New (o) Old.

Paris Commodities

June 10, 1976

	High	Low	Close (Bid-Asked)	Ch.
SUGAR				
Jul	—	—	1,500-1,550	+16
Aug	1,595	1,578	1,580-1,590	—31
Oct	1,700	1,679	1,680-1,682	—27
Nov	—	—	1,670-1,673	—10
Dec	1,650	1,640	1,615-1,675	—15
Jan	—	—	— -1,680	—10
Mar	1,683	1,680	1,671-1,681	—29
May	—	—	1,660-1,690	—30
Jul	—	—	1,660-1,690	—30
Lots: 154.				
COCOA				
Jul	—	—	1,000-1,050	+ 5
Sep	1,018	1,000	1,005-1,006	+ 7
Dec	902.50	880	889- 890	+ 2
Mar	864	862	858- 864	+10
May	—	—	— - 862	—
Jul	—	—	— - 850	+10
Lots: 226.				

INVEST IN
CALIFORNIA, U.S.A.

Layne Herrmann—licensed Real Estate & Investment Broker. Land, Homes, Shopping Centers, Apartment & Office Buildings, Business & Manufacturing Opportunities.

3380 Melrose Avenue,
Los Angeles, California 90069.
Call: 213 462-8886.

International Bonds Traded in Europe

Midday Indicated Prices

Dollar Bonds

Air France 9½-82	102½	103½
Ashland 8-87	95½	96½
Aust.R.D. 9¼-80	100¾	101¾
Aust-Swiss 7-87	92¾	93¾
BFCE 9-32	100¼	101¼
BFCE 8¾-83	99	100
B.N.P. 9½-81	102¾	103¾
Borregaard 8¾-86	96½	97½
British Gas 9-81	99½	100½
Broken Hill 10-90	102½	103½
Broken Hill 9½-81	101¾	102¾
Carrier 8-87	93	94
CNE 9¼-85	99½	100½
CN Rhône 10-80/8	103	104
Cons Food 7½-91	89¾	90¾
Conoco 8-86	98	99
Cont Tel 8¼-86	99	100
Copen Tel 8½-86	97	98
Cut Ham 8-87	93½	94½
Dana 8-87	93	94
Denmark 9-82	101	103
Denmark 7½-90	85¾	86¾
Dow Corn 8½-86	101½	102½
Dupont 7½-78	102½	104
ECS 8¾-81	100¾	101¾
ECS 9¼-86	100	101
EIB 9½-85	101½	102½
Erap 9¾-85	101½	102½
Ericsson 9¼-85	103	104½
Esso 7½-78	101	102
Esso 8-86 Nov	100¼	101¼
Eurofima 8½-83	99	100
First Chic 7-80	96¼	97¼
Gen Mills 8-86	100	101
Gen Mot 8¾-86	103¾	104¾
Gould 9¾-83	101¾	102¾
Haas 8¾-86	101	102
I.D.B.J. 9½-82	101	102
Intl Util 8¼-82	98	99
Kimberley 8½-86	101½	102½
Michelin 9¼-86	99¾	100¾
Michelin 7½-88	85¾	86¾
Miles 9¼-80	103	104
Modo 9½-83	99¾	100¾
Montreal 9¾-81	102¾	103¾
Montreal 9¼-83	101¾	102¾
Motorola 8-87	98	99
New Brunsw. 9-83	100½	101½
N Zealand 9¼-82	102½	103½
NrgKomBk 7½-87	89¼	90¼
NorskHyd 9¾-85	103¾	104¾
NorthAMR 7¾-79	99¾	108¾
Norway 9-80	102½	103½
Norway 8½-81	101	102
Ontario H 8¾-86	101¾	102¾
Oslo 9-88	99¼	100¼
Otis-Elev 8¾-85	101½	102½
Owens Corn 9-86	101¼	102¼
Pac.Light 9¾-87	103½	104½
Pac.Light 8-88	93	94
Pennwit 8-87	95¼	96¼
Prov.Quebec 9-82	100¾	101¾
Prov.Quebec 7½-9	90½	91½
Ralston 7½-87	93½	94½
Richardson 8¾-85	101¼	102¼
S.A.S. 8-85	93½	94½
Scanraff 8¾-88	99½	100½
Scott 8¾-86	101¾	102¾
Seagram 9-83	101½	102½
SFE 9-83	100½	101½
Shell 8-86	98¼	99¼
Shell 7½-87	94¼	95¼
Skandin 10¼-81	105½	106½
SNCF 9¼-81	102	103
St. Ind. 8¼-80	102	103
St. Ind. 8½-88	103	104
S. Handels 9¼-86	100¾	101¾
Sybron 8-87	93½	94½
Tenneco 7½-79	99½	101
Tenneco 7¾-87	92½	93½
Textron 7¾-87	89¾	90¾
Transocean 8-86	98½	99½
Transocean 7½-87	95½	96½
Union Oil 7-79	100	101
Union Oil 7½-87	94¾	95¾
Utah 8-87	96	97
Volvo 9½-85	101¾	102¾
BroadHale 4¾-87	74½	76½
Carnation 4-88	77	79
Chevron 5-88	114	116
Chrysler 4¾-88	58½	60½
Chrysler 5-88	63½	65½
Conf Tel 5½-88	75	77
Cumm In 6¼-88	86	88
Dart Ind 4¾-88	76	78
EastKodak 4½-88	111	113
Econ Lab 4¾-87	76½	78½
Firestone 5-88	87½	89½
Ford 6-86	96	98
Ford 5-88	85	87
Gen Elec 4¼-87	82	84
Gen Food 4½-82	82	84
Gillette 4¾-82	80½	82½
Gillette 4¾-87	75	77
Gould 5-87	91	93
Gulf West 5-88	98	100
Honeywell 6-86	81	83
I.S.E. 6¼-89	79½	81½
ITT 4¾-87	72	74
Komatsu 7¼-90	105½	107½
Matsushita 6¾-90	114	116
Mitsui 7¼-90	101	102½
McDerm 4¾-87	147	149
Morgan JP 4¾-87	113	115
Nabisco 5¼-88	91½	93½
Owe Ill 4½-87	102	104
Penney JC 4½-87	78	80
Phil Lamb 4¾-83	93	95
R.C.A. 5-88	79½	81½
Revlon 4¾-83	112½	114½
Revlon 4¾-87	95½	97½
Sporry 4¼-88	94½	96½
Squibb Intl 4¼-87	74½	76½
Texaco 4½-88	76	78
UnCarb 4¾-82	118½	120½
WarnLam 4½-87	81	83
WarnLam 4¾-88	78½	80½
Xerox 5-88	74½	76½

Convertible Bonds

Amexco 4¼-87	78	80
Ashland 5-88	82½	84½
Beatrice 6¾-91	109½	111½
Beatrice 4½-92	93½	95½
Borden 6¾-91	104	106
Borden 5-97	95	97

Bondtrade—Index

(Basis Dec. 31, 1966—100)

	Med.	Long	Conv
Yesterday	100.36	90.94	102.71
Previous	100.33	90.91	102.10

THE WALL STREET JOURNAL
is now available in both
LONDON & PARIS
"Ask for it at your favourite newsstand or kiosk".
In case of difficulty contact distributors:
LONDON: Seymour Press, 01-733 4444. Distribution Dept.
PARIS: N.M.P.P. 233.44.22. Dept. Etrangers.

ADVERTISEMENT ADVERTISEMENT

...UROPEAN COMMERCIAL PROPERTIES DIRECTORY

...kly advertising feature is a listing of available office space in major European capitals. To receive a brochure on any of ...perties or to list your office property, write to: Mr. John Shelby at the International Herald Tribune in Paris (Telex: 280509) ...ct our office in your country (listed on the back page classified section).

LOCATION OF PROPERTY	AGENT OR DEVELOPER	LOCAL TELEPHONE	SPACE AVAILABLE	PRICE PER SQ. UNIT FOR SALE	PRICE PER SQ. UNIT TO LET	AVAILABILITY DATE
...l'Etoile-Charles-de-Gaulle, 8e	J. de Moncan	256.29.44	4,000 sq.m.	(for sale)		Immed.
...ard de la Madeleine, 1er.	J. de Moncan	256.29.44	12,000 sq.m.	(for sale)		Immed.
... Marceau, 8e	O.G.T.	522.86.86	287 sq.m.		(for rent)	Immed.
...du Fbg.-St.-Honoré, 8e	B. Thorpe/Smith Melzack	260.39.40	100 to 1,200 sq.m.		(for rent)	June '76
...INCES:						
...Rue Pastorelli	Sunley France	(93) 20.21.21	3,500 sq.m.		Fr. 430	July '76
... Marnix	Bernheim-Outremer	511.72.90	10,000 sq.m.		(for rent)	May '76
...e Louise	Bernheim-Outremer	511.72.90	12,450 sq.m.		(for rent)	June '76
... Tervuren	Bernheim-Outremer	511.72.90	6,000 sq.m.		(for rent)	Immed.
...e Louise (Tour S.A.I.F.I.)	Bernheim-Outremer	511.72.90	28,000 sq.m.		(for rent)	Immed.
... Louise	Donaldson S.A.	648.18.40	2,780 sq.m.		(for rent)	Immed.
...e Louise	Entr. E. François & Fils	736.20.20	3,290 sq.m.		B.Fr. 2,600	Immed.
...e Lloyd George	Entr. E. François & Fils	736.20.20	6,000 sq.m.		+/—2,600	Immed.
...venue de Tervuren	Entr. E. François & Fils	736.20.20	8,000 sq.m.		+/—2,800	Immed.
...58 Ave. Arts - Banking Hall & Offices	Jones, Lang, Wootton	219.42.10	13,000 sq.m.		(for rent)	Immed.
...u, 12 partitioned office floors	Jones, Lang, Wootton	219.42.10	850 sq.m. p. floor		(for rent)	Immed.
...harle	Office des Propriétaires	513.84.20	900 sq.m.			Immed.
	Mellersh & Harding	649.32.64	from 500 sq.m.		(for rent)	Immed.
...e de l'Industrie	Mellersh & Harding	649.32.64	from 400 sq.m.	(for sale)	(for rent)	Immed.
...GRAND DUCHY:						
...g City	G.A.G. Klesladt	42173	280 sq.m.		BF. 160/m.	Immed.
...R LONDON:						
...acechurch St., EC2 (City)	Herring Son & Daw	01-734-8155	479.3 sq.m.	F/F at Cost	£86.00 yr.	Immed.
...g Lane, EC3 (City)	Herring Son & Daw	01-734-8155	306 sq.m.	F/F at Cost	£85.00 yr.	Immed.
...dilly, W1 (West End)	Herring Son & Daw	01-734-8155	288 sq.m.	F/F at Cost	£70.00 yr.	Immed.
...k St., W1 (West End)	Herring Son & Daw	01-734-8155	237 sq.m.		£63.00 yr.	Immed.
	Knight Frank & Rutley	01-629-8171	5 = 40,000 sq.ft.		(for rent)	Immed.

...ents on British properties are subject to rates and service charge. All the properties in this Directory are subject to contract and availability. ...r abbreviations: F/F - Fixtures and fittings.

LOCATION OF PROPERTY	AGENT OR DEVELOPER	LOCAL TELEPHONE	SPACE AVAILABLE	FOR SALE	TO LET	DATE
...d factory space, Laagraven	Richard Ellis B.V.	020.440779	3,100 sq.m.		Dfl. 80.—	Immed.
...arehouse and factory space, Leiderdorp	Richard Ellis B.V.	020.440779	from 700 sq.m.		Dfl. 76.—	Immed.
...Holland	Bolle en Compagnons B.V.	020-185656	100-400 sq.m.	on request		Immed.
...nsterdam and Rotterdam	Bolle en Compagnons B.V.	020-185656	500-20,000 sq.m.		Fl.+/—200	Immed.
...ace Hoog Catharijne - Utrecht Central	Hol & Molenbeek B.V.	030.319847	from 200 sq.m.		(for rent)	Immed.
...ng. Laagraven, Utrecht	Mellersh & Harding (Brussels)	649.32.64	from 700 sq.m.		(for rent)	Immed.
...ng, Zoetermeude	Mellersh & Harding (Brussels)	649.32.64	from 1,600 sq.m.		(for rent)	Immed.
...ce space, Bergen op Zoom	VanOpstal Makelaardij	01640-42350	6,400 sq.m.		Dfl. 40.—	Oct. '76
...tgebouw Amstelveen	Knight Frank & Rutley	020-760944	3,500 sq.m.		Dfl. 200.—	Immed.
...ng shops offices Eindhoven	Nienhuis en Luiten B.V.	040-116415	300-45,000 sq.m.		(for rent)	Immed.
...nthouse, Avenida Generalisimo	F.A. Mage	233-03-34	650 sq.m.	(for sale)		Immed.

IF YOU HAVE A SALES ORGANISATION

Preferably with experience selling foreign land and homes to European nationals, read on.

A Mexican consortium of developers and builders had just begun to market worldwide its first American luxury resort project. Buenaventura Lakes in central Florida is near Orlando and Disney World. Developed lots, model homes, condominiums, with full amenities available now.

High earnings and full support available to qualified sales group. International Marketing Director to visit Europe and the Middle East this summer. Write immediately with details of your company and an introductory portfolio will be forwarded to you.

MARK ANTHONY ASSOCIATES, INC.
Attn.: D. J. Messina.
Box D 5,347, Herald Tribune, Paris.

Brazil
380,000 square foot recently completed industrial building
Available immediately
Cushman & Wakefield, Inc.
529 Fifth Ave. N.Y. 10017
Telephone: (212) 983-4837
Telex: 237979 CWI UR
Exclusive Agent

THE DALLAS PETROLEUM CENTER

A recently completed first-class office development of 135,732 sq.ft. in North Dallas. Good tenants, high occupancies. Price $4,800,000. Cash investment $1,500,000. 25-year financing. Minimum guaranteed net return cash-on-cash 8% after debt service. Project net return in excess of 10% cash-on-cash.

Contact:
Univestors S.A.
505 Avenue Louise.
1050 Brussels, Belgium.
Telex: 25304.

Henry S. Miller Company,
2001 Bryan Tower,
Dallas, Texas.

LARGEST REALTORS IN THE SOUTHWEST.

UNIQUE OPPORTUNITY
luxurious
castle like Villa

with park, center of Muralto-Locarno, 1,000 sq.m., 22 rooms, can also be used as private clinic. For sale.

Must be seen to appreciate.

To inquire write:

A. Roveda.
6600 Locarno, Switzerland.

230 Faubourg St Honoré
Paris 8e
Still available for sale in a very high class building
some studios, 2, 3 and 4-room apartments
one 5-room duplex with large terrasse.
Visits every day from 2 to 7 pm (Except Sundays).
immobilier
45, rue de Courcelles 75008 Paris.
Tel.: 924.62.94 or on afternoons at the Sales office: 622.52.92
a "Foncière des Hauts-de-Seine" project.

CANADA
When investing in Canada call
winzen
• We sell land, apartments, industries, businesses.
• We act as consultants.
• We are property managers.
Winzen is the leading international real estate selling and development company.
Write to:
WINZEN, 85 Richmond Street West, TORONTO, Ontario, Canada, M5H 2C9.
or WINZEN, 800 Dorchester West, MONTREAL, Quebec, Canada, H3B 1X9.
Telex to: 06267598.

FOR SALE
GRENADA
WEST INDIES
SUPERB ESTATE
approximately 170 acres. PLANNING for VILLAS and HOTELS. Freehold. Highest offer over £80,000 sterling or equivalent in another currency.
CHALGRAY LIMITED
202, Northolt Road,
South Harrow, Middlesex.
01 - 422 - 1023.

PANTHEON
14 R. de l'Estrapade/4, R. Clotilde, PARIS-5e.
Freestone Facade
High-class apartments.
Studios and 2-3-4-5-room apartments
a SINVIM project
Information and Sales:
D. FEAU
132 Bld. Haussmann, Paris-8e.
Tel.: 522.13.60 or 69.34.

CANADA
PRIME REVENUE PRODUCING PROPERTY IN MONTREAL
In the most desirable downtown area, two 3-story buildings, side by side in excellent condition. A net yield of 10% cash on a cash investment, with other significant benefits, makes this a most attractive opportunity for an investor wishing to acquire and control real estate in rapidly growing, central core of Canada's largest city.
Existing mortgages are available. Price: $680,000. Direct from owners.
Mr. J. F. Horvath
1231 St. Catherine St. W.
Montreal, Quebec, Canada.
Tel.: 514-843-1807.

OPPORTUNITIES IN U.S. REAL ESTATE
Atlanta based Robinson-Humphrey, members NYSE, offers you full line real estate expertise in fast growing southeastern U.S. Farm land, office buildings, shopping centers or raw land for future residential development are offered by our real estate department. Established in 1894, our reputation and our personnel are available for your investment needs.
The Robinson-Humphrey Co., Inc.
2 Peachtree Street, N.W.
Atlanta, Georgia 30303.

NET LEASED, CREDIT TENANTED
Real estate properties in several geographical areas U.S.A., including Sears, Western Electric, National Tea Company, Telephone and others. Will make prompt effort to fulfill investor specifications and guidelines for net leased properties.
Contact:
H.B. McSween,
P.O. Box 1908, Alexandria,
Louisiana 71301, U.S.A.
Telephone: (318) 445-1462,
or 442-5008 (residence).



COME AND INVEST IN THE COSTA DEL SOL.
NOW YOUR MONEY BUYS MORE.
Buy your land, house or apartment and start living... making money... or both.
Mail this coupon now:
Costa del Sol Tourist Promotion Board Ministry of Tourism. Palacio de Congresos. Box 298 Torremolinos. Costa del Sol. Spain.
Name ....
....
....
Address ....
COSTA DEL SOL · MALAGA
IHT

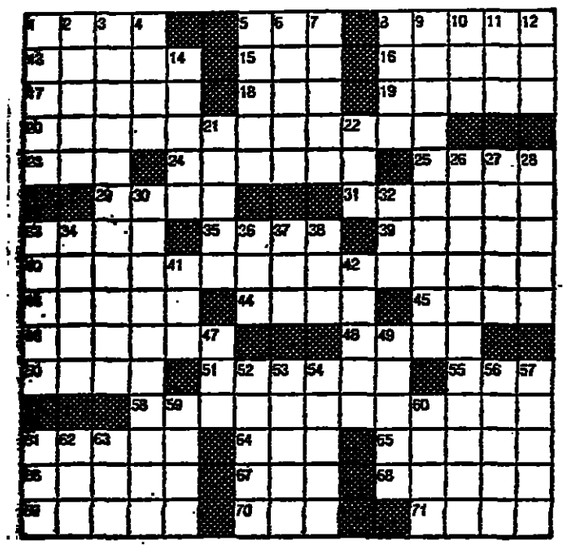
CROSSWORD — Edited by Will Weng

ACROSS

1 Kind of horse
5 Nautical direction
8 Plant life
13 C'est —— (that is to say)
15 Honor card
16 Column style
17 On the level
18 Bao —— of Indochina
19 Fleet
20 Ignores critical reviews, with 58 Across
23 Soviet unit: Abbr.
24 Big name among Huns
25 P.O. routes
29 Marine bird
31 Swamp Fox of Revolution
33 Actor Ray
35 U.S. missile
39 Soft velvet
40 Balky personal memory bank
43 Hit —— (get along)
44 Kind of casting or writer
45 Receives
46 More —— (somewhat)
48 Pitcher
50 Exigency
51 Envoy
55 Fleur-de——
58 See 20 Across
61 Canine's neighbor
64 ——, dos, tres
65 Fran's pal on TV
66 Biblical song
67 Eur. country
68 Paper unit
69 Junky writers
70 Prior to
71 Bone: Prefix

DOWN

1 Vexes
2 Brainstorms
3 Totem carving, e.g.
4 Math branch
5 Cairo V.I.P.
6 Former U.S. envoy to U.N.
7 Composer Kurt
8 Go after indirectly
9 Bass, compared to tenor
10 Naval branch: Abbr.
11 Region of Morocco
12 Put on an ——
14 Patriot Allen
21 Office-pool member
22 Cap
26 Upstate N.Y. resort area
27 Dunking item
28 Cuts, old style
30 Arcade, for one
32 Mil. address
33 Suffix for fix or flirt
34 Metric unit
36 Worldwide: Abbr.
37 Lock's partner
38 Sixth sense
41 Very-loud signs, in music
42 Cogwheel features
47 Subtle
49 Worktime units
52 Piano piece
53 Dead duck
54 Make up for
56 Entrance
57 Flat fish
59 Up in —— (indignant)
60 Owl, in Spain
61 Dashboard initials
62 Mrs. Johnson
63 Fond du ——



WEATHER

	C	F			C	F	
ALGARVE	25	77	Clear	MADRID	25	79	Clear
AMSTERDAM	18	64	Clear	MILAN	28	82	Clear
ANKARA	15	59	Cloudy	MONTREAL	23	73	Clear
ATHENS	24	75	Variable	MOSCOW	14	57	Cloudy
BEIRUT	28	82	Variable	MUNICH	20	68	Cloudy
BELGRADE	—	—	Unavailable	NEW YORK	29	84	Clear
BERLIN	19	66	Clear	NICE	21	70	Clear
BRUSSELS	21	70	Clear	OSLO	—	—	Unavailable
BUCHAREST	—	—	Unavailable	PARIS	21	70	Cloudy
BUDAPEST	—	—	Unavailable	PRAGUE	—	—	Unavailable
CASABLANCA	22	72	Clear	ROME	23	77	Clear
COPENHAGEN	18	64	Clear	SOFIA	—	—	Unavailable
COSTA DEL SOL	23	73	Clear	STOCKHOLM	20	68	Cloudy
DUBLIN	16	61	Cloudy	TEHRAN	37	99	Partly cloudy
EDINBURGH	15	59	Cloudy	TEL AVIV	26	79	Clear
FLORENCE	27	81	Clear	TUNIS	26	79	Clear
FRANKFURT	22	72	Cloudy	VIENNA	20	68	Clear
GENEVA	25	77	Clear	WARSAW	—	—	Unavailable
HELSINKI	18	64	Clear	WASHINGTON	29	86	Sunny
ISTANBUL	15	59	Showers	ZURICH	23	73	Storm
LAS PALMAS	16	61	Clear				
LISBON	28	82	Clear				
LONDON	20	68	Clear				
LOS ANGELES	13	55	Rain				

(Yesterday's readings: U.S., Canada at 1700 GMT, others at 1200 GMT.)

INTERNATIONAL FUNDS

ADVERTISEMENT

June 10, 1976

The net asset value quotations shown below are supplied by the Funds listed. The International Herald Tribune cannot accept responsibility for them. Following marginal symbols indicate frequency of quotations supplied for the IHT. (d)—daily; (w)—weekly; (r)—regularly; (i)—irregularly.

(w) Alexander Fund	$7.08
(d) Am. Express Int'l Fd.	$6.26
Atlantal. Select Fd.	$2.44
BANK JULIUS BAER & Co. Ltd.:	
— (d) Eserbond	SF706.50
— (d) Conbar	SF751
— (d) Grobar	SF550
— (d) Stockbar	SF661
(w) Browninvest	$13.68
(d) Can. Gas & Energy Fd.	$13.50
(d) Can. Secur. Growth Fd.	$4.97
(d) A.G.F. Japan Fd.	$7.71
CAPITAL INTERNATIONAL S.A.:	
— (w) Capital Int'l.	$44.22
— (w) Capital Italia S.A.	$7.69
(d) Capital Bentinvest.	LF1,119
(d) Carlubro Open-End	$138.10
(d) Citadel Fund	$2.94
(i) Cleveland Offshore Fd.	$631.08
(w) Convert. Fd. Int. A Certs.	$7.59
(w) Convert. Fd. Int. B Certs.	$12.42
(d) Convert. Bond Fd. N.V.	$8.60
CREDIT SUISSE:	
— (d) Canasec	SF566
— (d) C.S. Fonds-Bonds	SFT1.25
— (d) C.S. Fonds-Int'l.	SF68.50
— (d) Energie-Valor	SF63.50
— (d) Ussec	SF642
— (d) Europa-Valor	SF119
(i) Crosby Fund S.A.	$4.21
(d) CSF Fund	SF25.39
(d) Crossbow Fund	SF4.50
(w) D.G.O.	$29.73
(d) Dollar Fund (ex-div.)	$1.16
(d) Dreyfus Fund Int'l.	$12.38
(w) Dr. Intarch. Inv. Fd.	$11.76
(w) Europe Obligations	LF1,008
DIT INVESTMENT FRANKFURT:	
— (d) Concentra	DM21.80
— (d) Intl. Rentenfond	DM77.70
FIDELITY:	
— (w) Fidelity Amer. Assets	$16.75
— (d) Fidelity Dir. Svgs. Tr.	$51.85
— (w) Fidelity Int'l Fund	$16.80
— (w) Fidelity Pacific Fund	$28.31
— (d) Fidelity World Fd.	$11.36
(w) First Intern'l Fd.	$121.85
(w) First Int'l Realty Sec.	$13.91
(d) First Nat'l City Fund	$27.84
(w) Fleming Fund S.A.	$65.56
(w) Fleming Japan Fund	$28.81
(w) Fonselex Issue Pr.	SF1,712
(d) Formula Selection Fd.	SF69.65
(d) Fonditalia	$9.67
(d) Fund of Nations	$5.55
(d) Fund of N.Y. (ex-div.)	$8.75
(w) Future Australia Fd.	Aus.$3.67
G.T. (BERMUDA) LIMITED:	
— (w) Berry Int'l Fund	$12.14
— (w) Berry Pac. Fd. Ltd.	$20.09
— (w) G.T. Dollar Fund	$5.50
(w) Guardian Gr. Fd Int'l.	$7.59
(w) Hausmann Holdg. NV	$6,086
(i) H.O.I.T. Hobet	$26.97
(d) Icofund	$9.56
(d) Interfund S.A.	$6.51
(w) Intermarket Fund	$111.36
(w) Int'l Inc Fund (Jersey)	$23.45
(r) Int'l Securities Fund	$5.43
(r) Invest. Atlantiques	$26.37
(d) Italamerica S.A. Fund	$1.62
(r) Italfortune Int'l Fd. S.A.	$7.12
(d) L.T.F. Fund N.V.	$1.55
(r) Japan Growth Fund	$16.10
(d) Japan Selection Fund	$49.12
(w) Japan Pacific Fund	$16.59
JARDINE FLEMING:	
— (r) Jardine Japan Fund	$46.61
— (r) Jardine Selection NV.	$16.18
(d) KB Income Fund	LF1,625
(d) Kleinwort Benson Int. F.	$10.91
(w) Kleinwort Benz. Jap. F.	$20.72
(r) Leverage Cap. Hold.	$39.85
LLOYDS INTERNATIONAL MGT S.A.:	
—+(w) L-B-T Multi-way Fd.	SF396.50
—+(w) Lloyds Int'l Income	SF339
(w) Luxfund	$19.01
(m) Magnum Fund Ltd.	$37.39
(d) Mediolanum Sel. Fund	$9.59
(d) Neuwirth Int'l Fund	$3.11
(d) Neuwirth Inv. Fund	$1.57
(w) N.A.M.F.	$64.57
(w) Nippon Fund	$42.14
(w) Nor. Amer. Inv. Fund	$6.20
(w) Nor. Amer. Bank Fd.	$6.45
(r) Pegasus Intern'l.	$6.31
(d) Putnam Intern'l Fund	$21.94
(d) Rento Fund	LF1,977
(d) Rentinvest	LF380
(d) Safe Trust Fund	$10.06
(w) Samurai Portfolio	SF58.15
Share Realty N.V.	$15.30
Share International N.V.	$4.63
SEPRO:	
— (w) Sepro (N.A.V.)	$63.62
(w) SMH Special Fund	DM38.40
SOFID GROUPE GENEVA:	
— (r) Parton Sw. R. Est.	SF1,567.50
— (r) Securewise	SF957
(d) Soros Fund	$216.94
(w) Star Fund	$4.87
SWISS BANK CORP.:	
— (d) America-Valor	SF454.25
— (d) Intervalor	SF69.70
— (d) Japan Portfolio	SF373.25
— (d) Swissvalor New Ser.	SF211.50
— (d) Univ Bond Select	SF70.50
— (d) Universal Fund	SF92.28
(w) Talent Global Fund	$8.90
(w) Tokyo Pac. Hold. (Sea)	$26.92
(w) Tokyo Pac. Hold N.V.	$26.69
(w) Transpacific Fund	$20.58
UNION BANK OF SWITZERLAND:	
— (d) Amca U.S. Sh.	SF34.75
— (d) Bond Invest	SF69.50
— (d) Convert-Invest	SF74.50
— (d) Eurit Europe Sh.	SF111.50
— (d) Fonsa Swiss Sh.	SF89.50
— (d) Globinvest	SF65
— (d) Pacific Invest.	SF76
— (d) Rometac-Invest	SF347
— (d) Safit South. Afr. Sh.	SF165.50
— (d) Sima Swiss Er. Est	SF177.50
UNION INVESTMENT, Frankfurt:	
— (d) Atlantikfonds	DM16.05
— (d) Europafonds	DM31.75
— (d) Unifonds	DM20.15
— (d) Unirenta	DM41.30
— (d) Unispecial I	DM30.70
(w) United Cap. Inv. Fd.	$3.22
(d) U.S. Trust Invest. Fd.	$11.64
(w) Western Growth Fd.	$6.04
(w) Western Hedge Fund	$1,342.86
(w) West. Proprietary N.V.	1,505.40
(d) World Equity Grth Fd.	$422.67
(w) Worldwide Securities	$47.88
(w) Worldwide Special	$2,357.45

DM — Deutsche Mark. * — Ex-dividend: z — New: N.A — Not available: BF — Belgian francs; LF — Luxembourg francs. SF — Swiss francs; + — Offer prices: a — Asked; b — Bid. Change P/V $1S to $1 per unit.



JUMBLE® — that scrambled word game

Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.

INORM

CHITK

TERVID

YAMBIG

Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon.

Print the SURPRISE ANSWER here: "○○○○"

(Answers tomorrow)

Yesterday's Jumbles: RUSTY IVORY SPLICE INJURE

Answers: *Extra good eyesight might be considered a the foreman's job*—"SUPER-VISION"

DENNIS THE MENACE

BOOKS

THE POETRY OF THE THIRTIES

By A. T. Tolley. St. Martin's Press. 455 pp. $1.

Reviewed by Thomas Lask

IN a despondent moment, W. H. Auden called the 1930s "a low dishonest decade." Yet to the literary observer no age is more fascinating. It was a time when the English poet as a political animal was encountering his greatest challenge since the French Revolution, a time when political impulse confronted personal sensibility with results not always happy for the man or the work.

It was a time of great disharmony. There was economic misery at home and threatening Fascism abroad. Germany militarized the Rhine, overran Austria after Dollfuss had crushed the Socialists and dismembered Czechoslovakia. Franco after three bloody years conquered Spain; and Italy, flouting the League of Nations, established itself in Africa. More than these victories, though, was the fact of Fascism as an unstoppable and overarching menace.

Looking back, we feel we know what the poets' responses should have been. But the options clear to us were not so to them. The Great War had inoculated all England against further bloodletting. Pacifism ran deep. But pacifism and anti-Fascism, it soon became evident, were not compatible. When Churchill urged rearmament, Labor voted him down.

On a personal basis, left-wing leanings and empathy for the working man warred naturally with the comfortable middle-class position of men who had attended public school and the great universities. They were valedictorians of the class from which they had come, but the world they yearned for was not the classless society.

"I would vote left any day," Louis MacNeice wrote. "My soul is all for moving to a classless society. [But] with my heart and with my guts I lament the passing of class."

Even the civil war in Spain, which produced more of a consensus among writers than any other single event in the decade, was followed by the disillusionment of such key figures as Orwell and Auden.

The uncertain political time, the spiritual demands, the contradictory forces were not easy to live with or through. But they are fascinating to read about, as Mr. Tolley's thoughtful and abundant book makes clear. I was about to say survey, but that word would scarcely fit a number of poets and t he deals with or the e ceptions he brings t them. No one will conc his judgments. He see harsh to C. Day L scarcely gives Bernar his due, and his jud Auden are often so qu he almost forgets to ex excitement it was to meet him for the Nevertheless the age in his book, and mi individual judgments der, Empson) will send back to the text to out.

As in all ages, the gets to it, the less h the 30s appear. It is es that they were the yo Betjeman, David Gas of the few surreali poets) and Dylan Tho as the age of Auden, S Day Lewis, Americans who first encounter after the war are think they discovered he had made his repu ller in England, and l comments on his first will turn the reader serious craftsman maker rather than to roisterer and creat activities that inflate ation and lessened ment.

An invaluable elem book is the attention pays to the periodical frey Grigson's New chael Roberts's New and John Lehmann's ing and to the way t the new poetry to its ness of readers.

Although few of th actual members of t nist party, their gen tion was left-wing who is a professor of Carleton University finds that their ve narrowly political, it was, it was not goo poets were technical tive (though adroit a ful) and that readers ing political messag that had none.

The presence of it in an Auden poem o train in a poem by taken to indicate sympathy. These wer says, poetic concerns ones.

But it would see reader was right in instincts, in respond he felt were the own writing, to the warm man emotion behin Even the traditional ed to the same end. far patterns couple traditional material tensions that were m ing than doctrinaire man can be moved without strictly delib tents.

Thomas Lask is on The New York Time

Solution to Previous Puzzle

R	O	S	S		S	A	F	E	R		L	O	G	S
A	M	A	I	T		P	E	R	S	E		A	B	I	E
M	I	X	O	L	O	G	I	S	T		T	O	R	E
S	T	E	P	O	N	I	T		U	P	H	E	L	D
			P	T	G	S		G	R	E	E			
S	P	H	E	R	E		M	O	M	A	R	C	H	S
T	H	E	R	E		P	I	P	E	R		R	E	E
E	A	R	S		W	A	L	E	D		R	O	A	D
E	S	E		C	H	I	L	D		W	E	A	V	E
D	E	S	P	O	I	L	S		R	O	S	T	E	R
			R	I	P	S		S	E	M	I			
T	H	R	I	L	L		S	T	R	E	S	S	E	S
R	O	A	N		A	C	C	O	U	N	T	A	N	T
A	L	I	T		S	P	U	R	N		O	R	N	E
P	E	N	S		H	A	D	E	S		B	A	S	P

BRIDGE — By Alan

East opened with a weak two-bid in hearts, on the deal shown, and South bid two-no-trump to show a long balanced hand. North's three-heart cue-bid was a substitute for Stayman aimed at locating a 4-4 spade fit. It achieved its object, and West led his singleton heart against four spades.

The declarer won with the ace in his hand and cashed two high spades, discovering the bad break. He played a third round of trumps, taking a marked finesse against the jack, and led a low diamond. East could have beaten the contract by putting up the diamond ace and giving his partner a heart ruff, but he could not be sure about the heart position, and he played low. South finessed the diamond ten successfully and played a fourth trump, pulling We giving East some en

East had thrown and could have give one safely, but he w this. He threw a c another problem diamond was led He put up his ace, he was to regret mortem, and playe dummy's king. The now this:

	NORTH ♠ — ♡ — ◇ K5 ♣ 1052	
WEST ♠ — ♡ — ◇ — ♣ AQ986		SOUTH ♠ — ♡ 75 ◇ Q ♣ KJ

	NORTH ♠ Q1054 ♡ K9 ◇ K542 ♣ 1052	
WEST ♠ J986 ♡ 4 ◇ 93 ♣ AQ9864		EAST (D) ♠ 3 ♡ QJ10863 ◇ AJ87 ♣ 73
	SOUTH ♠ AK72 ♡ A752 ◇ Q106 ♣ KJ	

Neither side was vulnerable. The bidding:

East	South	West	North
2 ♡	2 N.T.	Pass	3 ♡
Pass	3 ♠	Pass	4 ♠
Pass	Pass	Pass	

West led the heart four.

The declarer nee the last five tricks, be prevented from when he led a clul West took his two c played a third ro his partner in position.

It would not West to duck t South would hav diamond queen an But that would b winning defense if two clubs and o for the endgame.

هكذا من الأصل

In French Tennis

;olomon's Tactics)verpower Vilas

By John Vinocur

...IS, June 10 (AP).—Throw- ; moonball game away to ...amps and gathering dark- Harold Solomon, the su- run-and-fetch tennis play- ...ned hitter for 20 minutes time enough to advance e semifinals of the French ...ournament over Guillermo

American, who has driven to the edge of desperation ...s lobs, slow-paced game rieving abilities, whacked ...of volleys and winners ...ne baseline to beat the ...e, 6-1, 0-6, 7-6, 6-1, as ...started to fade and Sol- ...id he began to be bother- ...eg cramps at the begin- the fourth set.

...ught to myself, if I don't ...ver now, I'm in trouble." ... said. "I started to bang ... and I think it was the ...ver hit it. I hit every- ...; hard as I could and ...ver seemed to go long." ...m will meet Raul Rami- Mexico, who beat Belacz of Hungary, 4-6, 7-6, 2-6, to advance to the semis. ...) Eddie Dibbs also has ...t the finals if he can ...e Italian champion, Panatta, on Saturday.

...had to pick somebody ...to play, I guess it's ..." Solomon said. "I beat ...e recently."

...atch, including the 14- ...reak between the third ...th sets, took a minute ...e hours. Most of it, with ...tion of Solomon's final ...olved the long baseline- ...e rallies that charac- ...omon matches.

...merican was able to do ...g in the first set, 6-1, ...e left-hander to 4-0 on ...ice breaks that came ...) groundstrokes and an ... volley at the net.

...on the second set at ...ing better and finding ...hort on approach shots. ...en lost their services ...tive games and forced ...ker. Solomon led, four ...one, but a Vilas smash ...rvice winner put him ... point of winning the ...t. Solomon tied the ...h another stunningly ... backhand, and then ...d a backhand and hit ...g Solomon an 8-6 vic-

...t set produced almost ...ace from Vilas, whom ...an had not beaten in ... "I felt as good as I ..." said Solomon. "The ... just ripping off the

... the unseeded 23-year- ...eliminated No. 3-seed ...e in the fourth round, ... the same with the ...avis Cup player who ...st a set in the tour- ...til today.

...garian, after winning ...t, 6-4, went to a tie- ...e second set and twice ...y one more point to ...ng 6-4, Taroczy missed ...n volley that hit the ... white stripe on the ...ounced back at him. ...ved the next set point ...hand passing shot and ... win, 7-5.

... miss at close range ...st him the match be- ...easily won the third

...thing happened to the during the 10-minute ...lis serve—it produced during the match— ...sing and his approach out of control. Rami- fifth, sailed through set in 22 minutes, 6-1. ...ican seemed headed ... victory in the fifth, a 3-0 lead. Ramirez the spectators, bounc- ...f his head and seem- ...re of victory.

... revival came in the ... Trailing 4-1, he hit With Ramirez's back- ...ring, he broke the service to pull up to

...time Ramirez missed ... backhands in the ...me, with Taroczy's ...n 4-4, his clowning ...opped.

...as a point away from ...hrough Ramirez's ... the next game at ... his backhand failed ... and his new momen-

Ramirez hit a winning volley to lead 5-4, and Taroczy held his service to stay even at 5-5, but Ramirez had complete control in the 11th game. The Mexican brushed a whisper-soft drop shot at the net to lead 6-5.

In the final game, Taroczy moved ahead 30-15 on a forehand rush of the net and a Ramirez backhand that died against the tape. Ramirez came to 30-30 with a backhand smash, and then Taroczy offered him a match point. With the Mexican vulnerable at the net, Taroczy hit a forehand out. He came back to deuce on a fine stop volley, but errored again on the next point, once more hitting a forehand too anxiously, too far.

Bueno Bows Out

BECKENHAM, England (AP). —Former Wimbledon champion Maria Bueno prematurely—ended her first British tournament in eight years today when she retired from the quarterfinals of the Beckenham Grass Courts Tennis Championship.

The 36-year-old Brazilian had earlier beaten Judy Connor of New Zealand, 6-3, 6-1, with a 45-minute display of elegant strokes. But after three games of her quarterfinal with Nana Sato of Japan, she decided to quit.

"I just didn't feel too well," she explained. "It's as simple as that."

But some of the other competitors believe that Bueno was upset about having to play her second match little more than an hour after finishing her first.

Referee Eric Auger commented: "We wanted Maria to play two matches yesterday to catch up with the rest of the field, but she elected to play two today instead. I don't know anything about her being upset about having to play two matches so close together. She just told me she wasn't feeling well."



Chicago White Sox owner Bill Veeck.

Maverick View of Baseball

By James Tuite

NEW ORLEANS, June 10 (NYT).—Bill Veeck, the self-styled "62-year-old scuffler with one leg who can't see or hear," took a few wild swings at the establishment.

The maverick of baseball, returning to the wars as president of the Chicago White Sox, aimed the following barbs before a convention of Associated Press sports editors:

- "The baseball season starts too early, ends too late and there are too many games in between."
- "Baseball has failed to change with the times." It's too slow, he said, and the delays caused by infielders tossing the ball to each other after every out should be eliminated, among other things.
- "Commissioner Bowie Kuhn is not afraid to make decisions. He just doesn't know what decisions to make." Veeck said that Walter O'Malley, who had moved the Dodgers from Brooklyn to Los Angeles, ran baseball, but "he's the only man Dale Carnegie would hit in the mouth."

Veeck renewed his plea for interleague games, but held little hope that this 44-year campaign would be fruitful unless Kuhn intervened.

"The inability of one or two teams to change direction is damaging," he said, alluding to the unanimous vote necessary to effect interleague play.

"A blueprint for the future between the American League and the National League would be the greatest step forward that baseball could take," he said.

Yet, he said, though it "has fallen on evil ways, baseball is the only settled thing in an unsettled world. It is the only place where justice is immediate and predetermined," he said.

Jimmy Hill Is Hired

Saudis Ask Briton for Soccer Boost

By Tom Lambert

LONDON, June 10.—Britain, which is always trying to sell to Saudi Arabia, has just landed a nice export contract with that country—for soccer expertise.

Jimmy Hill, onetime English first-division player, a BBC television soccer analyst, formerly the coach and now a director of Coventry's team, has signed a five-year, estimated $50-million contract with the Saudis to build a Saudi team.

They apparently need one. Their current team has been beaten by the Qatar, Kuwait and Bahrain teams, and wound up next to last in the recent Arab Gulf League tournament. "They didn't just lose," Hill said, "they lost without honor."

The loss reportedly grieved Saudi Arabian Prince Faisal, whose country is bigger and richer than those whose teams demolished his. So the Saudis fired their manager of a year, Hungary's famed Ferenc Puskas. The 43-year-old Hill was summoned and signed up.

Hill's deal with the Saudis has elicited some somber comment here. If the Saudis pay him with pounds taken from the pile of sterling they keep here at the Bank of England, an expert cautioned, they may further weaken Britain's wobbly currency.

Low Ranking

Hill has been advised about living in Saudi Arabia. It's hot there, humid, liquor is forbidden, and soccer rates behind horse and camel racing and falconry as a national sport.

Hill hasn't said how much time he intends to spend in Saudi Arabia nor, as far as is known, how much he gets out of this contract, but he is off and running on the new job.

First, he told an interviewer the other day, he wants to hire a manager coach (at about $90,000 yearly, tax-free) "with plenty of spirit and adventure." He has talked with at least two candidates for the job, telling them about the heat, the liquor ban and the fact that there are no theaters in Saudi Arabia, no movies, and practically no Saudi team to build from.

Simultaneously, from his handsome London office, Saudi Arabia's new soccer czar is trying to hire five regional coaches at about $20,000 tax-free annually each, a Saudi club secretary, a referee-adviser and various administrators.

Hill's Saudi strategy, it seems, calls for trying to make something out of the country's presently lamentable team, and training some regional crops of new, young players.

Only One Foreigner

It appears that Hill can't just buy an outside team or a squad of star players and ship them to Saudi Arabia. Saudi soccer rules apparently ban the use of more than one foreigner for the country's national or any of its regional teams.

Hill also has to get Saudi Arabian soccer players some more fields.

The country now has three artificial grass pitches. The rest are sand. Hill wants to lay down at least three more grass pitches in the next six months, and use them continuously in the hope of producing a Saudi victory in the 1978 Arab Gulf tournament. He may bring some of Saudi Arabia's present players to England for coaching sessions.

A vigorous player in his time—"enthusiastic, but unpredictable," an expert recalled—Hill is a respected television soccer analyst. "He knows what he's talking about, even when he takes a strip off a player or team," one of his admirers said.

© Los Angeles Times.

Major League Leaders

AMERICAN LEAGUE
(Based on 125 At-Bats)

	G	AB	R	H	Pct.
McRae, K.C.	51	195	22	70	.359
Lynn, Bsn.	40	150	20	52	.347
G. Brett, K.C.	51	211	31	73	.346
Bostock, Min.	38	142	20	47	.331
LeFlore, Det.	45	182	27	60	.330
Carew, Min.	50	154	29	49	.318
Yount, Mil.	46	173	22	55	.318
Staub, Det.	50	175	21	55	.314
Munson, N.Y.	48	208	29	65	.312

RUNS—Hargrove, Tex., 38; Otis, K.C., 37; North, Oak., 37; R. White, N.Y., 35; Rivers, N.Y., 34.

RUNS BATTED IN—Burroughs, Tex., 42; Chambliss, N.Y., 40; Munson, N.Y., 37; Mayberry, K.C., 35; Otis, K.C., 35.

HITS—G. Brett, K.C., 73; McRae, K.C., 70; Chambliss, N.Y., 65; Munson, N.Y., 65; Carew, Min., 63.

DOUBLES—Howell, Tex., 14; Carty, Cle., 13; McRae, K.C., 13; D. Evans, Bsn., 12; LeFlore, Det., 12; Garner, Oak., 12; Sundberg, Tex., 12.

TRIPLES—LeFlore, Det., 5; G. Brett, K.C., 5; Bumbry, Bal., 4; Piniella, N.Y., 4; Cowens, K.C., 4; North, Oak., 4.

HOME RUNS—Otis, K.C., 10; Bando, Oak., 10; L. May, Bal., 9; Yastrzemski, Bsn., 9; Ford, Minn., 9.

STOLEN BASES—North, Oak., 28; Patek, K.C., 27; Baylor, Oak., 25; Carew, Min., 23; Campaneris, Oak., 22.

PITCHING (6 decisions)—Bird, K.C., 6-1, .857, 3.11; Singer, Min., 5-1, .833, 3.18; Travers, Mil., 7-2, .778, 1.72; Fitzmorris, K.C., 7-2, .778, 3.59; W. Campbell, Min., 7-2, .778, 2.70; Goltz, Min., 6-2, .750, 4.26; J. Brown, Cle., 5-2, .714, 2.17; Leonard, K.C., 5-2, .714, 2.80.

STRIKEOUTS—Tanana, Calif., 101; Ryan, Cal., 98; Blyleven, Tex., 82; Hunter, N.Y., 71; Gossage, Chi., 62.

NATIONAL LEAGUE
(Based on 125 At-Bats)

	G	AB	R	H	Pct.
W. Robinson, Pgh	38	126	19	45	.357
McBride, St. L.	35	129	20	46	.357
Morgan, Cin.	46	158	44	54	.342
Griffey, Cin.	49	188	47	64	.340
Rose, Cin.	54	222	48	75	.338
Cey, L.A.	53	194	32	65	.335
G. Foster, Cin.	49	192	28	64	.333
Boone, Phi.	43	139	22	45	.331
A. Oliver, Pgh.	46	182	27	58	.319
Milner, N.Y.	38	129	21	41	.318
W. Crawford, St. L.	46	151	23	48	.318

RUNS—Rose, Cin., 48; Griffey, Cin., 47; Morgan, Cin., 44; Monday, Chi., 42; Winfield, S.D., 40.

RUNS BATTED IN—G. Foster, Cin., 50; Kingman, N.Y., 47; Morgan, Cin., 43; Schmidt, Phi., 42; T. Perez, Cin., 41.

HITS—Rose, Cin., 75; Garvey, L.A., 71; Buckner, L.A., 70; Montanez, S.F., 70; Cey, L.A., 65.

DOUBLES—Madlock, Chi., 16; Zisk, Pgh., 16; Rose, Cin., 14; Montanez, S.F., 14; Millan, N.Y., 13; Johnstone, Phi., 13; Buckner, L.A., 13; Garvey, L.A., 13.

TRIPLES—D. Parker, Pgh., 6; D. Cash, Phi., 5; W. Davis, S.D., 5; 7 tied with 4.

HOME RUNS—Kingman, N.Y., 21; Schmidt, Phi., 15; G. Foster, Cin., 11; Morgan, Cin., 11; Monday, Chi., 10; Cey, L.A., 10.

STOLEN BASES—Cedeno, Htn., 24; Morgan, Cin., 22; Griffey, Cin., 16; Brock, St. L., 14; Lopes, L.A., 14.

PITCHING (6 decisions).—Hough, L.A., 7-1, .875, 2.89; Matlack, N.Y., 6-1, .857, 2.65; Alcala, Cin., 6-1, .857, 4.26; R. Jones, S.D., 11-2, .846, 2.26; Reed, Phi., 5-1, .833, 3.92; Zachry, Cin., 5-1, .833, 1.33; Lonborg, Phi., 8-2, .800, 2.59; Christenson, Phi., 7-2, .778, 2.77.

STRIKEOUTS—Seaver, N.Y., 86; J. Richard, Htn., 69; Messersmith, Atl., 63; Montefusco, S.F., 63; Lolich, N.Y., 59.

Major League Standings

AMERICAN LEAGUE
Eastern Division

	W	L	Pct	GB
New York	30	19	.612	—
Boston	28	25	.479	6 1/2
Baltimore	24	27	.471	7
Cleveland	22	27	.460	7 1/2
Detroit	22	28	.440	8 1/2
Milwaukee	19	27	.413	9 1/2

Western Division

	W	L	Pct	GB
Kansas City	32	19	.627	—
Texas	30	20	.600	1 1/2
Chicago	26	22	.542	4 1/2
Minnesota	26	25	.510	6
Oakland	25	29	.463	8 1/2
California	22	34	.393	12 1/2

Wednesday's Results

Boston 6, Oakland 4.
Texas 4, Baltimore 1.
Cleveland 4, Minnesota 1.
New York 4, California 3.
Chicago 4, Milwaukee 2.
Kansas City 6, Detroit 2.

Thursday's Games

Chicago 12, Milwaukee 5.
Oakland at Boston, n.
California at New York, n.
Baltimore at Kansas City, n.

NATIONAL LEAGUE
Eastern Division

	W	L	Pct	GB
Philadelphia	35	15	.700	—
Pittsburgh	29	24	.547	7 1/2
New York	26	31	.456	12 1/2
St. Louis	23	31	.426	14
Chicago	22	31	.415	14 1/2
Montreal	18	29	.383	15 1/2

Western Division

	W	L	Pct	GB
Cincinnati	34	20	.630	—
Los Angeles	32	24	.571	3
San Diego	29	23	.558	4
Houston	29	29	.500	7
Atlanta	22	30	.423	11
San Francisco	22	34	.393	13

Wednesday's Results

Atlanta 2, Chicago 0.
San Francisco 6, Montreal 2.
Cincinnati 6, Pittsburgh 1.
Houston 5, St. Louis 2.
San Diego 3, New York 0.
Los Angeles 3, Philadelphia 2.

Thursday's Games

Chicago 7, Atlanta 6.
Montreal at San Francisco, n.
Cincinnati at Pittsburgh, n.
New York at San Diego, n.
Philadelphia at Los Angeles, n.

...ednesday's Line Scores

...IONAL LEAGUE

... 000 001 010—2 5 0
... 000 000 000—0 3 4
...(4-5) and Williams; Co-...les (7), P. Reuschel (9) ...Mitterwald (9). L—Cole-...

... 000 000 110—2 6 2
... 101 120 01x—6 9 2
Granger (6), Lang (6), ...and Foote; Barr, Moffitt ...ler. W—Barr (4-4). L—...

... 200 001 030—4 13 0
... 000 100 000—1 5 0
...and Bench; Reuss, Te-...ernandez (9) and San-...guss (6-5). HR—Perez (7).

... 100 000 001—2 7 1
... 310 000 01x—5 12 0
...Rasmussen (2), Solomon ...(8) and Simmons; Rich-...d Herrmann. L. McGlo-...

... 000 000 000—0 7 0
... 000 011 01x—3 10 0
...ckwood (8) and Grote; ...and Kendall. L—Seaver ...IcCovey (2d).

... 000 000 002—2 4 1
... 001 101 00x—3 10 0
...-2) and Boone; Hooton, ...nd Yeager. W—Hooton

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Oakland .... 000 102 010—4 9 1
Boston .... 020 100 21x—6 11 3
Torrez, Lindblad (7), Bosman (8) and Haney, Hosley (5); Wise, Willoughby (7), House (8) and Fisk. W—Wise (4-3). L—Torrez (6-6). HR—Bando (10th), Baylor (7th), Yastrzemski (9th), Fisk, Cooper (6th), Rice (7th).

Texas .... 020 000 011—4 5 0
Baltimore .... 001 000 000—1 4 1
Perry (6-4) and Sundberg; Holtzman (5-4) and Duncan, Hendricks (9).

Minnesota .... 000 000 001—1 4 1
Cleveland .... 000 002 20x—4 5 0
Decker, Burgmeier (7), Luebber (7) and Wynegar; Dobson (6-5) and Ashby. L—Decker (2-6). HR—Braun (1st).

California .... 000 000 021—3 9 1
New York .... 000 001 21x—4 10 1
Kirkwood, Scott (7), Drago (7), Hassler (7), Hartzell (7) and Etchebarren; Hunter, Lyle (9) and Munson. W—Hunter (7-5). L—Kirkwood (1-6).

Chicago .... 100 000 300—4 7 1
Milwaukee .... 010 001 000—2 10 0
Gossage, Carroll (8) and Downing; Slaton, Sadecki (7) and Porter. W—Gossage (5-3). L—Slaton (7-3).

Detroit .... 101 100 000—3 10 2
Kansas City .... 401 000 01x—6 8 0
Bare, Crawford (4), Hiller (7) and Kimm; Fitzmorris, Mingori (8) and Stinson. W—Fitzmorris (7-2). L—Bare (3-5). HR—Mayberry (4th and 5th).

Padres' Jones Shuts Out Mets on 3 Hits

Becomes 1st 11-Game Winner

SAN DIEGO June 10 (UPI).—Left-hander Randy Jones, the major league's hottest pitcher, scattered seven hits and won his 11th game of the season last night, beating the New York Mets and Tom Seaver, 3-0.

It was the sixth victory in a row for Jones who has lost twice this season, his 10th complete game in 14 starts, and it lowered his earned-run average to 2.26.

Singles by Fred Kendall, Enzo Hernandez and Tito Fuentes accounted for the first run in the fifth inning, with the hit by Hernandez extending his streak to nine games.

Dodgers 3, Phillies 2

At Los Angeles, Bill Russell drove in a run and scored another and Burt Hooton and Charlie Hough combined in a four-hitter as the Dodgers scored a 3-2 victory over Philadelphia.

Greg Luzinski and Larry Bowa had the first two hits off Hooton, but the Dodgers came up with double plays each time, enabling Hooton to enter the ninth having pitched to the minimum 24 batters. But Tim McCarver got the third hit—a pinch-hit double with two out in the ninth—after which Hooton walked two batters and Mike Schmidt delivered a two-run single. Hough relieved and retired Dick Allen to end the game and preserve Hooton's fifth victory.

Astros 5, Cardinals 2

At Houston, J.R. Richard pitched a seven-hitter and Greg Gross collected four hits as the Astros scored a 5-2 victory over St. Louis.

Jose Cruz doubled in a run and Enos Cabell singled home a pair in Houston's three-run first inning to give Houston an 8-2 record in June. The Astros have won 11 of their last 14 games.

Reds 6, Pirates 1

At Pittsburgh Tony Perez drove in three runs with a two-run homer and a single to back the five-hit pitching of Gary Nolan and lead Cincinnati to a 6-1 victory over the Pirates.

The Reds took a 2-0 lead in the first inning when Pete Rose led off the game with a single and scored on a double by Ken Griffey. Griffey then scored on a single through the middle by Joe Morgan, who strained a hamstring muscle on the play and was forced to leave the game.

Nolan, 5-3, held the Pirates hitless until the fourth inning when Al Oliver hit a one-out solo homer.

Giants 6, Expos 2

At San Francisco, winning pitcher Jim Barr singled home two runs in the fifth inning to help the Giants beat Montreal, 6-2.

Barr, with ninth-inning relief help from Randy Moffitt, evened his record at 4-4. The veteran right-hander, who allowed six hits in 8 1/3 innings, had a no-hitter until Andre Thornton singled leading off the seventh and the Expos eventually scored a run on a double by Tim Foli.

Indians 4, Twins 1

At Cleveland, Pat Dobson tossed a four-hitter and Buddy Bell drove in two runs with a pinch double in the seventh inning as the Indians snapped a four-game losing streak with a 4-1 victory over Minnesota.

Dobson and Minnesota starter Joe Decker were in a scoreless duel until the sixth, when Decker issued a pair of walks and third baseman Mike Cubbage booted a grounder hit by Cleveland manager Frank Robinson, starting his first game this season as a player, to load the bases. George Hendrick hit a sacrifice fly to score Rick Manning from third and Alan Ashby followed with a run-scoring single to right.

Rangers 4, Orioles 1

At Baltimore, Roy Howells doubled home two runs in the second inning and Jeff Burroughs and Jim Fregosi added run-scoring doubles as Texas swept a four-game series from the Orioles with a 4-1 victory..

Gaylord Perry, 6-4, scattered four hits and struck out nine Orioles to move within a strike-out of tying Bob Feller for seventh place on the all-time list. Al Bumbry tripled in the third and scored on Mark Belanger's grounder to spoil Perry's shutout bid.

Ken Holtzman, 5-4, absorbed the Orioles' ninth loss in their last 11 games.

Red Sox 6, A's 4

At Boston, Cecil Cooper's two-run homer in the seventh inning gave the Red Sox a 6-4 victory over Oakland in a game highlighted by six home runs.

Cooper's home run drove in Rick Burleson, who had singled, and broke a 3-3 tie to give Rick Wise his fourth victory in seven decisions. Jim Rice added an insurance run in the eighth with a solo homer.

Royals 6, Tigers 3

At Kansas City, John Mayberry hit his fourth and fifth home runs of the season to send the Royals on their way to a 6-3 victory over Detroit.

Mayberry, who had hit his last home run on May 21, had a two-run homer in the first inning as the Royals scored four runs and led off the eighth with another blast.

After Mayberry's first home run of the night, American League hitting leader Hal McRae singled and scored on a triple by Al Cowens, who was driven home by Cookie Rojas' single.

Yankees 4, Angels 3

At New York, Oscar Gamble singled home Sandy Alomar in the eighth inning to help Jim (Catfish) Hunter to his seventh win and give the Yankees a 4-3 victory over California.

Mickey Rivers had been instrumental in giving Hunter a 3-2 lead when he tripled and scored in the sixth inning and hit a sacrifice fly in the seventh. New York added two more runs in the seventh on a single by Carlos May, a double by Graig Nettles, an infield hit by Willie Randolph and a sacrifice fly by Rivers. Gamble then gave the Yankees a 4-2 lead in the eighth with his hit.

White Sox 4, Brewers 2

At Milwaukee, Pat Kelly collected a triple, a double and two walks, scored twice and drove in two runs to lead Chicago to a 4-2 victory over the Brewers—Chicago's 17th victory in its last 23 games.

The White Sox trailed, 2-1, when Kelly tripled home the tying and winning runs in the seventh. With one out, Bucky Dent singled. Jack Brohamer walked and both scored when Kelly drove a Jim Slaton pitch to the left-centerfield wall. He then scored the third run of the inning on Ralph Garr's single.

Thursday

White Sox Top Milwaukee, 12-5

MILWAUKEE, June 10 (UPI). Buddy Bradford and Jim Spencer hit home runs and drove in seven runs between them today to power the Chicago White Sox to an easy 12-5 victory over the Milwaukee Brewers.

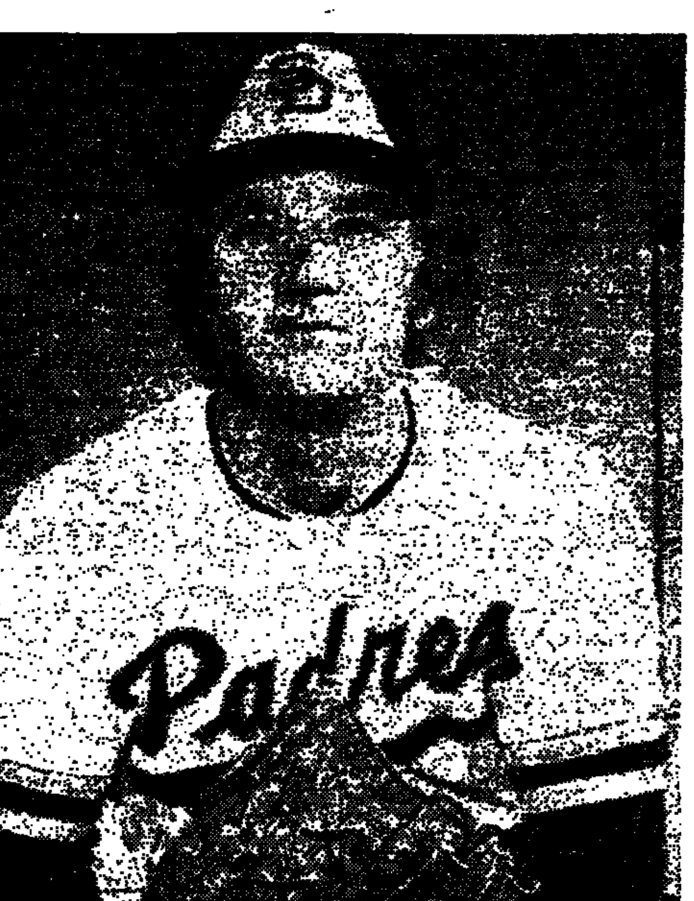
The victory was the 18th in their last 24 games for the White Sox.

Bradford hit a three-run homer off Brewer starter Jerry Augustine to give Chicago a 6-1 lead in the third and he received credit for a fourth run-batted-in while grounding out in the fifth. Bradford also was hit by a pitch in the seventh and he tripled and scored in the ninth.

Cubs 7, Braves 6

At Chicago, Rick Monday's two-run homer highlighted a five-run, fifth inning which gave the Cubs a 7-6 victory over the Braves, ending a six-game Chicago losing streak and a six-game Atlanta winning streak.

Dave Rosello walked to open the fifth and, after Monday's homer, Jose Cardenal tripled and scored on Bill Madlock's infield out. Jerry Morales singled and scored on Pete Lacock's double. Lacock scored on Steve Swisher's single.



Randy Jones: hardly fast enough to be arrested.

How Randy Jones Can Win Without Pitching a Fast Ball

By Dave Anderson

NEW YORK, June 10 (NYT).—Not long ago, the other pitchers on the San Diego Padres were listening to their coach, Roger Craig, talk about how to work differently on various hitters when Randy Jones joined the group.

"You don't have to listen to this," a teammate told him, "you pitch everybody the same way."

Jones laughed. Jones throws a sinker mostly and a slider occasionally. He doesn't throw a fast ball because he doesn't have one, at least not by major league standards. "His fast ball," Pete Rose of the Cincinnati Reds once joked, "has been timed at 27 miles per hour." Actually it once was timed at about 75 miles per hour, hardly fast enough to be arrested.

Jones doesn't need a fast ball. With his sinker and slider, the Padres' 26-year-old left-hander gets groundouts instead of strikeouts. In becoming the major league's first 11-game winner this season, he had only 33 strikeouts. More important, he had issued only 15 walks before his duel with Tom Seaver of the New York Mets in San Diego last night. Seaver possesses what Randy Jones wants—the Cy Young Award as the National League's outstanding pitcher.

Hurt His Arm

"I had a fast ball at Brea High School," the Californian remembers. "I threw hard enough to average about 15 strikeouts a game. But then I hurt my arm as a freshman at Chapman College in Los Angeles when I lost my balance on a pitch and something snapped. I had pulled some tendons. I wasn't that concerned about my future because I was going for a business degree in real estate and, if my arm didn't come back, it didn't come back. But it came back enough for me to pitch again in college and in Alaska in the summer for the Anchorage Glacier Pilots—we won the national semi-pro championship. I'd lost my fast ball but I worked on my control. Most of the scouts disappeared after I hurt my arm but a few stayed."

Among the few who stayed were Marty Keough and Cliff Ditto of the Padres' scouting staff.

"He threw strikes," Keough says. "He got a quick breaking ball and he got people out."

Shortly after his 1972 college graduation, Jones was drafted by the Padres in the fifth round. He pitched at Alexandria in the Texas League that summer, returned there the next year but soon joined the Padres after a total of only five months in the minors.

Unique Strike Zone

"Our minor league pitching instructor, Warren Hacker," he says, "had taught me how to throw a better sinker. He showed me how to place my fingers differently and how to apply pressure with them."

That sinker has enabled Jones to develop what Peter Bavasi, the Padres' general manager, describes as a unique strike zone—"from the top of the batter's kneecap to the bottom of his kneecap." That sinker also is the best that Roger Craig has seen in more than two decades as a pitcher and coach in the major leagues.

Craig estimates that Jones's sinker breaks down from 5 to 10 inches and breaks away up to six inches from a right-handed batter. Out of every 10 pitches, Jones will throw his sinker six or seven times, his slider the other three or four. Against right-handed batters, he prefers to keep his sinker outside, then come inside with his slider. Against left-handed batters, he usually throws both pitches outside, but occasionally surprises them inside.

Amazing Control

"His slider has a bigger break than most sliders," Craig says, "and it breaks real late. On a right-handed batter, it will break in about six inches and down about four inches. And sharp. But the big thing about Jones is that he's usually got amazing control. He works in a groove with beautiful rhythm."

"I remember Pete Rose saying, 'Throw the ball, throw it harder,'" says Fred Kendall, the Padres' catcher. "Randy had him crazy."

Most hitters prefer to swing at a fast ball. It's easier to time a fast ball than it is to time a deceptive sinker or slider.

"Another time," Kendall says, "Pete yelled, 'We'll let you move in closer if you want to, but throw hard, damn it, throw hard.'"

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

(Continued from Back Page)

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

U.S.A.

N.Y. STATE-1 hr. MANHATTAN 2,000 ACRE ESTATE HUDSON RIVER VALLEY

30 miles N.Y.C. (1 1/4 hr. by rail; 1 hr. by car). Prime investment acreage, frontage both sides principal highway, near all major traffic arteries, zoned residential, commercial and industrial. Rolling hills, woods, streams, pond, lake site. Suitable for development, industrial park, etc. Asking $3,900,000 with terms. OFFERS INVITED. For details: Jane Fleming, Real Estate, Cold Spring, N.Y. 10516. Telephone: 914-265-9294.

OWN YOUR PIECE OF AMERICA. Highly productive and profitable CALIFORNIA FARMLAND with strong capital gains and top management. Long term bank financing. European Office: Pacific Agri-Lands, Edificio Altamira 2º, Marbella, Spain. Tel.: (952) 77-33-89.

INCOME - LAND INVESTMENTS. B. Huwyler, Realtor, 3310 Mercer, Houston, Texas 77006.

GREENWICH, CONNECTICUT. Exceptional residential shorefront town, near N.Y.C. Real estate prices: $70,000 upward to large estate. Personalized service to corporation executives returning N.Y. area. Write free Greenwich brochure, listing information. THOS. N. COOKE, INC. Realtors, Established 1899, 4 West Putnam Ave., Greenwich, Conn. 06830, U.S.A.

REAL ESTATE WANTED AND EXCHANGE

AMAZING HOUSE EXCHANGE DEAL

Exchange for negotiable period, completely furnished family London Georgian Town House in well known North London terrace, excellent for West End and Hampstead Heath, five bedrooms, two bathrooms, beautiful London garden for good similar size accommodation in Paris.

Also prepared to exchange country house in Oxfordshire. Five bedrooms, magnificent galleried livingroom, swimming pool, stabling, 5 hectares fields for similar in Normandy or area accessible from Paris at weekends.

Contact: Jennie Lyons. Tel.: 01 262 6700, for details.

ENGLISH FAMILY seeks 3 or 4 bedroomed unfurnished house or apartment with equipped kitchen to let from July 1st or Aug. 1st. VILLE D'AVRAY/VERSAILLES AREA. Preferably with balcony, terrace, or small garden. Tel. home: 945.54.51, or office 951.14.54.

ENGLISHMAN requires permanent accommodation Paris. 1st July, preferably share. Tel.: 01-337-7295. Ring: John, 2-4 p.m.

WANTED: Modern furnished apartment, 2 bedrooms, preferably 16th Arr. for summer months. Call: 727-84-18, Paris.

PERSONNEL WANTED

MINERVE SEEKS for AMERICAN FIRMS in PARIS. English, Belgian, Dutch or German secretaries, knowledge FRENCH required. English shorthand. Bilingual telexists. Write or phone: 138 Avenue Victor-Hugo, 75116 Paris, France. 727.61.69.

HOME TYPIST required to type fairly legible English MS about 200 pages. Tel.: Paris 527.60.50.

LUXEMBOURG BASED INTERNATIONAL SALES COMPANY URGENTLY needs an American or Scandinavian lady personal assistant. MUSTS: Bright, poised, mature, very attractive, administrative and PR-experience, ease in contacts with people and willingness to travel in Europe and U.S. Languages helpful but not required. Unlimited opportunity of advancement up to part ownership. Dream position for very special and true personality. Non-smoker, serious applications with C.V. and photo to Box 776, I.H.T., Gr. Eschenheimer Str. 43, Frankfurt/Germany.

ATTENTION: Five enthusiastic young ladies 18-26, to travel with young sales group. High commission, expenses paid, training. Must be available for immediate employment. Write with recent photo to: Mr. McOmber, LITERATURA UNIVERSAL, S.A., Orense 32, Phone: 455.68.18; Madrid 20, SPAIN.

INTERNATIONAL CIVIL AVIATION ORGANIZATION, Paris office, seeks bilingual English-French secretary with English mother-tongue or English as language used for educational purposes. Write: Box 95,552, Herald Tribune, Paris.

PERSONNEL WANTED

DIRECTEUR DE COMPAGNIES, Américain, Cannes, recherche secrétaire-sténodactylo, parfaitement bilingue Français/Anglais, quelques heures par jour. Paiement mensuel garanti. Hautes références exigées. Ecrire: Box 95,599, Herald, Paris, qui transmettra.

HAWK THE PARIS METRO and make 2 F. a copy. Carte de séjour or d'identité required. Come to: 31 Rue des Francs-Bourgeois, Paris-4e.

ENGLISH COMPANY seeks young bilingual secretary for its Paris Office from mid-August. Please ring: 261.69.21.

LAW OFFICE seeks bilingual English/French secretary. Call: Paris 260.32.42 office hours.

PARIS AGENCY wants models with book & composite. 727.89.61.

SITUATIONS WANTED

Semi-retired Airline Executive, EX-GENERAL SALES and MARKETING MANAGER for major European Air Carrier in NORTH AMERICA, speaking seven Western European languages, wishes to explore possibility of working in Europe on consulting basis or short-term contract work with maximum 7-8 months yearly input. Smaller tourism related companies with limited budget could benefit from top notch advice without burden of heavy payroll commitment. Reply to: Box 11,757, Herald, Paris.

CHIEF SECRETARY, 37, attractive. English mother tongue, excellent French, Italian, Spanish, Swedish, some German. Top references, seeks responsible position in the business world. Box 11,754, I.H.T.

SITUATIONS WANTED

INTELLIGENT, pretty, pleasant mannered European girl, 20, cosmopolitan education, fluent French, English, Dutch, some Spanish, Japanese, seeks unusual job. Experience as hostess, guide in hotel & tourism. Only bona fide offers, to M.F., Apt. 131, Chemin Vendée, Geneva 1213, Switzerland.

FAMILY MAN, 32, desires supervisory post. 9 years experience in sanitary & storm sewer construction. Resume on request. D.W. Wick, 3290 Hyacinth, Eugene, Oregon 97402, U.S.A.

RESULTS ORIENTED int'l sales executive, Chicago based, seeks challenging position with int'l Co. Available for interview in Paris, June 18 to 21. Proficiency in several languages. Box 11,756, Herald, Paris.

BEAUTIFUL YOUNG LADY available mid June as social secretary/hostess for well appointed and staffed home. Well educated. Free to travel. Write: Box 1,329, I.H.T., 28 Great Queen Street, London, W.C.2.

ATTRACTIVE YOUNG LADY, fluent French, English, Italian, German, industrial interpreter, free to travel, PR, also temporary. T.: 551.81.00 Paris, 10-12 a.m.

DOMESTIC SITUATIONS

SITUATIONS WANTED

FRENCH GIRL speaks English, Spanish, Russian, seeks post as Au-Pair for 6 months in England from Sept. on. Swiflicki, Rambillen 77370, Nangis.

AMERICAN BABYSITTER available. Tel.: Paris 754.35.70.

Observer

New Good Ole Boy

By Russell Baker

NEW YORK—At first I did not recognize Grimsby. He had undergone a radical change of clothing since our last meeting in Washington during the Kennedy administration. In those days he always wore a dark three-button suit with narrow lapels and a hard nose, which was the uniform of the New Frontier. Now he was wearing a frayed straw hat, bare feet and overalls, and was carrying a fishing pole. On Park Avenue he looked so out of place that I would have passed by hurriedly—New York streets teem with maniacs, many of whom think they are Huckleberry Finn—had he not extended his hand and said, "Howdy, y'all."



Baker

It was Grimsby, all right.

Under Kennedy, he had been one of the giants of the foreign-policy establishment, advising at all the great policy disasters. Washington sycophants had exhausted every cliché in the federal flattery lexicon to describe the hardness of his nose, the ferocity of his steel-trap mind, the unassailability of his powerful logic and the glacial power of his mighty Ivy League education. Now he was reduced to this.

I wept a small tear, which Grimsby quickly blotted with a bandanna. "Weep no more, my noble son of the South," he declaimed, referring to my Virginia antecedents. "The time of the boll weevil has passed at last."

"Ah," I murmured, for it was becoming clear now. It had been 12 years since Grimsby had last enjoyed the federal payroll. He was looking for a job in Foggy Bottom, but preferably in the White House.

"The way I see it," said Grimsby, "this country needs a secretary of state who knows how to outsmart a catfish underneath the sweet perfume of the sycamore trees."

"Listen, Grimsby," I said, "if you're hoping to tie onto Jimmy Carter, you've got to learn that sycamore trees don't have any perfume. It's the magnolia trees that have perfume. Also, the catfish aren't found under the sycamore, the magnolia or even the cottonwood trees. The place where you outsmart the catfish is down by the creek, pronounced 'crick.'"

Grimsby sighed. "I've got a lot to learn," he said.

"You're handicapped by your brilliant Ivy League education," I told him.

"Let's talk about it over a heapin' plate of okra and fatback," Grimsby suggested. He was clearly desperate to escape from the campus backwaters and get back into power.

"When you're dressed like that," I explained, "I couldn't be seen with you eating okra and fatback, or even a whole boiled alligator floating in a tub of hog grease, and neither would Jimmy Carter."

"Shucks," said Grimsby. "I'm just a good ole boy."

Now Grimsby is anything but a good old boy, as can be attested by a whole generation of his students in world affairs, all of whom he failed in order to hold down competition for the big foreign-policy jobs in Washington. "Give it up, Grimsby," I urged. "Let the word go forth from this time and place that the torch has passed to a new generation. Go back to your three-button suit. Put on some shoes. Write your memoirs."

* * *

Grimsby did not take this advice well. A little of the old hardness broke out on his nose and by the way he whipped his fishing pole through the air you could tell he would have outsmarted me like a catfish under the sycamore trees except for my powerful Southern antecedents.

"I'm sick and tired of having nothing but students to push around," he said. "I'm asking not what I can do for my country, but what my country can do for me."

One does not like to cross Grimsby. Those who tried it in the old days often found themselves being bombed for the preservation of world peace.

Fortunately, our walk had brought us to the offices of the Council on Foreign Relations, where Grimsby was to read a brilliant new position paper on country-ham exports to the Soviet bloc. As we parted, Grimsby waved his fishing pole at three women leaving the building and said, "Howdy, ma'ams. I love you all." At which one of the women hit him with her purse and fled. No New Yorker has to look twice to recognize a mugger.

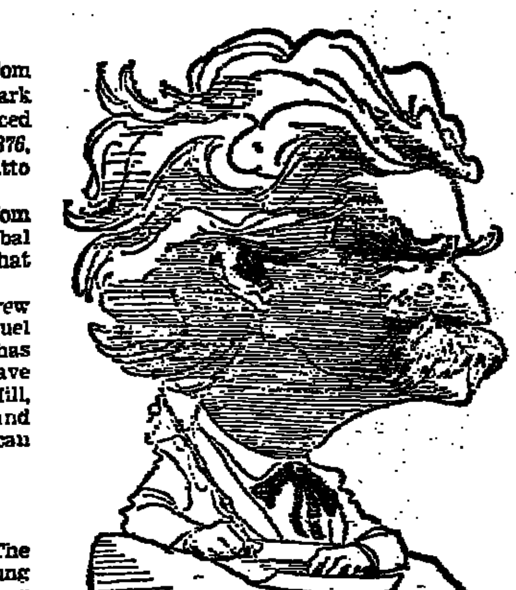
Does Tom Sawyer Still Live in Hannibal?

By Roy Reed

HANNIBAL, Mo., June 10 (NYT).—Tom Sawyer is 100 years old today. Mark Twain's most famous book was pronounced "ready" for the public *June 10, 1876*, by the London publishing firm of Chatto and Windus.

It would be pleasant to say that Tom is alive and well and living in Hannibal after these 100 years. But it is not that simple.

The town has changed since Twain grew up here during the 1840s as Samuel Langhorne Clemens. The population has gone from 3,000 to 19,000. Houses have been built on once-wild Cardiff Hill, overlooking the Mississippi River, and there are few places left where boys can be at peace *as outlaws and pirates.*



© David Levine, Opera Mundi.

Mark Twain

Barges

The river itself has changed. The romantic steamboats that drew young Clemens into an early career as a river pilot have given way to strings of barges pushed by no-frill workboats. The barges stop at Hannibal infrequently.

Whether or not there has been a change in the town's best-known product, its boys, is more difficult to judge.

A gaggle of them were cornered the other afternoon at the municipal swimming pool. The pool is a steaming, chlorined expanse that covers about half an acre. Every boy in Hannibal was apparently there except one Mark Easley, who was not permitted to go swimming because he had failed to do the dishes.

Four boys were coaxed from the water and into the shade of the bathhouse to talk about themselves. The unofficial leader was George Arch Jr., aged 11.

They were asked how they spend their summer days.

"I usually sit around and watch TV," George said. The others talked of Little League *baseball and riding bicycles.*

No Log Rafts

None had ever seen a log raft. None had been to the island in the river where Tom Sawyer, Huckleberry Finn and Joe Harper ran away *to become pirates* in "The Adventures of Tom Sawyer."

None had ever sat on the riverbank and dreamed of becoming a riverboat pilot. Jeff Foster said he figured he would become a lawyer when he grew up.

As they fled back to the pool, two noteworthy things happened. One of the boys clowned a moment at the edge and managed to "fall" into the water on his back. Another, with the same apparent lack of intent, dived so close to the emerging person of a pug-nosed red-haired girl that he brushed her and sent her sprawling.

Georgie Arch was approached again, this time on Cardiff Hill near his grandparents' house. He and his grandfather were walking down a dirt lane, the man limping and wearing a blue engineer's cap, the boy easy and comfortable in white sneakers.

The lane passed beneath a mulberry tree. The ground was purple with ripe berries.

"Why don't you just pick some up off the ground?" the grandfather said, but he was too late. The boy was already climbing the tree.

Tiptoe

In a moment, he was swinging perilously above the ground, standing tiptoe on one limb while stretching full-length for berries attached to a higher one. He came down after a while with his blue eyes sparkling and his fingers stained purple.

"I know the stain of blackberries, and how pretty it is," Mark Twain wrote in his autobiography, "and I know the stain of walnut hulls, and how little it minds soap and water, also what grudged experience it had of either of them."

Georgie and the visitor went to sit by themselves on a bench far above the bridge that ties Missouri to Illinois. Yes, he said, he sometimes goes down to the riverbank. When he was asked why, he paused to think.

"I like to go down there because it's so wide," he said. "And it's beautiful, and the trees, and to look at the boats go by."

He sometimes hears the foghorns of the towboats as they pass Hannibal in the night. He was asked whether he would like to work on a riverboat some day. "That wouldn't be too bad," he said, without commitment.

Rumble

A few pleasure boats could be seen on the river. The sound of their engines was drowned out by the rumble and growl of tractor-trailer trucks speeding across the bridge.

There are still trails in the remaining woods of Cardiff Hill, nearly hidden paths, steep and treacherous and lined with briars. Yes, Georgie said, he sometimes uses those paths. He did not want to discuss them, however, and the matter was not pressed.

It had already been disclosed that he had had some experience with tobacco, both the smoking and the chewing varieties. The latter had had the same powerful effect on him that smoking a corncob pipe for the first time had had on Tom Sawyer and Joe Harper.

Georgie was asked whether he believed in witches. The boys of Mark Twain's youth all believed in witches, according to the author, and Tow Sawyer was a firm believer. Georgie said he did not put much stock in them.

"Not unless you've got one of them 'Weejie' boards," he added.

Ouija Boards

Do Ouija boards really work?

"Yeah," he said firmly, "they work."

Tom and Huck one day were discussing the best way to cure warts and Huck offered the following remedy involving a bean:

"You take and split the bean, and cut the wart so as to get some blood, and then you put the blood on one piece of the bean and take and dig a hole and bury it 'bout midnight at the crossroads in *the dark of the moon, and then you burn* up the rest of the bean."

Georgie said he had never been bothered with warts, but if he ever should be he would use Compound W.

"Either that or an Irish potato."

With the latter, he said, you cut the potato, *rub one piece of it on the wart,* then bury the potato. In a couple of months the wart will be gone.

He fell silent. The highway noises drifted up from the town below. The engine of a great truck roared and died and roared again as the driver shifted gears for the long western grade up from the river, bound for Kansas or California or who knows where.

"What do you want to be when you grow up?" the visitor asked.

Georgie ducked his head. He studied the ground the same way he had when he had been asked what he thought of girls. Then he said firmly, "A truck driver."

PEOPLE: *Howard Hughes—Old-Movie Buff*

The late Howard Hughes liked old movies, especially Alfred Hitchcock thrillers. This was revealed when the temporary administrators of Hughes's interests in Texas filed papers in Houston asking permission to pay some bills. The court OKed paying debts of $168,602 including a bill for film rentals. During his last months, Hughes apparently saw Hitchcock's "Spellbound" "Notorious," and "Dial M for Murder," among others. Also revealed in court: Hughes agreed to pay his ex-wife actress Jean Peters $70,000 a year for 20 years after their divorce in 1971. Under the agreement Miss Peters, 49, who has remarried, renounced any other claims to the Hughes estate.



Jean Peters

$70,000

* * *

Singer Connie Francis, 37, with her husband, Joseph Garzilli, present in a New York courtroom, told a jury on Wednesday that her comeback had been wrecked and her marriage nearly shattered after she was raped in a hotel in 1974. Miss Francis is suing Howard Johnson Inc. for $5 million, charging its motel in Westbury, N.Y. with negligence for failure to provide adequate locks. After the rape, she said she was forced to abandon her comeback plans because she could not face spending another night alone in a motel room. Moreover, "I felt overwhelming shame and humiliation and I felt degraded. I felt I was an embarrassment to my husband and my family." About her marriage, she said, "When we resumed our physical relations (after two and one-half months), it just wasn't the same... I just felt I was doing something I was supposed to do, that it was a duty I had to perform." She was so traumatized by the rape, she said, that it was months before she could care for her newly adopted child. The trial began on Tuesday but was recessed when Miss Francis broke down during testimony. Wednesday, District Judge Thomas Platt recessed court earlier than usual because of Miss Francis's distress. The rapist is still being sought.

* * *

President and Mrs. Gerald Ford helped Happy Rockefeller celebrate her 50th birthday Wednesday night with a dinner cruise on the Potomac River. Among the others on the cruise were Attorney-General and Mrs. Edward Levi, Secretary of Transportation William Coleman, Republican leader Hugh [...] and his wife; House GO[P] John Rhodes and Mrs. R[...]

* * *

Christina Viertel Sch[...], 24, daughter of Peter Vie[rtel] is married to actress [Deborah] Kerr), was jailed Wedn[esday in] Bogota on charges of [trying to] smuggle a half pound of [...] from Colombia to the [United] States. She and two com[panions] were arrested at the ai[rport as] they were about to board [a plane] for Los Angeles.

* * *

Producers Richard Zar[uck and] David Brown announc[ed this] week in Hollywood that [they will] make a sequel to the 193[9 film] "Gone With the Win[d" after] agreement in principle [was] reached with the famil[y of the] late Margaret Mitchell, [author of] the novel.

* * *

Special guest speaker [at the] Flag Day ceremony at t[he House] of Representatives will [be Lady] Bird Johnson. The [ceremony] takes place at the Capito[l on] June 15. Flag Day c[ommittee] chairman, Bill Nichols, said that Mrs. Johnson [was] chosen as speaker for th[e "Amer]ica the beautiful" celebr[ation be]cause she "personifies th[at spirit] as reflected through he[r] work in the preservation [of Amer]ica's legacy."

—SAMUEL JU[...]

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

AMERICA CALLING

MESSAGES, JUNE 11, 1976

DTMSART | JLBOLMA | RSTSIHL
ELG03CZ | MCL03BB |

MESSAGES, JUNE 10, 1976

CJS04VH | MASSIBA | WBS03KK
LACSIOK | PCD51ZZ |

ANNOUNCEMENTS

MARYMOUNT FAIR
June 13 - 12 a.m.
Food - games - beer - fun
Bring your children.
72 Bld. de la Saussaye, Neuilly-sur-Seine.

MANAGING DIRECTOR's 60-ft. Steel Yacht for Charter in Mediterranean. Three double cabins, stabilisers, very comfortable with very experienced Captain and Cook. £150 per day negotiable. Apply: Solent Sea Angling, "The Firs," Whitchurch, Aylesbury, Bucks. U.K. Telephone: (029664) 771. Telex: 83758.

OLD ETONIAN OXFORD UNDERgraduates will drive and guide visitors to England, round London, Windsor, Oxford, etc., from June 20th. Ring: London 741 3075, or write: Alex Bentley, 40 Smith Street, Chelsea, London, U.K.

THE PARIS METRO IS OUT. Buy it from hawkers or at major newsstands everywhere.

ALL YOU CAN EAT! Fr. 15. 3 R. des Solitaires, Paris 19e.

FAMOUS PSYCHIC Alexandre, tarots reader, Paris, U.S.A. 633-54-39.

BOOKS

Great Summertime Reading!
"THE FINAL DAYS"
Woodward-Bernstein "Book of the Year" at the U.S. price! Send us $11.95 or equivalent, add registered post $1.70 per book (Benelux $1).
GUARANTEED U.S. PRICES ON 100,000 TITLES.
Call or write for quotes.
THE CHANTRY
P.O. Box 410, Amsterdam.
Tel.: (020) 711812 or 762005.
The Sun, N.Y. Times by jet to your address. Subscribe today!

EDUCATION

INTERNATIONAL CAMP for children 5-12. Riding, pool, games, cultural visits. French lessons. Château Bellevue, 45 La Chapelle-Saint-Mesmin, France.

FRENCH LESSONS. Experienced teacher. Paris: 797.42.11, after 7 p.m.

SERVICES

THE ALL AMERICAN PAINTERS. Will paint, decorate your home. Free estimates/low prices. Call: Paris, 887-38-40.

SERVICES

DIVORCE IN 24 HOURS. Mutual or contested actions, low cost. Haiti or Dominican Republic. For information send $3.75 for 24-page booklet / postage / handling to: Dr. von Geithman, ODA, P.O. Box 5, Md. 20781, U.S.A. Tel.: 301-559-2342 Worldwide service.

U.S. TAX ASSOCIATES Federal & State returns. — Paris: 577.76.93.

AUTOMOBILES

EXCEPTIONAL ISO-RIVOLTA, custom-built 1970, but better than new. Low mileage, scrupulously maintained. Supercharged. Fuel-injected. Corvette engine, 5-speed, many extras, extremely fast and comfortable. Tax-free Swiss plates. $6,800. Can be seen Italy or Switzerland. Wr.: Box 11,761, Herald, Paris.

1976 SEVILLE, fully equipped, power steering, air-conditioned, power windows, cruise control, dark blue exterior, beige leather interior, U.S. plates, 1,800 miles, perfect condition. Price: FF. 65,000 or U.S. equivalent. Call: Paris, 551-59-33.

AMERICAN CARS. International Import-Export General Motors, Chrysler, Ford, American Motors, utility cars, trucks, motor homes, "COBRA" campers. Contact AMERICAN CARS, Av. C.-F. Ramuz, 38, 1009 Pully, Switzerland. Tel.: 021/28 11 55.

OLDSMOBILE CUTLASS SALON. Air conditioned, electric windows, AM/FM stereo, velour interior, 16,000 miles, Florida plates, immaculate, like new. Call, 6-8 p.m.: 93 99 34 16, France.

1957 BENTLEY CONTI. COUPE. Rare type S Mulliner fastback, original top shape, low mileage. Tel.: Paris, 285.33.66, office hrs.

TAX-FREE CARS

SHIPSIDE
TAX FREE WORLD ON WHEELS in unique showroom at Amsterdam Airport, ONE HOUR delivery. Cars, Bikes, Moped & Bicycles. More than 100 brand new Tax Free European & Japanese cars with European & Overseas specs. for on-the-spot purchase. SHIPSIDE, Schiphol Airport, Holland. T.: 020-152833. 16 yrs. of experience.

PAN CARS
TAX FREE LEASING and RENTAL
Immediate delivery, 2 Ave. de la Porte de St-Cloud, Paris-16e. Tel.: 525.48.84. Mo. Pte-St.-Cloud.

PEUGEOT - MERCEDES
RANGE ROVER
Immediate, New, 2nd hand. DIPLOTOUR, 184 Fbg. St.-Honoré, Paris (8e). 225.68.80. Tx.: 640928. American Express cards accepted.

TAX-FREE CARS

TAX-FREE CAR SHOP, 172 Mainzer Landstr., 6 Frankfurt/Main, (West Germany). Tl.: 0611-234702, Telex: 04-165276. For immediate delivery more than 50 cars. 1976 Peugeot U.S. and European, gas & Diesel, 1976 Volvo U.S. and Overseas (Asia, Africa), Fiat U.S. 128/131, Jaguar XJ6L 4-door, automatic, 1975 Chevy Blazers, 8 cyl., 4 whl., full rem. top, 1973 Chevy Impala, 4 dr. HT. Order the VOLVO of your choice now for your summer trip through Europe.

A.I.C.I. TAX-FREE CARS. All European makes, European, Canadian and U.S. Specs. The shortest delivery in Europe. Rue Bonneels, 15, 1040-Brussels. Tel.: 217.25.71. Telex: Amica 25734.

TAX-FREE CADILLAC SEVILLES and all makes of U.S. cars. Competitive prices and fast deliveries. Cars in stock. CANNES MOTORS, telephone: (93)38.56.88, Cannes.

B.M.W. Concessionaires G.B. Ltd., the U.K. importers can supply right or left-hand drive or U.S. specs, from stock, anywhere. Call us in London: 01-629-9277.

BUY AND SELL all tax-free cars. Tel.: Paris, 204.11.86.

CAR SHIPPING

S.T.V.M. 34 Rue Pouchet, Paris-17. Tel.: 627-02-77. Solves your problems: Baggage, car shipping, moving at good rates. THE MOST ANXIOUS TO PLEASE.

TRANSCAR, 10 R. Pergolèse, Paris (16e). Tel.: 704.42.84/92.59. New York, 6957061; Antwerp, 33-99-85.

MOVING

GLOBAL
VAN LINES
INTERNATIONAL
SELECT THE MOVER THAT IS FIRST IN SERVICE THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.
CALL TODAY
COMPANY OFFICES ARE IN:
ATHENS: 733863/737584.
BEIRUT: 349050/1.
BONN: 662931.
BRUSSELS: 687 6082.
FRANKFURT: 06105-21011.
HOUSTON: (713) 667 1193.
JEDDAH: 53888/51792.
LONDON: 01.903 0291.
LOS ANGELES: 800 854 3286.
MADRID: 2444444/45.
NEW YORK: (212) 697 6370.
PARIS: 6478926/8709595/5205117.
ROME: 480341/2.
TEHRAN: 848558.
GLOBAL'S UNIQUE WEATHERPROOF STEEL FRAME CONTAINERS FOR HOUSEHOLD GOODS AND ELECTRONICS ARE THE WORLD'S FINEST.
AIR - SEA - OR ROAD.

ALLIED VAN LINES INT'L
THE WORLD'S No. 1 MOVERS
Call collect:
HOLLAND GEBR NYMAN INT'L MOVING Tel.: Rotterdam, 010 37 22 55 or The Hague: 070 24 40 94.
PARIS DESBORDES S.A. 33 Bld. Henri-IV. Contact: Mr. McBain. Tel.: 272.35.16, 272.30.58, 887.57.40.
LONDON AMERICAN OVERSEAS SHIPPING LTD. Elstree Way, Borehamwood, Herts. WD6 1LP. Mr. Stevens. Tel.: (01) 953 42 12.
FRANKFURT INT'L MOVING SERVICES (IMS) Laerchenstr. 86. Call: Bernie Schaef. 0611-392325/392350.

BAGGAGE SHIPPING

PANALPINA, 10 R. Pergolèse, Paris 16e. Tel.: 704.42.84/92.59. [...] Havre: [...]

FOR SALE & WANTED

FOR SALE
RIVER YACHT
75 feet by 14 feet (17.75 m x 4.80 m), 5 double, 1 single plus 3 crew cabins, 4 baths, saloon, dining saloon, 2 sun decks, completely equipped in all respects. Dutch registry. $125,000. Available for viewing in Paris. Box 60.076, Herald Tribune, Paris.

MOVING: Kingsize bedroom set. Small appliances, sofa, carpets, Sansui 4-channel system JBL's, skis/car, etc. Paris: 776-39-29.

U.S. FAMILY, Paris, sells appliances by June 15; vacuum cleaner, floor polisher, BW TV, clothes dryer, washing machine, all name brands. Tel.: 293-56-74.

SELL CLOTHES DRYER, stereo speakers + dining-room suite; lazy-boy chair; seek home for cat. Paris. 227.90.53 & 970.59.63.

SELL U.S. APPLIANCES, 1970 Volvo Sedan, in excellent condition. Tel.: Paris, 965.23.09.

FRIDGE, steam iron, 3M photocopier, 3 stack tables, 2 armchairs. Tel.: Paris, 926-67-57.

SALE 2 new Chesterfield settees. Tel.: Paris, 704-69-94.

ANIMALS

DOGS. All breeds. Clipping, boarding. 10 Pte. de Villiers, 75017 Paris. Tel.: 754.95.24. Open Sunday.

DIAMONDS

DIAMONDS
Fine diamonds in any price range at lowest wholesale prices direct from Antwerp. Full Guarantee.
For free price list write:
Diamantexport,
Joachim Goldenstein
Established 1928
62, Pelikaanstraat, 2000 Antwerp, Belgium. — Tel.: 31-33.26.40.

DIAMOND INVESTMENT from the factory. We have a diamond investment plan. Save 50%. SIDIAM Investment S.P.R.L., 1509 Centre Int'l Rogier, 1000-Brussels. Tel.: 02/218.28.83. Factory Sales Showroom, 29 Lange Herentalsestraat, 2000 Antwerp. Tel.: 031/33.13.62.

HOTELS RESTAURANTS NIGHT CLUBS

FRANCE

PARIS—Hôtel Athènes L.L., 21 Rue d'Athènes, 9e. 874.00.55. Double/bath, $18.

HONG KONG

SAN FRANCISCO STEAK HOUSE. Famous throughout the Orient. American owned and operated, serving only American beef. 67 Peking Rd., Kowloon, Hong Kong.

SWITZERLAND

COMING TO ZURICH? Modern hotel in village, 10 min. from center by train. 1st-class Swiss restaurant, bar, all rooms with bath. Call for free pickup from Zurich Station or Airport. For special rates, bring this ad. HOTEL BELAIR, CH-8304, Wallisellen-ZH. Phone: 01/830.03.81. Telex: 58857 belho ch.

HOLIDAYS & TRAVEL

3, 4 & 7 DAYS
GREEK ISLES AND TURKEY
LUXURY CRUISES
"K" Lines-Hellenic Cruises. For information, please call: Piraeus-Greece: 4522011-5; Paris: 2666540; London: 4372175; Munich: 555501; Zurich: 473037.

CHARTER A YACHT IN GREECE DIRECT from owner of a fleet. VALEF, A. Themistocleous, 14, Piraeus. T.: 459571. Tx.: 212000.

KENYA: SAFARI EXPERT NILESTAR, 600 Grand Bldgs., Trafalgar Sq., London, WC2. [...]

HOLIDAYS & TRAVEL

BEAUTIFUL VILLA, own sea frontage. La Herradura, 45 miles east of Malaga, near small village. Sleeps 7, three double, one single room. Good domestic help. Available September, October, November. Telephone: Oxford 779-515, U.K.

CHARTER PRIVATE YACHT. Enjoy cruising Greek Islands. Fine yachts for any budget. Hellenic Yacht Operations, A. Themistocleous 36, Piraeus. Tlx.: 213476.

LOW COST FLIGHTS

The International Herald Tribune cannot vouch for the reliability of the low cost flights advertised below.

LOWEST FARE EVERYWHERE TOURS AND TRAVEL, Singel 284 Amsterdam. Tel.: 220 619 or 236 392. In London: JETBACK, 153 Praed St., W2. Tel.: 723-4287.

LOWEST JET FARES IN '76 to N. America, Australia, the East. Amsterdam Charter Exchange, Beursplein 3. Tel.: 020-244207.

GUARANTEED CHARTERS C.F.S. INTERNATIONAL Damrak 37, Amsterdam. Tel.: 224414.

ECONOMY FLIGHTS—WORLDWIDE contract. Travel Centre (in London), 119 Oxford St., London W1, England. Tel.: 01-437 2059/9134 or 01-734 5788.

GUARANTEED Cheap Charters, All countries. TRAVEL, 9 Ave. de Versailles, Paris-16th. Tel.: 524.21.20.

FLY ITSA, 87 Regent St., London, W.1. Tel.: 7342924, Rokin, 107 Amsterdam. Tel.: 256.966.

Europe's Business Message Center
ATTENTION BUSINESSMEN: Publish your Business Message in tomorrow's I.H.T. It will be read by 122,000 other businessmen in Europe, North Africa and the Mideast. Just telex us the text (telex: Paris 280,509) before 11 a.m. and your ad will run the next day. We will bill you at U.S. $5.00 or local equivalent per line.

OFFICE SERVICES

HOLLAND
ANSWERING SERVICE
TELEXSHARING
BENELUXPAGING
WORLDWIDE COURIERS.
INTERTEL THE HAGUE.
PHONE: 70-24.44.55.
TELEX: 31578.
24 HOURS SERVICE.

YOUR OFFICE IN PARIS
Your private ANSWERING SERVICE, your TELEX, secretary, errands, mailbox, cables. 24 hours a day. Call: PAT 609.15.15. - Paris.

YOUR OFFICE IN ATHENS
Executive Services, Athens Tower B. Tel.: 7783 698. Telex: 214 227

LONDON—LUXURIOUS SERVICED offices or just reliable prestige business address, phone answering, telex, etc., services. ADFONE Business Services (est. 1963), 150 Regent Street, London, W.1. Tel.: 01-7349571. Telex: 261426.

PARIS ADDRESS, Champs-Elysées. Since 1957 L.S.P. provides mail forwarding, $25/month; telephone, telex, meeting rooms. 5 R. d'Artois, Paris-8e. Tel.: 359.47.04.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

20 TO 25% PROFIT per annum. One of the best and safest capital investments in the World—Scotch malt whisky—Storage controlled by the British government and insured against all risks. You can purchase your casks through your own bank. Details from: Alan Mac Tavish Ltd., 30 Baker Street, London, W1M 2DS.

LOW COST FLIGHTS

AIR CHARTER SERVICE: ACGIS (Since 1969) 5 Rue d'Artois, Paris-8e. 1 floor up. 225.82.15, 225.02.16.

I.S.T.C., 41 Bld. Bischofsheim, Brussels, Belgium. Tel.: 218 4550.

WORLDWIDE FLIGHTS, Paris-2e. 16 R. Ch.-Colomb. Tel.: 720.36.34.

WORLDWIDE Economy flight. 10 R. Montenotte, Paris-17. 380.66.72.

REAL ESTATE TO LET/SHARE

PARIS AREA FURNISHED

CHAMPS-ELYSEES
Beautiful double living + 3 bedrooms, kitchen, 2 baths, PHONE, carpets, SUMPTUOUSLY FURNISHED. Fr. 7,500 net. 280.20.42.

American Advisory Service
Call new number: 602.40.40.

16th: LUXURIOUS apartment, double living-room, 3 bedrooms, 2 baths, modern kitchen, maid's room, phone, garage, sunny, greenery, high up. Tel.: 073-98-15.

FONTENAY-AUX-ROSES, near Métro, luxurious, 5 rooms, furnished, all comfort, telephone, parking. Fr. 2,500 net. 222.08.19.

PLACE D'ITALIE: Rent July 1st-Aug. 31st. Living, 2 bedrooms, kitchen, bathroom, telephone, all equipment, splendid view. Price: Fr. 2,200. No Agent. T.: 588.77.30.

MARAIS: Large artist's atelier, all comfort, sunny, original. Price: Fr. 1,700 monthly, for 2 or 3 months. Owner: 278.08.73.

CANAL ST.-MARTIN: Sunny 2½ rooms, kitchen, bath, telephone. June-Oct. 31. Tel.: 770.61.35.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

IF YOU ARE INTERESTED in getting into the diamond jewelry field and have $5,000.00 to invest (without risk) in a fine collection of diamond jewelry, we will give you exclusive territorial rights and the know-how to build a very successful business. We are one of the foremost diamond firms in the world. For further information write in confidence to: Box 11,762, Herald, Paris.

CANADIAN INVESTMENT minimum $10,000. Rare opportunity to invest in Canadian real estate development with exceptional capital appreciation potential. Owner willing to sell part of his holdings in order to raise cash needed for improvements on property. Please reply to: J.C.H., 28 Elvaston Place, London, S.W.7, England.

FANTASTIC OPPORTUNITY to acquire sterling silver holloware at unbeatable prices. Write for free catalog: Import and Export Agency, C.P. 110, CH-1196 Gland or Mr. S. Thaniel, 16 R. Gautier, 1201 Geneva.

ATTENTION EXPORTERS we want to import your articles on a large scale to Scandinavia. Please contact us at the earliest. W.P.F. A/B Import, Box 31,107, Gothenburg 40032, Sweden.

COMMERCIAL PREMISES

PARIS, RUE D'AGUESSEAU: Just beside church of British Embassy TO let 2 offices 125 sq.m. each in old building, great comfort. PASTEYER, 7 R. d'Aguesseau, PARIS (8e).

REAL ESTATE TO LET/SHARE

PARIS AREA FURNISHED

16th: Large, luxury flat, 2 bedrooms, 2 baths. Fr. 8,000, includes all charges, maid's service and phone. For summer month(s). No Agents. Call: Oliver, 704.80.42.

LATIN QUARTER: July 15th-Oct. 1st. Quiet, comfort, double living + 3 bedrooms, phone. Price: Fr.2,700 net. Tel.: 633.92.87, eves.

16th: In private mansion, To let, furnished, 3-4 months. Very elegant 4 rooms, duplex and terrace, sunny. Fr. 3,000 monthly. Tel.: 224.07.63.

JULY 1st-DEC. 31: 30 mins. Gare du Nord, Chantilly region, 4 bedrooms, living, study, 2 baths, phone, garden. Minimum 2 months, maximum 6 months. Tl.: 453.20.94.

16th: July 15-Sept. 30. Two bedrooms, sunny, phone, great view. Call: 525-22-44, nights.

CONCORDE: 5 R. Cambon, 260.38.89. Residence, rooms, studios, shower, phone, hotel services, moderate.

7th: 3-room apartment, 85 sq.m., all comfort, July, Aug., Sept. Fr. 2,600/month. 734.55.89.

16th, MUETTE: Beautiful living, 2 bedrooms, bath, phone, style furniture. Fr. 2,500. 766.55.77.

ORTF, on Seine: 140 sq.m., 3-room apartment, bath, telephone, parking. Fr. 3,150. Tel.: 553.61.63.

15th: 2-room flat, phone, bath, kitchen, for July, August. Price: Fr. 1,650 net. Tel.: 828.36.57.

7th: JULY, 5-bedroom, sunny flat. Fr. 5,000. Tel.: 548-19-64/555-13-27.

PARIS AREA UNFURNISHED

SAINT-GERMAIN-EN-LAYE area. In 8-ha. park, with outbuildings, house with large salon, dining-room, study, 12 bedrooms, WCs, garage, caretaker's house. LARGIER - Tel.: 265.18.83.

16th, MUETTE: Beautiful flat in private road with 30 sq.m. garden terrace, 2 bedrooms, bathroom, W.C., fully fitted kitchen, double living-room with fireplace, luxuriously fitted out and decorated. Rental FF. 3,064 per month + FF. 500 charges. Down payment FF. 60,000 for decoration and fittings more than justified. Tel.: Ms. Martine Brunau, 720-83-04.

VAUCRESSON: VILLA (unfurnished), study, dining, salon, 3 bedrooms, bath, all comfort, 400 sq.m. garden. Fr. 4,500 monthly. J.M.B., 970.79.79.

LE PECQ: VILLA (unfurnished), kitchen, living-room, 5 bedrooms, bath, 2 showers, all comfort, 1,100 sq.m. garden. Fr. 3,800 monthly. J.M.B., 970.79.79.

ETANG-LA-VILLE: Beautiful villa (unfurnished), kitchen, 5 bedrooms, bath, shower, all comfort, 600 sq.m. garden. Fr.3,500/month. J.M.B., 970.79.79.

LUXEMBOURG: On renovated courtyard with trees, 2 rooms, all comfort, high class, telephone. Fr. 2,100, charges included. Tel.: 326.23.91.

16th, IENA: Beautiful 220 sq.m., 6 rooms, 2 baths, maid's room. Fr. 4,400 + charges. Key money. Tel.: 704-69-94.

NEUILLY: Very high class, salon, dining-room, 3 bedrooms, 2 baths. Fr. 6,200 net. Call: 924.91.13.

FRENCH PROVINCES

LES AUMARETS
3 MILES FROM GRIMAUD
ST.-TROPEZ
A tranquil farmhouse superbly modernized in own wooded grounds overlooking the Gulf and with beautiful swimming pool. 7 double bedrooms, 2 bathrooms, 3 showers, exceptional kitchen, open fires, full central heating, etc. Staff available. To let May, June and July. June: 3,090 francs per week. Remainder by arrangement.
For further details apply:
CLUTTONS
74 Grosvenor Street, London W.1. (01-491 2768),
or
John Taylor Agency, St.-Tropez. (010-3394 970730)

GARD, CEVENNES AREA: Beautiful property with swimming pool, large garden, telephone, 6 bedrooms, 3 baths. Free June 15 to July 31, 1 month: Fr. 13,720, 3 hours housework included. La Maison des Vacances, 77 Rue de Rome, 75017 Paris. Tel.: [...]

REAL ESTATE TO LET/SHARE

FRENCH PROVINCES

CANNES: Large apartment for July, 7 rooms, over private park, 250 sq.m. Phone, 2 baths. Price: Fr. 4,000. Paris: 874.78.05, a.m.

DENMARK

COPENHAGEN: Charming apartment in two floors, near the "Little Mermaid," 2 rooms, separate toilet and kitchen, to let from Aug. 1st. Weekly rent: $250. Jytte Nyholm Antiques, Bredgade 78, DK-1260 Copenhagen K.

GREAT BRITAIN

GLOUCESTERSHIRE: Charming Cotswold cottage, 3 bedrooms, attic, 2 baths, garden. Fully equipped. Monthly: July & Sept.: £200. Longer term: £180. Phone: Paris, 226.78.24, evenings.

SUPERIOR FLATS & HOUSES in LONDON and COUNTRY. LIPFRIEND Co., 01-499 5334.

ASCOT AGENCY for luxury accommodation in London. 01-486 1161.

HOLLAND

INT'L HOUSING SERVICE. For the best furn. houses and flats, Amsterdam. Tel.: 020-729332/725849.

RENTHOUSE INTERNATIONAL for 1st-class accommodation & offices. Tel.: Amsterdam, 020-448751.

EURO FLAT for your home away from home, Amsterdam 020-765482.

SPAIN

FORMENTOR-MALLORCA: Villa, 10 guests, seaside, swimming pool, boat, car, servants. July or Aug. Paris: 555.17.58.

SWITZERLAND

LAUSANNE: For the best furnished flats and houses consult the specialist ATLAS Office. Tel.: Lausanne (021) 26.44.60 or write: P.O. Box 198, 1010 Lausanne, Switzerland.

TO LET, LARGE, REPRESENTATIVE, 17-room RESIDENCE in a beautiful garden in quiet residential area of ZURICH. Interested parties, write to: 2,288 Mosse-Annoncen AG, Postfach, 8023 Zurich, Switzerland.

U.S.A.

N.Y. CITY-MANHATTAN
4-Story Furnished House near Carl Schurz Park available July 23, for 13 months at $1,100 per month. Contact:
LESLIE J. GARFIELD & Co.
595 Madison Ave., N.Y., N.Y., Telephone: (212) 371-8200.

NEW YORK BOUND? We specialize in selling or renting quality apartments and townhouses. Mail us your requirements in advance of your arrival and we will have an appropriate selection for you to evaluate. No obligation of course. Bonnie Chalet, c/o S.H. Edwin Real Estate, 667 Madison Avenue, New York, New York 10021, U.S.A.

MANHATTAN, 3 bedrooms, 2 baths, air conditioned apartment. Pool & health club in bldg. For rent July & August. W. Murphy, 502 Park Ave., N.Y., N.Y. 10022.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

PARIS AND SUBURBS

7th: URGENT. Double living + bedroom, 60 sq.m. Price to discuss. Sat., 14-17 h., 86 R. Université or 380.35.31.

FRENCH PROVINCES

PORT-DEAUVILLE (Normandy): New 3 rooms marina apartment, bath, shower, attic, phone, parking, completely and nicely modern furnished (5 to 7 persons). For sale: F.F. 325,000 or to let July: F.F. 5,500; August: F.F. 6,500. Tel.: Paris 808.66.01.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

FRENCH PROVINCES

PRES DIVONNE-LES-BAINS: Very beautiful estate on Swiss border, 4.2 acres (1.7 hectares) main house, 3 outbuildings, perfect conditions, high price. PHONE TO PARIS: 544.13.34.

COTE D'AZUR: Provençale style villa, very luxurious, in hamlet near to Cannes, 26 sq.m. living, fireplace, 2 bedrooms, bath, equipped kitchen, cellar, garden, parking. Price: Fr. 324,000. "Les Fermes de Pégomas", 06580 Pégomas. Tel.: 67.25.08.

IN DIVONNE-LES-BAINS: 15 min. from Geneva. Beautiful apartment 177 sq.m., Terraces 25 sq.m., 2-car garage, nice park, lovely view, Alps and Jura. Consists of 2 apartments, combined of 80 & 97 sq.m. which can be sold separately. T.: 50 50 03 89.

DORDOGNE: Due owner's transfer, charming restored 6-room stone house. Sarlat region. Modern conveniences, central heating. House & terrace dominate Dordogne Valley between Beynac & St. Cyprien. C. Josse, 24220 St. Cyprien. Tel.: (53) 29.20.70.

CANNES superb estate 10,000 sq.m. near center, quiet, good sea view, large living room + 8 bedrooms, pool, caretaker's quarters. Phone: (93) 45.70.61.

BAHAMAS

BAHAMAS-TAX FREE de luxe fully furnished two-bedroom house, 45' x 50', in tropical garden, own electricity, water. Photos. Price: $39,000.00. H. Reiff, 333 East 34th St., N.Y.C. 10016, U.S.A.

GERMANY

FRANKFURT: Two 4-room condominiums, combined or separate, deluxe, swimming pool, garage. Holzhausenpark. T.: 551903.

GREAT BRITAIN

KNIGHTSBRIDGE
LUXURY FLAT
LONDON'S most prestigious building at Hyde Park. Large lounge, master bedroom (with American bathroom/shower en suite), smaller second bedroom or dining room, extra half-bathroom, fully-equipped modern kitchen, carpeted throughout, excellent closets, storage. Sixth floor. Perfect condition, ready to move into. Price for 58-year lease: £33,500, or can be bought intact with all-new contemporary furniture worth £4,000, leather sofa and chairs, lamps, Sony stereo, 26" color TV, king-size bed, etc. for £35,500.
Contact: Susanne Bowling, (01) 235-9891 for details.

PLACE YOUR CLASSIFIED A[D]
OR ENTER YOUR SUBSCRIPTI[ON]
at our office nearest you
AUSTRIA: Mr. McKim White, Bankgasse 8, Rm 215, Vienna 1. (Tel.: 63-84-06.)
BELGIUM: Mr. Bill Finnerty, 23 Ave. de la Toison-d'Or, Bte. 12, 1060 Brussels. (Tel.: 513.57.40.)
BRITISH ISLES, SCANDINAVIA: Contact: Paris Office for subscriptions. For advertising only contact: Susan Cullen, I.H.T., 28 Great Queen Street, London, WC2. (Tel.: 242 6593. Telex: 262 009.)
GERMANY: Contact: Paris Office for subscriptions. For advertising only contact: Miss I. Oettinger, I.H.T., Grosse Eschenheimer Strasse 43, Frankfurt/Main. (Tel.: 28 36 78. Telex: 416721 IHT-D.)
GREECE, TURKEY: Mr. Jean-Claude Renneson, Pindarou 26, Athens. (Tel.: 618-397.)
IRAN: A.R.M. Mahmoodi 12, Bastami Street, Kopresh Kabir Ave., Tehran 15, Iran. Tel.: 622004/622517.
Other Mideast countries: Contact Paris office pending reopening of Beirut office.
ITALY: Mr. Antonio Sambrotta, 55 Via della Mercede, 00187 Rome. (Tel.: 679-34-37.)
MOROCCO: Mr. R.A. Siegel, 2 Rue Murdoch, Casablanca. (Tel.: 27.36.83. or 22.08.90.)
NETHERLANDS: M[r.] [...] Den Brielstra[at], [...] Amsterdam 1015. [...] Telex: 13[...]
PORTUGAL: Mrs. R[...] 32 Rua das Janel[as] Lisbon. (Tel.: [...]
SOUTH AFRICA: [...] H. Smith, 701 P[...] House, 77 Trove [...] nesburg 2001. Sou[th Africa] (Tel.: 230717. Tele[x: ...]
SPAIN: Mr. Rafael [...] clas, Plaza Conde [...] de Suchil, 7-2o, [...] (Tel.: 447.44.00.)
SWITZERLAND: Mr. [...] Welter, Ave. des [...] 1009 Pully/Lausan[ne] (021) 28.30.91.
U.S.A.: Mr. Frank [...] International Hera[ld Tribune] 444 Madison Ave., [...] 10022. (Tel.: (212) [...]
FRANCE & OTHER [COUN]TRIES: 21 Rue [de Berri] 75380 Paris Cedex [08] 225-28-90. Telex: [...]
★ Classifie[d ...]
★ Subscrip[tions ...]
★ Renewal[s ...]

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

GREAT BRI[TAIN]

HENLEY ON THAME[S] 4 bedroomed 1st [...] Building overlooki[ng ...] with superb panorami[c ...] sonable bargain. £[...] telephone: Henley [...]

ITALY

ITALIAN RIVIERA. Remo, ancient village for sale from $6,000 [...] mann, Via Mazzini [...] peria, Italy. Tel.: [...]

SWITZERLAND

ZERMATT
Magnificent 3-to-4 apartments, centra[l ...] ed, all with balco[nies ...] ing south with clea[r view of the] Matterhorn. From [...] 115,500. Don't miss [this op]portunity to own [a ...] this world-famous resort.

VEVEY
Two superb [...] apartments, very h[...] ty, ample terrace[s ...] mic view of Lake G[eneva,] Alps, five minutes [from Ve]vey. From Swiss F[r. ...]
Longterm mortgages. Registered deed in [...]
Write to: FINADVIS Banque Populaire [...] Box 332, CH-1800 [...]

U.S.A.

NEW YORK, Westch[ester] Town of Pound Rid[ge] at sacrifice. Mag[nificent] contemporary stone [...] cypress, 4 acres, [...] mid-Manhattan, beau[tifully situat]ed & landscaped for free living. 4 bedr[ooms] & maid's room, [...] rooms, fireplaces, ca[...] walk-in cedar closet[s ...] many built-in featur[es ...] dition, furnished. P[rice ...] 1/3-cash required, [...] vestment & inflation [...] er: Colman, 135 [...] West, N.Y., N.Y. [...] (212) 787-8294.

LARGE 8-BEDROOM [...] poolhouse, stables, [...] rage. Old Westbury [...] 25 miles from Ne[w York ...] Write to owner [...] price. Barry Lavie[...] Ave., New York 10[...]

TURN [TO] PAGE 11 [FOR] MORE CLAS[SIFIEDS]

International mover seeks customers
no experience necessary
Interdean-Interconex, one of the largest multinational moving companies in the world is looking for customers. It's not quite a job we're offering. It's more like an opportunity to sit back and take it easy while we move you. If you're really serious about leaving one country and settling in another under the best possible conditions, call us. We'll take care of packing, shipping, customs, insurance and delivery problems and you can take care of whatever you like.
Call us up and we'll send a man right down to explain our company benefits in more precise detail.
Paris 073.85.93 Amsterdam 76.04.79 Antwerp 31.33.55
Barcelona 216.42.95 Bonn 65.09.57 Bremen 31.05.91
Brussels 269.54.00 Frankfurt (06190) 2001 Geneva 43.85.30
Hannover 88.24.17 Jeddah 52577 London 903.54.33
Long Beach 432 5483 Madrid 671.24.50 Milan 305.49.58
Montreal 845 11 68 Munich 14.40.76 Naples 758.32.88
New York 371 1760 Rome 47.84.32 Teheran 628351
Toronto 367.71.67 Vienna 82.43.64 Zurich 63.20.00
interdean interconex
International moving